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Dr. Basant Kumar Sonber



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Contact : 07744228090, 9009879090, 9827186909

E-mail : mindandsociety99@gmail.com, drbsonber@gmail.com

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Work Centrality of Development Personnel as a Function of Valence Attitude, Subjective Norm and Perceived Control

*Dr. Basant Kumar Sonber

** Shyamacharan OGRE

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The purpose of the present study was to examine the role of valence, attitude, subjective norm and perceived control in determining the work centrality of development personnel. Three hundred field level rural development personnel (i.e. Gram Shahayaks) working in different Development Blocks in Raipur region were selected for the study. The questionnaire developed by Sinha (1990) was used to measure the work centrality while other scales were developed in the present study to measure valence, attitude, subjective norm and perceived control. Individual data were analyzed employing multiple regression analysis. Obtained findings reveal that valence has been appeared as significant factor in determining the work centrality of development personnel. It was positively correlated with work centrality.

Introduction:

Centrality of work is understood as the importance given to work in the life of workers. Of course, the centrality is jointly determined by job specific affect, cognition and activity. The job specific components lead to a global view on the centrality of work. Centrality of work means work is in central position of workers life space (Sinha, 1990).

Centrality of work can be interchangeably expressed as work commitment (Nevill

& Super, 1984); work salience (Super & Nevill, 1986); central life interest (Dubin, 1956); work motivation (Pareek, 1974); work values (Rao, 1974); or work involvement (Kanungo, 1981); etc. Work centrality has been found as one important factor to develop positive work culture in the organisation (Sinha, 1990). For example, work centrality leads to strong commitment and productivity (Misumi, 1983); highly proactive, innovative and challenging approach (Singh & Vinnicombe, 2000);

*Asst. Prof. Department of Psychology, Govt. P. G. College Kawardha (C.G.)

**Asst. Prof. Department of Anthropology, Govt. Danteshwari Girls College Jagdalpur (C.G.)

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organisational commitment (Hackett, Lapierre, Hausdrof, 2001); Job related worry (Gorgievski & Marjan, 1999) and civic behaviour (Cohen & Vigoda, 1998). On the other hand, organisations' in which people do not feel work centrality leads to low productivity, absenteeism, loss of equality and reduced working hours (Levy-Leboyer, 1986); lack of responsibility (Misumi, 1983). Low level of work centrality also leads to rest and relaxation without preceded by hard and exhausting work, indifferent attitude, procedure rather than outcome orientation, and the lack of consideration for others (Sinha, 1985); tangible gain attitude (Ganesh, 1982), individualistic decision (Singh and Tripathi, 1994); manipulation (Tripathi, 1981); and ingratiation (Pandey, 1981).

Several factors are responsible for work centrality in the organisations. Some factors which determine work centrality or non work centrality are work values (Sinha, 1985); bureaucratization, impersonalisation, political interference and the ethos of a welfare organisation (Sinha, 1990); work ethics (Cherns, 1980); shift from traditional values (Inglehart, 1982); work ethos and work ethics (Bhadury, 2000); organisational membership and organisational culture (Sinclair, 1993); Social and societal system (Bhadury, 1991); cultural and mythological heritage (Sinha, 1990) and feeling that work leads to a desirable future (Thorsrud, 1972).

Work behaviour has been central focus for many researchers. They have tried to explore its nature, and got success in developing various model. Vroom (1964) explains work motivation as a product of three factors: how much one wants a reward (valence), one's estimate of the probability that effort will result in

successful performance (expectancy) and one's estimate that performance will result in receiving the reward (instrumentality).

Another model in the context of attitude and behaviour was proposed by Fishbein and Ajzen (1980) named Resoned Action Theory. According to the theory, behaviour (to extent that it is under volitional control) is determined by its intention, whereas intention is determined by weighted additive function of attitude towards behaviour and subjective norm. Attitude towards behaviour is the sum of evaluative (behavioural) beliefs about the consequences of performing the behaviour. It refers to the degree to which a worker has a favorable or unfavorable evaluation of performing his/her work. Subjective norm is comprised of qualitatively distinct belief about how other people will view ones performance. Perceived control is the third novel antecedent which was not inducted in the Theory of Reasoned Action, and included by Ajzen (1985) in his new model named Planned Behaviour Theory. Perceived control is defined as perceived ease or difficulty in obtaining success. It is a general state of an actor's mental functioning which refers to past experiences as well expected difficulties, and beliefs about control over behavior that he/she is able to overcome all difficulties and will get success through his/her efforts.

Singh (1993) has tried to integrate the Vroom's (1964) and Ajzen's (1985) models and proposed new model. The model expected any volitional control behaviour on the basis of intention of the behaviour. The key constructs of the two theories were integrated using an assumption of rationality. According to Singh (1993) work intention is assumed to be a function of four factors: valence, attitude, subjective norm and perceived control. All these fac-

tors may have an important role in determining the work centrality of development personnel and, therefore, may create a work centric culture. Work centrality presents a synergetic work culture (Sinha, 1990, 1991), and may be assumed to be determined significantly by the variables of valence, attitude, subjective norm and perceived control. Thus, the present study was designed to examine this hypothesis empirically. The specific problem of the present study was to examine the role of valence, attitude, subjective norm and perceived control in determining the work centrality of the development personnel.

METHOD

Sample:

Subjects were rural development personnel working in different development Blocks situated in a particular area. Subjects were taken from the same region because it controls cultural effects on the main variables. All subjects were taken from the same level, i.e. village level workers called as "Gram Sahayak". They are the government employees working in different villages as an agent of implementation of development programmes. Selection of the subjects from same level controlled some extraneous variables like power, authority, nature of work, and responsibility.

First of all, ten Development Blocks were selected randomly from the Blocks of the Raipur region. There were about 40-50 Gram Sahayak working in each Block. Though, all the Gram Sahayak (about 450) were requested to participate in the study, and all of them were agree, and therefore, they were administered the scale, but it was observed that some were not sincere in giving the responses, therefore, then responses were not taken for the analysis. Responses of only 300 Gram Sahayak were

considered, and therefore, the sample was comprised of 300 subjects.

Tools:

There were, five scales used in the present study. A brief description of the scales is as under:

(1.) **Work Centrality Scale:** Centrality of work to life space of the subjects was assessed by the adopted measure of Sinha (1990). Keeping this view in mind the global nature of the centrality judgment, the subjects instead of being asked to use a rating scale were provided with a circle (of 47 mm. radius) in which they were to locate their work, assuming the circle to be their life space.

The score for centrality of work was derived by measuring the distance (in mm) of the point of location from the centre and then by subtracting the score from the maximum possible score of 47 mm. Thus, the higher the score, the greater the centrality. The possible range of scores was from zero to forty seven.

(2.) **Valance of the job scale:** There were five items developed to measure valence of the job. Items were, how much necessity do you feel to complete your job ?; how much committed are you to complete your work well ?; how much satisfaction do you get to complete your work well ?; how much is it important for you to complete our work well ?; and how much obliged are you to complete your work well ? Responses on the items were rated on four points scale ranging from very much, to very less. A score of four was given to very much, three to above average and one to very less responses. Thus, a subject can score a maximum of 20 and minimum of 5 score. Internal consistency of the scale as assessed by Cronback alpha was found to be 630.

(3.) **Attitude towards Work Scale:** A

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single statement was framed to assess the attitude towards work. It was “for you to involve in work is.....” Subjects had to rate this at eight evaluative semantic differential type four point rating scale ranging from very good to very bad, very beneficial to very harmful, very right to very wrong, very much interested to very much disinterested, very much practical to very much impractical, very difficult to very easy, very useful to very useless and very welfare to very unwelfare. In the scoring process a score of 4 was given to the high positive attitude, 3 to average positive, 2 to average negative and 1 to very unfavorable attitude showing responses. Thus, a subject could score maximum 32 and minimum 8 scores. This scale has an internal consistency coefficient (i.e. alpha) of .77.

(4.) Subjective Norm Regarding Work Scale: Subjective norm scale was developed considering suggestions and views of Ajzen (1985). The scale consists of two parts; part A is related to measurement of importance of different persons, for the subjects regarding their job. On the other hand, second part of the scale measures expected support or opposition of important persons regarding the job. Items of the part one are: how much important are your family members for you regarding your job?, how much important are your friends and workers for you regarding your job?, how much important is your boss for you regarding your job?, how much important are your union members for you regarding your job?, and how much important are your neighbors for you regarding your job? Responses of the subject were taken on four points rating scale ranging from most important to least important score one was given to very less, two to less, three to more and four to very much response.

There were ten items in part second of

the scale. The items were: how much do your family members motivate you to complete your work effectively?, how much aid or opposition do your family members extend to complete your work effectively ?, how much do your friends and coworkers approve of your completion your work effectively ?, how aid or opposition do your friends and coworkers extend to complete your work effectively ?, how much does your boss coax you to complete your work effectively ?, how much aid or opposition do your boss extend to complete your work effectively ?, how much do your neighbors like that you complete your work effectively ?, how much aid or opposition do your neighbors to complete your work effectively?, how much do your members like that you complete your work effectively? How much aid or opposition do your union members give to complete your work effectively? Response on the items was rated on four points scale ranging from very much to very less. Score four was given to very much, and one to very less in the scoring process. The support and importance score for each factor were multiplied on the basis of the suggestion given by Ajzen & Fishbein (1980). Those scores for five factors were summed up. The total score for a subject was considered as over all subjective norm score. Thus, a subject can score maximum 160 and minimum 10. The internal consistency of responses on the subjective, norm scale was calculated. The alpha coefficient was found .41 for part one and .84 for part second.

(5.) Perceived Control Scale: Four questions were developed on the basis of Shifter and Ajzen (1985) and Singh (1993) to measure perceived control. Items were: how much able are you to complete your work well? How much acquainted are you to complete your

work well? How much possibility do you feel to be completed your work well by you? And how much difficulty do you expect in the way of completing your work well?

Subjects responses on the first three items were rated on four points scale ranging from very much to very less, however fourth item was rated on the scale ranging from very much difficult to very much easy.

Score four was given to very much, three too much, two to less and score one to very less for the first three items. In the scoring of fourth item, score one was given to very much

difficult, two to difficult, three to easy and score four to the very easy. The total score of all the items was considered as perceived control score for a subject. Maximum 16 and minimum 4 score can be scored by any subject on this scale. Internal consistency of the scale as assessed by Cronbach alpha was found to be .55.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

For the purpose of examining the problem, multiple regression analysis was employed. Obtained results are presented in the table 1 and 2.

Table 1: b coefficient and beta weights of independent variables in the explanation of work centrality along with regression equation

Variables	r, With work centrality	b coefficient	?
Valence	0.23	0.80***	3.52
Attitude	0.10	-0.02	0.06
Subjective Norm	0.11	-0.01	0.003
Perceived Control	0.18	0.39	1.81

Regression Equation:

Work centrality = 16.23 (constant) + (0.80 x valence of the job) + (-0.02 x attitude towards work) 4- (-0.01 x subjective norm regarding work) + (0.39 x perceived control over work)

Multiple Correlation = V (0.060) = 0.245, F (4,295) = 4.72, p<0.01

***p< 0.001

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Table 2: Summary of the ANOVA for the test of significance of different independent variables in explanation of work centrality.

Variable	SS	df	MS	F
Regression	1168.79	4	292.19	4.72**
Valence	1016.12	1	1016.62	16.44****
Attitude	0.003	1	0.003	0.001
Subjective Norm	50.38	1	50.38	0.81
Perceived Contro	101.79	1	101.79	1.65
Error	18245.46	295	61.85	-

P - <0.01, ****p< 0.001

A close perusal of table 1 reveals that the value of multiple correlation was found to be 0.245 which was significant [F (4, 295) = 4.72, p < 0.01]. Correlation of work centrality with valence (0.23) and perceived control (0.18) seems to be significant but obtained beta coefficients for the four independent factors tells other things. Beta coefficients for valence (0.80) was found to be significant [F (1, 295) = 16.44, p < 0.001]. Its beta value is 3.52, and its multiplication with correlation x 100 (3.52 x 0.23 x 100 = 80.93) indicates that valence explains about 81% variances of work centrality scores. Contribution of other factors was found to be insignificant Findings of the present research supported the hypothesis partially. Only valence factor was found as an important factor which determined about 81% work centrality of de-

velopment personnel.

Positive b-coefficient of valence indicates that increasing valence of the job increases the work centrality. Valence of the job refers its requirement for the development personnel to satisfy their specific needs. It is an external feature of the job (c.f. Lewin, 1935). When a person feels high valence of a region of life, he move towards the region to get satisfaction. If an employee feels high valence of his job he would move towards the job, or he makes his job more near to his life. Naturally his job becomes more central in his life space.

Results regarding effect of attitude, subjective norm and perceived control did not support the hypothesis. Attitude is found to be insignificant factor for work centrality. Ajzen (1985) argued that specific attitude leads oc-

currence of the specific behaviour. Here in the present study, attitude was measured towards general involvement in the development activities, and thus, it was not specific attitude. Perhaps this may be a reason of insignificant role of attitude. Subjective norm was the second psychological variable which ' was not found to be significant in explaining the work centrality. It is observed that important others (that may be family members, friends etc.) are not considered relevant in the context of service

matter due to job security and government policy because of which subjective norm did not play significant role in the context of determining the work centrality. Another independent variable perceived control was also found to be insignificant in this regard. Perceived control was assumed to be related with process and results of action, therefore, it is expected to be correlated with centrality of work but findings did not support it.

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Ensuring Road Safety: New Legal Trends

***Dr. (Smt) Tanuja Birtharey**

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The following study deals with the emerging new legal trends not only from Judicial Activism but also activism of the Executive ensuring the safety on roads. In this study the initiatives as well as the activism of the Supreme Court of India along with the opinion of senior advocates, High Court and Supreme Court judges and the views of the Hon'ble Governor of the state have been analyzed. Resultantly it has been found that there is ample scope for reform as the road traffic accidents are still increasing.

Key Words: Road Safety, Judicial Activism.

Introduction:

The existing criminal justice delivery system has failed to satisfy the society in maintaining law and order mainly due to over emphasis on the right of defense of the accused being a constitutional right under Art. 20, 21 & 22 of the constitution in court proceedings. The victims are left to suffer physically, mentally and financially under the crime committed against them (Dharmadhikari, 2010). The perspective of realization of justice is central not only for the theory of justice, but also for the practice of democracy (Balakrishnan, 2010). Mathematically stated - abstract law plus morality or ethics is equal to justice (Varma, 2008). But happenings are different.

In *Parmanand Katara vs. Union of India* 1989 4 SCC286, a division bench of the Supreme Court admitted an application filed under Art 32 by a practicing advocate along

with a news item entitled. "LAW helps the injured to die" published in *The Hindustan Times*, New Delhi, as a Public Interest Litigation, (Anand, 2008). The court may assume an activist role only for public good and under circumstances within the legal framework (Lahoti, 2008). Constitutionally courts do not have any machinery for implementing decisions of their own. The petition filed by the State of Punjab against the accused Sourabh Bakshi, entertaining the petition, the bench comprising Justice Deepak Mishra and P.C.Pant said that legislature shall review section 304 (A) of the IPC and enhance the sentence particularly in the case of negligent rich drivers.¹ Secondly, the Supreme Court had constituted a Road Safety Special Committee to look into the increasing number of road traffic accidents presided by P. Radha Krishnan which demanded reports and suggestions from the state government.²

Legally speaking – “Ignorance can be spared but not negligence”

A Proverb says – “Road Indicates the culture of the nation”, but it is the nature of the road users that contributes more as compared with the road to the culture of the nation. Ensuring safety on the road enriches the culture. Legal and physical awareness is must for every road user and everyone concerned. In most cases of road traffic accident pedestrians including children and old people are prime victims. In the light of above points, it was decided to conduct an analysis with an objective to find out the efficiency of Judicial Activism and Administrative System along with the need of reforms in curbing the increasing number of Road Traffic Accidents and thereby ensuring Road safety . It was an assumption that the Present Law and Justice delivery system are competent enough to combat Road Traffic accidents.

METHOD

The present study was based upon the analysis of the initiatives of the Supreme Court and Hon’ble Governor, being the executive head of the state, published in daily news papers. Supreme Court cases, Articles of National Seminars, books, News Paper have been considered for qualitative analysis.

OBSERVATIONS & CONCLUSION

It is noteworthy to mention here that precautionary guideline must be followed to prevent or minimize the road accidents.

(a) Guidelines:

1. Be care full while crossing the road.
2. Cross the road only at the zebra crossing.
3. Walk only on the footpath.
4. Where footpath is not available, walk on your right facing the oncoming traffic.
5. You will be safe on the traffic island, when

vehicles are passing.

6. Take the help of traffic policeman.
7. Be cautious and alert ,do not tease
8. A two wheeler is for two persons only, not for too many.
9. Watch out pot holes.
10. Do not throw fruit peels on the road.
11. Footboard travelling is dangerous.
12. Road is meant for traffic—Play grounds are meant for play.
13. Law says that you must not use the horn between 11:00 PM to 06:00 AM in built up areas if required flash head light (Hyderabad Police, 2015a).

(b) Stopping Highway Code: says, leave enough space between you and the vehicle in front. A good driver should not only know his stopping distance at various speeds but he should also be able to judge pretty accurately the terms of the length of the road as he is driving . Then this must be applied in deciding how far he should be behind the vehicle in front for knowing the proper way to stop in an emergency (Hyderabad Police, 2015a).

(c) Stopping Distance: Its knowledge is a must for safe driving .It depends upon five factors

1. Speed
2. Level (up hill , down hill, Plain)
3. Weather and the state of the road
4. Conditions of the brakes and tyres, and
5. Ability and efficiency as a driver.

(d) Efficiency of driver: It depends upon thinking distance and braking distance. Thinking distance depends upon how quickly you react. Speed has even more effect on braking distance. Passing of the driving test and issuance of valid driving license show that the ingredients of safe driving are known to the driver but very often these standards are dropped

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while driving because safety attitude of mind is left.

Legal Provisions:

Section 16 of the Motor Vehicle Act provides for the withdrawal of the driving license of the driver if by reason of disability, disease or infirmity the driver is unable to drive the motor vehicle properly and safely. Section 279 of the I.P.C. deals with rash driving on a public way.

Suggestions:

In the light of above considerations some suggestions can be made as under:

1. The situation of the justice delivery system is grim as 61300 cases are pending in Supreme Court, 41, 53,000 cases are pending in High Courts and 2.64 crore cases are pending in Trial Court of India; the cases of minor offences under the Motor Vehicle Act instead of being sent to the courts be sent to the honorary magistrates, after their establishment (Tankha,

2015).

2. A public Interest cell is established in the state legal services authority for observance of the orders and directions passed in the public interest by the high court's (Sharma, 2015).

3. The traffic on the road be not stopped when the VIPs move on the road as ambulances get struck in the jam or stopping (as said by Hon'ble governor of the state of C.G. Shri Balramdas ji Tandon)³.

Conclusions:

1. Safety standards, rules –regulations presumed to be known on passing of the driving test and issuance of valid driving license are often dropped because of the mental attitude of carelessness leaving room for sensitization.

2. Courts are overburdened.

3. Directions of High Court and Supreme Court are followed more in breach rather in observance by law breakers, showing the need for reformatations.

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Adjustment in Relation to Creativity and Socio-Economic Status

*Smt.Babita Sahu

**Benudhar Pradhan

***Mayank kumar Singh

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The present study focused on the adjustment in relation to creativity and socio-economic status of graduate student of Sambalpur university Odisha .The data were collected from two hundred students of Sambalpur University by using the Wallach Cogan test of creativity constructed and standardized by Wallach and Kogan , the adolescent adjustment inventory prepared by N.Y.Reddy and socio economic status scale constructed and standardized by S.N.Rao The data were analyzed by using the statistical procedure three way analysis of variance was applied to interpret the data .The result show that boys and girls student did not differ significantly in their adjustment capacity .The high creative student were more adjustable than the low creative student .Student belonging to high socio economic status and low socio economic status did not differ in their adjustment capacity .

Introduction:

Among the animate and inanimate things man is considered as the supreme being. It is only due to his power of thinking and reasoning .One of the important aim of education is to help the individual for the better adjustment with his environment .It lead to happiness of the individual .Development and progress in various field of national life depends on creative children .We must try to develop creativity of the students. So that they may excel in their field of interest

and can lead the nation ahead .Though the college is a mini form of society .The boys and girls having different nature and social status .Therefore, they are different in their adjustment, creative potentialities and different socioeconomic status in the society .A creative as well as adjusted human being perform an important role in the society .Both of these factors fully depend on good socioeconomic status of an individual. So a well adjusted and creative person should have good socioeconomic

* Lecturer in Education College of Teacher Education, Rourkela, Odisha.

**H.O.D Education, Confluence College of Higher Education, Rajnandgaon, Chhattisgarh.

***Assistant Professor Confluence College of Higher Education, Rajnandgaon, Chhattisgarh.

status in the society.

Etymologically, the concept of adjustment is originally biological as propounded in Darwin's theory of natural selection and adaptation. The concept of adaptation was borrowed by psychologist and name as adjustment.

Adjustment as to be understood as a means "to fit", to adopt, or to accommodate. Gates and Jersild as well as Crow and Crow take adjustment as a signal of harmonious relationship between a man and his environment. One has to fit himself in the prevailing circumstances. For this a person change his nature in order to fit himself in the realm of nature. Thus the process of adjustment is a continuous process.

Lindgreen (1959) defined adjustment as the act or process of establishing a satisfactory psychological relationship between the individual and his environment. Gates and Jersild (1973) defined adjustment as a continual process by which a person varies his behavior to produce a more harmonious relationship between himself and his environment.

Pathak (1970) studied the sex difference among school children in the area of adjustment and found that boys were emotionally better adjusted than girls.

Yamamoto (1960) has remark that creativity is like an elephant which blind man, have been touching and describing in their own eyes, but agreement is lacking about it meaning and nature. Srivastava and Srivastava (1977) study creativity as a function of adjustment and anxiety to find out the individual differences in creativity levels. He found that more creative persons were less anxious than the less creative one. More creative person are better adjusted than less creative man and good adjustment and low anxiety levels are necessary for high creative abilities.

Pareek (1966) study the development of creative thinking at different age levels and to study the relationship creative thinking and other factors and he found that there was no significant difference in creative thinking between boys and girls of different age ranges. Lalithamma (1973) conducted study of high school adolescent. They were tested for self concept and creativity. No mean difference were found among the group in self concept, but over achiever are more creative. Kauser (1986) conducted study on children curiosity and it relationship to intelligence, creativity and personality, found that curiosity was a combined effect of the variable intelligence, creativity extraversion and neuroticism. Mehdi (1986) in his study found that the correlation between creativity and intelligence are significant but considerably low. Both boys and girls were seem to be sociable. Raina studies the comparative performance of boys and girls. The result of this study showed that males are more creative than females on the figural test and on the part of the verbal form. The finding of this study are corroborated by the findings of Prakash (1966).

The term socio economic status is broadly defined to include the, social, educational, professional and economic status of the parents. Good defined socioeconomic status as the level in distractive of both social and economic privileges of an individual. Raina (1968) studied creativity and socio-economic status. He found significant difference in socio-economic status of high creative and low creative high school students'. Motto (1971) conducted a study in Kurukshetra University to find out the differences of adjustment of different level of general intelligence and socio-economic status among urban adolescent boys and girls. He

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found that there was no significant difference in the social adjustment of boys and girls at middle higher level of intelligence

Chopra (1969) studied the relationship between the socio-economic background and achievement. He found that higher socio-economic group students were significantly higher than those of the student's from the middle and low socio-economic groups. This study reveals that there is a positive relationship socio-economic background and achievement in English mathematics and science.

Adjustment of student in college level depend upon their socio-economic status, creative potentialities, impact of family environment, impact of the environment of educational institution and so on. Therefore a person having high socio-economic status may be rich in his way of thinking and reasoning by which he become well adjusted in educational institution as well as in the society. That the investigator got tempted to take up such a problem in which he want to study whether the adjustment of an individual depend on his creative spark and socio-economic status or not. If yes to what extent it depends on those factors.

Objectives of the Study:

- 1 To study the significant difference in the adjustment capacity of boys and girls.
- 2 To study the significant difference in adjustment capacity of high creative and low creative Student.
- 3 To study the significant difference of students belonging to high socio-economic status and low socio-economic status.
- 4 To study the interactional effect of sex, creativity and socio-economic status on adjustment scores of the student.

Hypothesis:

- 1 There is no significant difference between adjustment scores of boys and girls students
- 2 There is no significant difference between adjustment scores of high and low creative student.
- 3 There is no significant difference between adjustment scores of students belonging to high socio-economic status and low socio-economic status.
- 4 There is no significant interactional effect of sex, creativity, and socio-economic status on adjustment scores of the student.

METHOD

Sample:

The population of the study constituted all the students of various colleges affiliated under Sambalpur University. The present study the investigator selected a sample of 200 graduate students of Sambalpur University. The sample was drawn by random technique of sampling.

Tools:

The investigator selected the following tools for the present study.

- 1 Adolescent Adjustment Inventory by N.Y Reddy.
- 2 Wallach-kogan Test of Creativity.
- 3 Socio-economic status scale by S.N.Rao.

The investigator has taken the statistical technique such as mean, standard deviation, three way analysis of variance and t-ratio

RESULTS AND DISSCUSSION

Table – 1
Summary of 2x2x2 ANOVA

Sources of variation	df	SS	MS	F	Significant level
Sex	1	9.9	9.90	1.64	NS
Creativity	1	29.1	29.11	4.81	0.05
Socio-economic status	1	14.47	14.47	2.39	NS
Sex Creativity	1	50.91	50.91	8.41	0.05
Sex S.E.S	1	13.11	13.11	2.17	NS
Creativity S.E.S	1	4.99	4.99	<1	NS
Sex Creativity S.E.S	1	14.0	14.04	2.32	NS
Error	192	1161.49	6.05		
Total	199				

Table -1 Reveal that the null hypothesis is not rejected at 0.01 level of significance. It signifies that sex as a single main variable does not show any significant difference on the adjustment of graduate boys and girls. There no significant difference in adjustment among graduate boys and girls. Creativity as single variable show significant differences on the adjustment of students. In order to interpret the adjustment among high creative students and low creative students mean score were calculated.

Table -1 Indicate that the mean scores of high creative students were more than the low creative students. It mean that high creative students are more adjusted than the low creative

students. Srivastava and Srivastava (1977) also found the same results in his studies, which approve our findings. Socio-economic status as a variable which does not show any significant difference on the adjustment of graduate students. It means that there existed no significant difference in adjustment among graduate students coming from both high and low socio-economic statuses.

Table -1 Indicates that 'F' ratio=8.41 for interaction between sex and creativity is significant at 0.05 level. This means that there is a particular combination between sex and creativity where the mean adjustment scores are the highest. This significant F- ratio has been supplemented with t-test.

Table-2
**Showing Percentage of Students response on high and low economic Status
 With respect to Gender and High and low creativity**

	Boys		Girls		Total
	High Creative	Low Creative	High Creative	Low Creative	
High socio-economic status	98.18 N=22	93.55 N=33	100.57 N=21	100.73 N=33	98.01 N=109
Low socio-economic status	102.28 N=18	89.19 N=27	94.25 N=24	96.55 N=22	94.89 N=91
Total	100.03 N=40	91.59 N=60	97.20 N=45	99.06 N=45	N=200

Table-3
Mean and t-ratio with respect to creativity and gender

Groups	Mean Score	t-ratio	Significant level
High creative boys v/s High creative girls	100.03 v/s 97.20	5.34	0.05
High creative girls v/s Low creative boys	97.20 v/s 91.59	11.45	0.05
Low creative boys v/s Low creative girls	91.59 v/s 99.06	16.24	0.05
High creative boys v/s Low creative girls	100.03 v/s 99.03	1.90	NS

Due to the significant difference between the adjustment score of high creative boy's v/s high creative girls, high creative girl's v/s low creative boys and low creative boys v/s low creative girls bring significant interactional effect of sex and creativity on adjustment score on students. High creative boys were more adjusted than the low creative boys and high creative boys were more adjusted than the high creative girls.

Both sex and socio-economic status do not cost any impact on adjustment. Creativity and socio-economic status also do not have any significant effect on adjustment. Sex creativity and socio-economic status does not seem to show any significant interaction on the adjustment of graduate students.

Conclusion:

From the result it is evident that creativity

and socio-economic status are essential for the improvement in adjustment of a student .A creative person is well adjusted in a society .For the well adjustment of the students, the creative potentialities in them should be identified, so that the individual may be encouraged to adjust himself in the society, home and educational institution. The relationship between sex and creativity shows that there is a interlink between them. This implies that teacher administrator and parents should give proper and adequate stress on creativity and create condition for good adjustment of students so they may have better socio-economic status in the society. Creative students both boys and girls should be encouraged through our educational system and they inspired them to come forward for taking the nation ahead

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Does Life Skills Help to Cope with Wellbeing ?

(A study on Tribal students of Surguja District in Chhattisgarh)

*Miss Inez Rose Louis
** Dr. Vani Subramanyam

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The present study is conducted on tribal adolescent students of Surguja district of Chhattisgarh state to find out how they use their Life Skills to cope with their Well – Being. For this purpose three tribes Oraon, Kanwar and Gond were chosen by the investigator and the tool used for the study is a self made Life Skill inventory, that is, “An inventory of conventional adaptation to life skills in tribal students”, developed for which, 10 dimensions of Life Skills were taken they are; (1) Seeking Social Support, (2) Problem Solving, (3) Self Blame, (4) Keep to Self, (5) Tension Reduction, (6) Conflict, (7) Social Action, (8) Spiritual Support, (9) Physical Recreation, and (10) Professional Help. PGI General Wellbeing Measure scale developed by Verma and Verma is also used to measure Wellbeing. The result indicated that the dimensions of Life Skill, ‘Keep to self’, and ‘Conflict’, ‘Social Action’, ‘Spiritual Support’, ‘Physical Recreation’, and ‘Professional Help’ are influencing the Well – Being of tribal Adolescents. While ‘Seeking social support’, ‘Problem solving’, ‘self blame’ and ‘Tension reduction’ are not affecting Wellbeing of students

Introduction

India is a country located in Southern Asia with over 1.2 billion people, and has 29 states and 7 union territories. One of the Indian states is Chhattisgarh which is the 10th largest state of India, with an area of 135,190 square Km. Presently the Chhattisgarh state comprises of

27 districts. For the present research work the researcher choose the Surguja district of Chhattisgarh. Surguja district is located in the northern part of the state and its headquarters is at Ambikapur. Surguja District is extended over plateaus, plain lands, high lands, and hills. Enormous portion of this district is covered by

* Assistant Professor, Seth Badrilal Khandelwal Education College Durg, C.G.
**Principal, Bhilai Maitri Mahavidyalaya, Risali Bhilai, C.G.

forests and the climatic condition includes hot summer and even distributed rainfall in the monsoon season. According to census 2011 Surguja district has a total population of 2,361,329 in which 11,95,145 are males and 11,66,184 are females. Tribal population is near about 13,00,628 according to census 2011.

The Scheduled Tribes

The term Scheduled Tribes first appeared in the Constitution of India. Article 366 (25) defined scheduled tribes as, “such tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups within such tribes or tribal communities as are deemed under Article 342 to be Scheduled Tribes for the purposes of this constitution.”. For the present study investigator chose the following three tribes i.e. Oraon, Kanwar and Gond.

The Oraon tribe also spelled as ‘Oran’ or ‘Uraon’ they are tribal Aborigines inhabiting in various parts of India and in Chhattisgarh state.

Kanwar tribes are believed to be the descendants of the Kaurava’s in Mahabharata. They are the scheduled tribes inhabiting in many parts of Chhattisgarh mostly in Jashpur, Raigarh, Surguja and Korba districts, the researcher has chosen the tribe from Surguja district. They are also called Kawar, Kanwar, Kaur, Cherwa, Rathia, Tanwar, Chattri etc.

Gond tribe are aboriginal tribe of Gondwana area and are given official status under an administrative scheme called Scheduled Tribes of India after independence. Gond tribe is the largest tribe of India basically found in the states of Andhra Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Telangana, Orissa and West Bengal.

Life Skills

Life skills have been defined as, “the abili-

ties for adaptive and positive behaviour that enable individuals to deal effectively with the demands and challenges of everyday life” (World Health Organization, 1997a, p. 1). To manage the personal affairs it is important to behave in an appropriate and responsible manner and which can be attained through the Life Skills. According to the World Health Organization (WHO), skill based health education focuses on developing the knowledge, attitudes, values, and life skills that young people need to make and act on the most appropriate and positive health – related decisions. Individuals who possess these skills are likely to adopt and sustain a healthy lifestyle during their school years and throughout the rest of their lives. The WHO stresses that skill – based health education has been shown by research to achieve the following:

- Reduce the chances of young people engaging in delinquent behaviour and interpersonal violence.
- Delay the onset of using alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
- Prevent peer rejection and bullying.
- Teach anger control.
- Promote positive social adjustment and reduce emotional disorders.
- Improve health – related behaviours and self – esteem.
- Improve academic performance.

Life Skills act as a tool with the help of which an individual can live a better quality of life. It increases the potential and helps to accomplish the ambitions of a person in a more refined and best way. There is particularly no definite list of life skills; it depends upon the circumstances of one’s life, culture, beliefs, geographic location, age, sex etc. The most important thing is that

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Life Skills is nothing but the ability to learn, one who has learned the life skills is able to understand the world in a better way. It increases the understanding of person to live a life in a more productive manner and make his/her life more fulfilling. The life skills are not always taught directly but it is learned indirectly through the circumstances of different life situations and experiences. Life skills are not just a mere living a life in an easy way but it is also a technique with the help of which a more controlled life can be lead. Life skills influence an individual to learn and adopt the better things in life without any outer force.

The investigator chosen to work on 10 dimensions of Life Skills and studied the response of tribes on these dimensions they are: (1) Seeking social support, (2) Problem solving, (3) Self blame, (4) Keep to self, (5) Tension reduction, (6) Conflict, (7) Social action (8) Spiritual support, (9) Physical recreation, (10) Professional help.

Objective of the study:

The objective taken for the present study is:

· To study the effect of Life Skills on Well – Being of Adolescent Tribal students.

Hypotheses of the study:

The null hypothesis formulated for the present study is:

There would be no significant effect of Life Skills on Well – Being of Tribal Adolescents.

METHOD

Selection of Sample:

In the present research investigator has chosen a sample of total 518 students including both boys and girls. All the available tribal students of the three tribes (Oraon, Kanwar and Gond) were selected from different schools of

Surguja District of Chhattisgarh State by stratified purposive sampling.

Tools:

(a) Life skill Inventory:

The tool used for the study is a self made Life Skill inventory, that is, “An inventory of conventional adaptation to life skills in tribal students”, is developed for which, 10 dimensions of Life Skills were taken they are; (1) Seeking Social Support, (2) Problem Solving, (3) Self Blame, (4) Keep to Self, (5) Tension Reduction, (6) Conflict, (7) Social Action, (8) Spiritual Support, (9) Physical Recreation, and (10) Professional Help. The self made inventory comprises of 60 items based on each 10 dimensions mentioned above with any three possible responses that is ‘yes’, ‘no’, and ‘don’t know’. Cronbach’s alpha reliability quotient is 0.75.

(b) PGI General Wellbeing Measure scale:

To measure the Wellbeing of tribal students the tool used is PGI General Wellbeing Measure prepared and standardised by Dr. Santosh K. Verma and Ms Amita Verma. Reliability was measured by K.R. 20 – formula and was found to be 0.98 ($p < 0.01$) while test – retest reliability was 0.91 ($p < 0.01$) for the English version and 0.86 ($p < 0.01$) for the Hindi version.

RESULT & INTERPRETATION

Following result is obtained for the proposed hypotheses –

There would be no significant effect of Life Skills on Well – Being of Tribal Adolescents.

To study the effect of Life Skills on Well-Being of tribal Adolescents ANOVA is calculated and is shown below:

	Dependent Variable	SS	df	M S	F	Significance
Source	Seeking social support	11.640	1	11.640	2.365	0.125
	Problem solving	0.936	1	0.936	0.369	0.544
	Self blame	10.633	1	10.633	3.255	0.072
	Keep to self	20.550	1	20.550	3.984	0.046
	Tension reduction	12.161	1	12.161	2.917	0.088
	Conflict	41.264	1	41.264	6.226	0.013
	Social action	46.332	1	46.332	7.243	0.007
	Spiritual support	90.084	1	90.084	9.245	0.002
	Physical recreation	95.086	1	95.086	12.123	0.001
	Professional help	41.914	1	41.914	5.107	0.024
	Life Skills Total	2950.387	1	2950.387	11.998	0.001

From the Anova analysis it is understood that the dimensions, *Keep to Self, Conflict, Social Action, Spiritual Support, Physical Recreation, and Professional Help* are affecting the Wellbeing of Tribal students. This means that due to elusive and introverts nature of tribal students they are not used to interact with the people outside their community and thus it is affecting their physical and mental health. Not disclosing the personal issues and keeping problems to self increases tension, moreover creating a state of confusion and conflict. Social action is also a factor that is responsible for the persistence of tension as it is creating confusion between the activities of their community and outside their community. Spiritual support is also influencing the Wellbeing of tribal students because they are religious and perform community festivals and rituals. When they are in school they are in contact with every person coming from different communities with whom

they may be restricted in their community for interaction, this is affecting their wellbeing. Here the dimension spiritual support is helping the tribal students to adjust in both the situations and keep themselves happy. Physical recreation is also helping the tribal students to keep themselves healthy and fit by engaging themselves in physical activities like games, dance etc. to reduce their tension and anxiety. Professional help is also affecting the wellbeing of tribal students because they are helped by professionals like teacher and other personnel for seeking help outside their community at the educational front. From ANOVA table it is clear that Life Skills (total) has significant effect on Wellbeing of tribal adolescents.

Conclusion:

Life skills are a source through which a person can learn how to adjust with the challenging situations of life and stay happy and satisfied. Life skills can impart the tribal adolescents

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with such skills that help them not only for well being but also for a better living and a bright future. If Life Skills are included in the education on regular basis then it can help to develop each individual into a responsible citizen. Par-

ents and teachers should also contribute and take interest in transacting life skills in guiding adolescents and development for their better and healthy future.

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Barriers in Agriculture as Main Occupation for Primitive Tribes of Chhattisgarh

* Dr .Mahesh Shrivastava

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The Tribal Development has always been a challenge for the administrators as well as intellectuals in India and the need for Tribal Development hardly needs any justification. Their Primitive ways of life, Economic and Social backwardness, low level of literacy, hackneyed system of production, absence of value system, scarce physical infrastructure in Tribal areas and Demographic inequality in Tribal areas coupled together make it imperative for a systematic process of development for Tribal and Tribal areas. Some important factors for Tribal Development in India are improvement in their quality of life, removal of poverty, raising the levels of productivity, removal of illiteracy, elimination of exploitation, supportive Infrastructure in Tribal areas, and prevention of their shifting cultivation. The purpose of the present paper is to bring to the surface the outcome of the Government policies, being run for the upliftment of the primitive tribes of Chhattisgarh.

After Independence, many Government and non-Government Institutions have made efforts for the development of these Tribes and are spending lots of money in various Development Programmes for them. Still the desired results are not coming out, especially so far as their Economic status is concerned. Thus, It has been essential with the changing times, to re-evaluate the various Development Programmes, run for their Economic upliftment and to provide suggestions for their reform, so that their living standard may come up to mark.

Introduction :

The state of Chhattisgarh was newly formed on 1st Nov.2000. According to census 2011, the total population of state is 2, 55, 45,198 and the total tribal population is 78, 22,902. Out of the total population of the state, 30.06% population consists of tribes. The number of these tribal groups is 31 (42 in undivided M.P.).

Out of these tribal groups, 5 tribes have been declared as the primitive tribes by the government of India. As per the survey made by “Chhattisgarh Primitive Tribal Research and Training Centre, Raipur” in 2005-2006, the total population of these five tribal groups in state is 1, 46,423 and total number of families of primitive tribes in the state is 34,203. These tribal

* Asst. Prof. (Economics) Govt. College Dongargaon (C.G.)

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groups are - Hill Korwa, Kamar, Birhor, Baiga and Abujamria. The tribal groups in the state, who have been given the status of special back-

ward class by the government of India, reside in the following regions –

Table No. 1

Distribution of primitive tribes in Chhattisgarh (Distt. Wise)

S.- No.	Name of primitive tribes	Residing Districts
1	Abujhmaria	Bastar, Kanker, Dantewada, Kawardha
2	Baiga	Bilaspur, Kawrdha, Korba, Durg
3	Birhor	Raigarh, Jashpur, Sarguja, Durg
4	Hill Korwa	Jashpur, Sarguja, Korba
5	Kamar	Raigarh, Dhamtari, Gariaband, Mahasamund

Source –Vaishnav, 2008.

According to Department of Scheduled Cast and Scheduled Tribe, Govt. of Chhattisgarh, the total population and sex ratio of Baiga tribe in the state is-

Objective of the study :

The following objectives have been determined to examine the Agricultural land- distribution to primitive (Baigas) tribes in Chhattisgarh and the situation of agricultural programmes being run by government-

- 1- What is the land holding status of Baigas in district Kawardha?
- 2- Which type of Agricultural programmes is being run by the Government?
- 3- To what extent the Government Agricultural programmes have been successful in providing them agricultural land?
- 4- What is the situation of its implementation?
- 5- The solution of Agricultural land distribution problem.

Agricultural as main occupation:

At present, the main occupation of the Baiga economy is agriculture and he gives prime importance to it throughout the year.

Table No. 2

Sex Ratio in Baiga Tribe

Male	Percentage	Female	Percentage	Total	Percentag
34250	50.94%	32991	49.06%	67241	100

Source - Vikas Yojana, Govt. of Chhattisgarh, 2004-05.

The agricultural work is accomplished for four to six months. Almost all the Baiga families are engaged in it. Those who don't have land, work as labours on others' lands. Generally, the crop that they cultivate is light and ripens in less lime, for Ex- Rice, Corn, Udad, Arhar, Kodo, Kutki and Mustard etc. The Crops cycle starts from June-July and ends by October-November. The agricultural work includes preparing the land, sowing,

hoeing, guarding the crop, harvesting, mixing and storing and all these works are done by them.

The Condition of Land-Ownership :

As per the record of the Baiga Vikas Abhikaran, Kawardha, three fourth Baiga families have the land-ownership, whereas one fourth families are landless. On average, those three fourth families who have land possess, 2.86% acre of land.

Table No. 3
Area of land holding of Baiga families

No.	Land Holding	No. of Family	Percentage
1	0-1 Acre	402	21.62
2	1.1-2.5 Acre	451	24.21
3	2.6-5 Acre	797	43.01
4	5.1-10	129	6.84
5	10-Above	82	4.32
	Total-	1853	100

Source - Baiga Vikas Abhikaran, Distt. Kawardha (C.G.), 2010

The above table shows that 43.01% Baiga families of this area have about 2.6-5 acre of land . It means they come under the category of small or marginal farmers. But it is sufficient only for the food of three to four months in a year. For the remaining months, they depend on labour, collection of forest products, making of bamboo pots etc. The families having 0 to 1 acre of land are 21.62%, families having 1.1-2.5 acre of land are 24.21%, families having 5.1-10 acre of land are 6.84 % and fami-

lies having above 10 acres of land are 4.32% .

As many of the Baiga families are landless or having small land holding, the government is running the land distribution programme for them.

Agriculture Land Distribution Programme:

The aim of this programme is to encourage the Baiga people to adapt agriculture as the main occupation. This is being run for such Baiga families who don't have agricultural land

or who are forced to do little agriculture on the government land situated on the hilly regions of forests. It also aims to attract such Baiga families to community life, who are living an isolated and remote life, by providing them land at one place.

Previously, each landless Baiga family was given 5 acre of agricultural land but due to non-availability of land and increase in popu-

lation, 1.00 to 2.5 acre of land is distributed to them now. Usually they are given government lands which are nearby Baiga villages so that they can easily take care of it.

As per the information received by Baiga vikas Abhikaran, there was provision of Rs. 100 lakhs to provide the land to 125 land less Baiga families during 10th plan (2002-2007) which is given in the table below-

Table No. 4
Land Distribution Expenditure (in Lacks Rs.)

S.No.	Financial Year	Spent Amount	Benefitted Families
1	2002-03	0.00	00
2	2003-04	0.00	00
3	2004-05	40.00	20
4	2005-06	20.00	20
5	2006-07	0.0	00
Ttotal	100	600	40

Sources- Shrivastava, 2011.

But after the completion of 10th five year plan, we find in the table that in the year 2003-04 and 2006-07, no Baiga family was benefited by this programme; whereas during 2004-05 and 2005-06, total Rs. 60 lakhs were spent to beneficiate 40 Baiga families. It includes 18 Baiga families of 5 villages out of 100 selected villages.

Under this plan, the target was to spent Rs. 100.00 lakhs and beneficiate 125 Baiga families but after the completion of the programme,

Only 85 Baiga families have been deprived of it.

Conclusion and Suggestions -

We find that there is a big gap between the targets formed and the results achieved. Thus, there is need to fulfill the targets completely. The other problems related to the land distribution are like this-

(I) The allotted land to many Baigas is barren, stony and sloppy, where the irrigation facilities are not available, thus cultivation is not possible.

(II) Some Baigas have been given the land papers, but they don't know where their land exists.

(III) Some Baiga families told that the land, which is given to them, is still under the possession of others and they can't get benefit it.

(IV) Some Baiga families have cleaned the sloppy land near hills after removing stones and bushes etc. from there and prepared it for agriculture. They want patta for the land and have been applying for it since a long time but have not been able to get it till now.

(V) At some places it was found that the patta given by the government is not appropriate. They don't have genuine Khasra No. and Maps etc.

Thus the revenue records and the land given to them should also be up-dated.

During the survey, we have found many examples of grabbing the lands of Baigas by other communities. Many cases are pending in the court. Since these people are uneducated, poor and helpless, the decisions are generally not in

their favor. There is a need to make the law (Section 170 - B) stricter. The land, occupied by other communities, must be returned to them immediately. It should be confirmed that the land allotted should not be disputed. If the land is uneven, it should be leveled before giving it to them.

The pending land cases in the court should be resolved at the earliest. In this manner we can increase the quantity of their agricultural land and they can also lead a stable and settled life.

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Glimpse of New Women in Manju Kapoor's "Difficult Daughters"

*Dr.(Mrs.) Neelu Shrivastava

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The paper attempts to study and analyse main women characters in Manju Kapoor's first novel, "Difficult Daughters", which was published in 1998. It is located against the backdrop of India of 1940s and presents the problems of an upper middle class urban Arya Samaj Punjabi family in Amritsar. Kapoor speaks with great narrative eloquence on the idea of independence. She has realistically depicted women of three generations, but the main focus is on Virmati, the difficult daughter of the second generation. The novel deals with issues like women education and feminine freedom. The novelist probes into the psyche of Indian women living in joint families under male domination and writes about the multi layered Indian experience in colonial and post colonial times.

Virmati, the main woman character, represents the spirit of "New Woman" of India with her assertion of individuality, and yearning for education. But due to circumstances, she fails to show her strength of mind in love. She is caught in whirlpool of misplaced passion towards the Oxford returned Professor who already had a wife. Ida is the daughter of Veermati and the Professor and the novel reflects Ida's opinion about her mother. She could not develop an understanding with her mother in her lifetime. Manju Kapoor, in "Difficult Daughters", has tried to portray a new woman of India, who is just at the initial stage of her journey towards independence and freedom from patriarchal society. She has to learn to keep equilibrium between her dreams and her responsibilities as a woman.

Women's writing in India is consistently evolving, redefining itself through newer perspectives and the changing role of women in the modern world. So much has been written on women's writings and so much still remains unsaid. With the rise in the levels of literacy and

exposure to multiple media, women in India have become more and more vocal and uninhibited about their experiences and expressions. The realm of women's writing in India, as such, is a last ocean where many a pearl still remains hidden in its bosom. One of such gems is Manju

*Govt. Digvijay Auto. P.G. College Rajnandgaon (C.G.)

Kapoor's "Difficult Daughters", recipient of the common wealth writer's prize for Best Book (Eurasia region).

"Difficult Daughters" was Manju Kapoor's first novel which was published in 1998. It is located against the backdrop of India of 1940s and presents the problems of an upper middle class urban Arya Samaj Punjabi family in Amritsar. The novel won the Commonwealth Writers Prize in 1999 for being the best published book in Eurasian Region. Kapoor speaks with great narrative eloquence on the idea of independence and the novel set against the background of partition, which deals with issues like women education and feminine freedom. She probes into the psyche of Indian women living in joint families under male domination and writes about the multi layered Indian experience in colonial and post colonial times, reflecting upon the devastation of partition and the problems of women in particular.

The novel is set around the turbulent year of World War II and the partition of India. Manju Kapoor has realistically depicted women of three generations, but the main focus is on Virmati, the difficult daughter of the second generation.

The opening line of the novel gives a jolt to the reader: "The one thing had wanted was not to be like my mother", says Virmati's only daughter Ida, a divorcee and childless lady. During her mother's life time she could not develop an understanding with her and after Virmati's death, she realizes it which engulfs her with guilt. She sets out on a journey into her mother's past.

Being the eldest daughter, Virmati was burdened with family duties because of her mother's incessant pregnancies. Virmati's mother Kasturi was brought up upon the con-

ventional principles of patriarchal society where marriage was the ultimate destiny of a girl's life and marriage implied that a girl had to work tirelessly to please her in-laws.

"During Kasturi's formal schooling it was never forgotten that marriage was her destiny. After she graduated, her education continued at home. Her mother tried to ensure her future happiness by impeccable nature of her daughter's qualifications. She was going to please her in-laws."¹

Commenting on her parental expectations, Virmati remarked, "They want nothing from me but an agreement to marry."² The women were compelled to think of nothing else and it seemed to Virmati that her family could talk of nothing but her wedding. They had no knowledge about her inner life and her mental turmoil but unlike other repressive patriarchal families her father was more liberated in his outlook and thinking. She refused to accept the groom chosen by her family and attempted suicide. Her sister was married off to the groom instead of her. Virmati expressed her desire to pursue higher studies and follow the lines of her cousin Shakuntala. For Virmati, education signified an escape from the reproaches of her family and freedom from her mother's control. Virmati and Shakuntala, the so-called "difficult daughters" of the family, represent the evolving consciousness of the modern Indian woman of the forties. But unlike Shakuntala, Virmati was not serious about securing education and professional independence for her own sake. She sought it as a respite to escape from the pressures of the illicit love relationship she had entered into with her married professor. When she informed her mother that she would like to go to Lahore to pursue further education, Kasturi reproached her daughter, "When I was your age, girls only

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left their house when they married. And beyond a certain age...³ Kasturi felt that Virmati had been sent to her as a punishment that she had to bear for life. She castigated her daughter for nurturing dreams which were unconventional and improper for a girl to cherish. She reminded her how “a woman without her own home and family is a woman without moorings, and implored her to settle down into domestic life like other girls of her age did.”³ Virmati rebelled against her mother’s expectations and left for Lahore. Although she said to the world that she left to study in Lahore, yet in reality it was an attempt to find a respite from the professor. In an attempt to forget the man who had never acknowledged or recognized their relationship she wanted to explore the life beyond the mundane domestic sphere which no women in family except her cousin Shakuntala had access to. Shakuntala had described her liberated lifestyle in Lahore to her cousin, “We travel, entertain ourselves in the evenings; follow each other’s work, read papers, attend seminars.” The words enthralled and inspired Virmati, she blurted out in excitement, “I want to be like you Behnji...”

It is true that Virmati represents the spirit of “New Woman” of India with her assertion of individuality, and yearning for education. But due to circumstances, consequently she fails to show her strength of mind in love. She was caught in whirlpool of misplaced passion towards the Oxford returned Professor who already had a wife. Virmati had to bear lots of family duties from childhood because of her mother’s incessant pregnancies and had a repressed craving for love and affection. Professor Harish had filled her emptiness with love and she helplessly fell in love with him. Despite his education and understanding Harish lacked

the courage and ability to support Virmati for despite the fact that he could not love his illiterate wife, yet he could not leave her. Virmati too was aware of the hopelessness of the illicit love affair. She reproached him with harsh words when she heard the news of his wife’s pregnancy as well as his simultaneous confession of love for her, “You think you can do what you like so long as you go on saying you love”. Her decision to go to Lahore was prompted by the desire to forget him. Virmati desperately sought an escape from her meaningless life and thought that pursuit of higher education might enable her to do so. She aspired to an independent life like that of Shakuntala. Despite her desperation to forget the professor she helplessly failed and became more entangled with him. Being away from her home, and moral control exercised by her mother, she succumbed to his passionate demands.⁴

Through Ida’s conscious decision to be different from her mother we are introduced to the question of defiance and generation gap. Every new generation seeks to defy its predecessor, and fight against the anxiety of influence. Virmati challenged Kasturi’s principles, Ida could not accept Virmati’s. Virmati failed in her mission. She succumbed to the professor’s implorations and passions in her loneliness during her stay at Lahore and helplessly yielded to the temptations of the body. Thereupon she realized that she had become pregnant and was left with no other alternative but to go in for an abortion. She knew that the professor would not render any support to her in her hours of crisis and

Left with no other alternative she decided to take the action to save her family from shame. She regretted the fact that she who had come to Lahore for expanding her mental hori-

zons had done nothing but ended up getting more and more helplessly involved in a useless and meaningless love relationship which had given her nothing but pain. She wanted to do something meaningful in her life like her roommate Swarnalatha, who was a freedom activist, but she failed to transcend her underlying need for love and emotional dependence. Virmati doesn't blossom into a "New woman" in the real sense. Her emotional dependence on the professor, who constantly evades the questions of marriage, stops her from doing anything that he disproves. She is being used by the professor and he enjoys the better of the two worlds. Even when professor eventually marries her very reluctantly, she is given an outcast status and faces exclusion from hearth etc. which is the sole domain of the professor's first wife, Ganga. Professor Harish's attitude towards her is patronizing and arrogant. Undergoing a gradual process of self-effacement, her energies are directed towards pleasing him while she herself remains parched and ultimately gets an insignificant death.⁵

Thus, though she dares to cross one patriarchal threshold, she is caught into another. Her free spirit is curbed and all she does is "adjust compromise and adapt". We find in Virmati incipient new woman, who is conscious, introspective, educated who wants to carve a life for her. Although she represents womanhood by violating current social codes yet she lacks confidence, self-control and farsightedness. She is physically imprisoned with a need to be emotionally and intellectually dependant on a superior force Professor Harish. It is perhaps this knowledge through which the patriarchy works. She fails to break the "dependence syndrome." She defies social expectation to assert her individuality and hopes to achieve self fulfillment.

But what does she really get? She is a loser whose acts totally separate her from her own family and she fails to make a space for herself for which she had been striving. Thus, it is this inability of Virmati to strike independent roots and grow that makes Ida remark "The one thing I had wanted was not to be like my mother."

We find the trace of feminism in the novel through Ida's impatience towards her mother's weakness. When parvati, her Masi says that Virmati was simple girl at heart, Ida says "I hate the word simple. Nobody has any business to live in the world and no nothing about its ways." No Woman, who dares to spurn patriarchal protection, can afford to be ignorant and simple. The concluding lines of the novel reiterate Ida's rejection of Virmati, not as mother but as a woman. "This book weaves a connection between my mother and me, each word a brick in a mansion I made with my head and my heart. Now live in it, Mama, and leave me be. Do not haunt me anymore".⁶ Ida, who grew up struggling to be the model daughter, does not have the heart to reject Virmati, the mother, but her head, the rationale, rejects her as a woman after having an insight into Virmati's past. Ida admires Swarnalata who enters into a wider sociopolitical sphere. Through her the novelist seems to say that a woman can maintain her individuality and pursue her interest without threatening the family structures. A woman should be aware, self controlled, strong willed and self reliant having faith in the inner strength of womanhood.⁷

Thus Manju Kapoor, in "Difficult Daughters", has tried to portray a new woman of India, who is just at the initial stage of her journey towards independence and freedom from patriarchal. She has to learn to keep equilibrium between her dreams and her responsibilities as

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a woman. She represented feminism keeping the new woman and her complex psyche not in her mind Indian Context. She has depicted only as a woman but also as a human being.

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Sociological Significance of Language

**Dr. Oorja Ranjan Sinha,*

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A society owes its existence to inter-personal relationships among men and a common language brings them together. There are different groups and societies and there are different languages. Some languages are more evolved than others, and this is all due to different sociological needs. The level of language is determined by cultural standards of living, which account for the difference between a language and its dialects—that is, between language with standard vocabulary and conventional grammar and non-standard varieties of the language lacking refinement and grammar. With the development of human society, there cropped up problems of communication as well as realization of social ends. The paper discusses the scope of language widening with the growing needs of society and inter-personal relationships going beyond local limits.

A society owes its existence to inter-personal relationships among men and a common language brings them together. There are different groups and societies and there are different languages. Some languages are more evolved than others, and this is all due to different sociological needs. The level of language is determined by cultural standards of living, which account for the difference between a language and its dialects¹—that is, between the language with standard vocabulary and con-

ventional grammar and non-standard varieties of language lacking refinement and grammar. I say “conventional grammar” because the logical foundation of speech has elements which are parts of what we call “basic grammar.”

A dialect is not free from basic grammar because it determines the social context of speech and makes communication possible. For example, the situation that obtains for communication is that there is a speaker and (at least) a listener and the speaker talks about himself or

**Assistant Professor of English, D. P. Vipra Mahavidyalaya, Bilaspur (C.G.)*

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the listener(s) or about somebody or something. The speaker addresses himself as “I,” addresses the listener as “you,” and refers to beings and things as “he, she, it” etc. Thus we know that it is the pronouns that provide the context of speech.²

.We may ask as to what we communicate. The question addressed needs explanation lest it becomes ambiguous. The expression “what we communicate” does not refer to specific content but the general *framework*. For example, talking about a Subject—that is, somebody or something—we either say what the Subject is or is not, or what the Subject does or does not do, and this involves *the use of verbs and modifiers*. Then, the use of naming words and modifiers necessitates words that serve as connective.

With the development of human society, there cropped up problems of communication because basic grammar and an infinitesimal vocabulary could not fulfill the needs of communication. Therefore, early societies increased their vocabulary, developed grammatical conventions and worked out certain concepts and devices to facilitate communication. The scope of communication widened³ with the growing needs of society and inter-personal relationships going beyond local limits. Further social development exposed the narrow limits of verbal communication, and the ways and means of communicating ideas and feelings in writing had to be worked out. Languages devised their

alphabets so that the sounds obtained in the pronunciation of their words could be represented by letter(s.) But writing down words using a particular alphabet has its own problems relating to spelling and pronunciation of words. Take for example, the English language. As there is less number of letters in its alphabet than there are sounds, English uses a group of letters to produce units of sound—e.g., ch, chh, dh, etc. English, being a syllabic⁴ language then, faces the problem of spelling. The word “often” contains two units of sound (syllables) “aw” and “fn” and to retain both sounds in the pronunciation of the word it has to have a silent letter in between to keep the two sounds intact and separate. Now, take the example of Urdu language. An Urdu-speaking person pronounces names differently than the way we do. He calls out Ravindra’s name as ‘Ravinder.’ It is not that he cannot utter ‘dra,’ but the Urdu script does not allow him to say it. The letters “re,” “vao” and “dal,” which respectively represent the sounds “ra,” “va” and “da,” do not join their following letter. Thus, the way of writing the name gives the person’s name to read as R(a)-v(a)-ind(a)-r(a)—that is, R(a)VinD(a)R(a), or to read the same at one stretch—Ravinder. Perhaps, our alphabet, the alphabet for Sanskrit and other languages, is most rational, scientific and orderly: each letter of the alphabet has a distinct sound and—to say it the other way—each sound has a distinct letter to represent it. Taking down dictation without

committing spelling mistakes or reading out the written text with correct pronunciation is easy; however, the case is different with other languages. The superior quality of such alphabet may be referred to make this point that the society that had it in its language was more developed than other societies having other alphabets.

A sociological aspect of language emerged in the last century during the days of women's lib movement. The women fighting against male supremacy in society vehemently opposed the use of words that implied gender bias.⁵ For example, they would object to such statement as this one: "If anyone encounters difficulty in solving a mathematical problem, he may consult me." They would object to the use of the pronoun "he" as it refers to a male human being. They would argue that one could legitimately use the pronoun "she" instead of "he," but if one used the pronoun "he" instead of "she," one was showing preference for the male person. Why males should be given pre-eminence or priority over females if they all are equal and in a cultured society women are considered more respectable? To give women equal importance, one could write "he/she." But, then there is a problem. One could write 'he/she,' but how one would say it. It was suggested that "them" should replace the phrase "he/she." The statement as modified would then be: "If anyone encounters difficulty in solving a mathematical problem, they may consult me." This sentence obviously violates the grammatical rule

of number agreement between the terms, for "anybody" is singular whereas "them" is plural.

This objection had to be overruled and accepted as usage. Such usage is free from gender bias and it becomes indicative of a society which denies men priority against women or authority over them. I may comment here that the use of language is not without sociological significance because the use of a gender-neutral language seeks to undermine patriarchal authority and give women equal status with men.

The vocabulary of a language can be used to infer stages or levels of societal development. Not much need be said about it, because it is an obvious truth. You need more words because you have more ideas, and you need more words because you care for better expression. Saying things in a better way is a cultural issue, and refinement in expression is more than a matter of an individual behaving nicely; it signifies the standard of society. Moreover, a language with a large vocabulary can be interpreted as being the language of a society, which is powerful. For instance, English has perhaps more words in its dictionary than any other language because it has in it words from languages of the countries the British ruled.

An important aspect of communication is translation. Ideas available in one language can be communicated in another language. This, then, is an extension of inter-personal relationship between members of two different lingual communities, and an indication of the society growing up.

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I gk; d çè; ki d , d çdkj I segkfo |ky; hu f'k{k d gkrsga vr% mul sHkh èkukRed eW; ka dh miFLFkr vi f{kr gkrh ga izu mBrk gSfd D; k I Hkh I gk; d çkè; ki dka ea eW; ka dh miFLFkr I eku gkrh gS; k fQj ml ea varj ik; k tkrk ga , d k ekuk tkrk gSfd vkt Hkh efgykva ea i q "kka dh rgyuk ea èkuked eW; ka dh çekkurk ga Bhd ml h çdkj i q "kka ea l çkaurd eW; vfekd ek=k ea nçks tkrsga orèku I e; ea ; g I eL; k gSfd D; k efgyk , oa i q "k I gk; d çkè; ki dka ds chip eW; ka ea vlrj ga bl I eL; k dks ydj orèku vè; ; u çk; k ftr ga bl vè; ; u grq Nùkhl x<+jkt; ds 60 I gk; d çkè; ki dka 1/30 efgyk , oa 30 i q "k 1/2 dk p; u fd; k x; kA vè; ; u ds fy; s M,- vkj-ds vks>k , oa M,- egs k Hkx b }kjk fufe r eW; i jh{k.k dk ç; kx fd; k x; k ga i q "kka ea l kèn; kRed rFlk èkkfezd eW; ka ea deh fn[kkbz nHA efgyk I gk; d çkè; ki dka ea vkfFkd] I kelftd rFlk jktu rrd eW; I kellu; Lrj da ga l çkaurd eW; ka ea mlugaus vks r I s vfekd Lrj dks çklr fd; kA ogha èkkfezd eW; ka ds fy; s mlugaus dk Qh de : fp çnf'k r dh ga vllrr% i k; k x; k fd efgyk , oa i q "k I gk; d çè; ki dka ds eW; ka ea dkbz fo'k sk vlrj ugha ga d qN eW; ka ea ; fn vlrj fn[kkbz Hkh fn; k gS rksog Hkh ugha ds çkjçj ga

çR; çd eut; dks vius thou ea cgq I s ekuo thou dks, d n'ku ds: i ea ifjofr vutko çklr gkrsga blgh vutkoka l sdqN I kellu; dj nrs garFlk thou dks thus dh , d fof'k'V fl) kar tle yrs ga tks eut; ds 0; ogkj dks dyk dks tle nrs ga , oa muds i Fk çn'kd ds funs'kr djrs ga , d s I kellu; fl) kar tks : i ea dk; l djrs ga mluga eW; vFkok oY; vt

* I gk; d i l/; i d] eukfoKku 'kkI - LukrdkRrj egkfo |ky;] do/kkz'AN-x-1/2

dsuke l stkuk tkrk gS0; fä dseW; bl ckr
dk nizk gkrsgäfd osviuh l hfer 'kfDr , oa
l e; ea D; k djuk pkgrs gS thou ds iFk
çn'kd ds : i ea eW; vuHkoka ds l kFk&l kFk
vkj ifjiDo gkrstkrsgä

l keW; : i l seW; dk ç; kx 0; fä; ka dh
: fp; kçj .kkvka , oa vfhkofRr dseki u dsfy; s
fd; k tkrk gä nWjs 'kCnka ea eW; 0; fä dh
: fp; ka çj .kkvka , oa vfhkofÜk; ka dh vkj bñxr
djrs gä eW; dh 0; k[; k , oa foopuk fofHku
yç[kdka }kjk fofHku çdkj l sdh x; h gä th-
beij o pKYI ZeKj l useW; ka dh fofHku ifjHkk"kkvka
dk vè; ; u djus dsckn crk; k fd eW; tS s
çR; ; dks ifjHkk"kr ugha fd; k tk l drk gS
rFk ; g l R; Hkh gSfd eW; dh ifjHkk"kk djuk
vR; Ur dfBu dk; Z gä eW; ka dh nk'kEud
ifjHkk"kk, abl sHkkouk l øx , oa : fp; kads l mHKZ
ea Lohdkj djrh gä l Hkh l çknk; h Hkkouk, a , oa
fl)kr eW; ea fufgr gä

vkyi kS/Z ¼1951½ erukuq kj eW; og
fØ; k gS tks fd l h mf}i u l smf}lr gkrh gä
plnzdekjk ¼2011½ ds vuq kj] ge viusnsud
thou eal exrk] Lora-rk] futrk] rFk Lkekftd
, oal kädfrd ifjiç; ea l æ/k] fo'okl] Hkjkd kj
tS s "kCnka dk iz kx djrs gä ml h izdkj ge
viusdk; Z thou ea mRi kndrkj dk; Zdqyrkj
yphyki u] mi yfç/k] rFk bekunkjh æS s "kCnks
ij cy nragä ; sl Hkh "kCn 0; fDr dseW; ks dks
inf'kr djragä ekuo vius thou ds iR; d
i {k ea bu l kekftd] l kädfrd] vkfFkd rFk
l kØn; kRred eW; ka dks ydj pyrk gä

gMj l u , oa Fkkel u ¼2003½ us eW; dks
ifjHkk"kr djrs gq dgk fd ; g 0; fDr dh
i kFkfedrk , oa ojh; rk dk ; kx gä i kFkfedrk

dk vk'k; ; g gSfd 0; fDr vius thou ea D; k
i klr djuk pkgrk gä ogh ojh; rk n'kkh gS
fd bu l Hkh i kFkfedrkvks dk dæ D; k gä
xjgkVZ ¼2008½ ds vuq kj eW; 0; fDr dks bl
ckr dks l e>us ds ; kx; cukrk gSfd gekjs
fu.kz u , oa 0; ogkj kads i hNsgekjs ij .kk] fo'okl
, oa ekU; rk, a gä

l kgr; dk vè; ; u

eW; kads l oçFke vè; ; u dk Jç vkyi kS/Z
, oa ouZ ¼1951½ dks tkrk gä Li&j ¼1928½
egkn; usviuh i çrd Types of Man eabl dh
, d gYdh : i jçkk çLrç dh Fkh ¼vkyi kS/Z
1931¼ vkt gekjs ikl eW; ij dSæar dbZ
vè; ; u gä if'pfe n'skka ea bl ij vud
vè; ; u fd; s x; Å i jUrç nHkZ; o'k Hkkjr ea
bl ij de gh vè; ; u gks ik, A

eSd kFkE ¼1942½ }kjk {kç=; , oa ekfçd
l egka dks ydj vè; ; u fd; k x; kA ftl ea
l egka ds çp mYçkuh; varj ik; k x; kA
eW; ka ea i jorZ dks ydj fd; s x; svè; ; ukæa
vl ðuvu ¼1943½ çp çkb LVj ¼1940½ rFk ogh Vys
¼1933½ }kjk çgæW; ; kx nku fn; k x; kA bl ds
ij kus çk: i dks vl ðu; u ¼1943½ MQh , oa
l kFk; ks ¼1940½ l çZu , oa l kFk ¼1940½ }kjk
LVkæ ds 0; ol kf; d : fp ç i = l s rgyuk dh
x; hA l kFk gh l kFk dks gsu ¼1941½ us bl s dbZ
l kekftd vfhkofRr eki fu; ka }kjk l gl Ecflækr
djus dh dks 'k'k dhA

fQ'kj ¼1948½ us bl ij h{k.k dks nkkh ds
çk: i ka ds l kFk l Ecflækr fd; kA eW; tks , d
0; fä ea ik; k tkrk gS bl dh ifr/ofu dbZ
çdkj l çR; f{kr rFk l kRred : i l sfnc[kkbZ
nrh gä eW; ka dks eki us ds fy, dbZ vl; çdkj
ds i jçk. kka dk fuekZ k fd; k x; kA Y; ij ¼1937½

usvi usdkjdh; vè; ; u eai k; k fd I kekf t d] fo" k; kl ä] I S k fUrd , oa èkkfeZd pkj eW; fdl h 0; fä ds 0; fäRo dks i fjHkkf"kr djus ds fy; s i ; klr gA okax ¼1992½us vi ua v/; u es i k; k fd fyax] vk; q rFkk f' k{k k depkfj ; ka ds dk; ZeW; ka d ksegRo i wkZ rjhdsl si Hkkfor djrh gA

vè; ; u ds mÍ\$; %

f' k{k d I ekt dk ekxZ ç' klr djrk gA og ftu Nk=ka dks f' k{k r djrs gS ogh ns k dk Hkfo"; gkrs gA vr% , d f' k{k d ea èkukRed eW; ka dk gkuk ml I ekt dsfy; svi f{k r gkrk gS ftl I sfd ml ds eW; ka ds çHkko I s Nk=ka ea Hkh mfpr eW; ka dk fodkl gks I dA I gk; d çè; ki d , d çdkj I s egkfo | ky; hu f' k{k d gkrs gA vr% muea Hkh èkukRed eW; ka dh mifLFkr vi f{k r gkrh gA ç' u mBrk gS fd D; k I Hkh I gk; d çè; ki dka ea eW; ka dh mifLFkr I eku gkrh gS ; k fQj ml ea varj i k; k tkrk gA

çkphu Hkkjrh; I ekt , oa l —fr ea efgyk rFkk iq "k ds fy; s i Fkd&i Fkd eW; vi f{k r FkA yfdu vkeqjud Hkkj r eabl eadkQh i f jorZu ns[kus dks feyk gA vusd i jkus eW; VV x; s rFkk u; seW; ks dk fuekZk gqyKA fQj Hkh çkphu I ka—frd çfrekuka dk çHkko Hkh cuk gqy k gA , d k ekuk tkrk gS fd vkt Hkh efgykvka ea i q "ka dh rgyuk ea èkuked eW; ka dh çèkkurk gA Bhd ml h çdkj i q "ka ea I S k fUrd eW; vfedk ek=k ea ns[kus tkrh gA orèku I e; ea ; g I eL; k gSfd D; k efgyk , oa i q "k I gk; d çè; ki d kadschp eW; ka ea vUrj gA bl I eL; k dks ydj orèku vè; ; u çk; k ftr gA **çfrn'kZ dk p; u%**

bl vè; ; u gsrq NÜkhl x<+ jkT; ds 60 I gk; d çè; ki dka dk p; u fd; k x; kA I eku rgyuk I eng cukus ds fy; s I oçFke ; knfPNd : i I s30 efgyk , oa30 i q "k I gk; d çè; ki dka dk p; u fd; k x; kA vè; ; u ea fy; s x; s I Hkh I gk; d çè; ki d NÜkhl x<+ 'kkl u ds mPp f' k{k foHkx ds varxZ uofu; çä gA pfid vfHked[khdj . k dk; Døe ea dkQh I gk; d çè; ki d i a jfo' ka dj 'kpy fo-fo- ds, dsMfed LVkQ dkyst ea , d= gq s gS vr% mul s vkxg dj ç' ukoyh Hkjokbz x; hA

midj.k%

orèku vè; ; u ds fy; s M,- vkj-ds vks>k , oa M,- egS k HkxZb ¼2012½ }kj k fufeZ eW; i jh{k.k dk ç; ksx fd; k x; k gA bl i jh{k.k dk çkd'ku uskuy I kbZkkykftdy dki kjsku vkxkj }kj k fd; k tkrk gA eW; i jh{k.k gsrq Hkkj r eafufeZ ; g çFke i jh{k.k gA bl i jh{k.k eavkyi kZ, oaouZ }kj k of. k r N%eW; ka Døe'k% I S k fUrd] vkfFkZd] I kOn; kRed] I kekf t d] jktuSrd , oa èkkfeZd eW; ka dk eki u fd; k tkrk gA bl eW; i jh{k.k ea dgy 45 ç' u gA tks nks Hkxka ea foHkZ gA çFke Hkx ea 30 rFkk f}rh; Hkx ea 15 ç' u gA bl ea' k fä p; u inka ¼Force choice items½ dk ç; ksx fd; k x; k gA ; | fi bl ds djus ds fy; dkbZ I e; I hek fuekZj r ughagSfQj Hkh bl ds ç' kkl u ea yxHkx 30 I s40 feuV dk I e; yx I drk gA

i jh{k.k dh vekZOPNru fofek I sfoUol uh; rk Kkr dh x; h gS tks fd I S k fUrd ds fy; s 0-78] vkfFkZd ds fy; s 0-81 I kOn; kRed ds fy; s 0-76 I kekf t d ds fy; ; 0-82] jktuSrd ds fy; s 0-83 rFkk èkkfeZd ds fy; s 0-84 çklr gq h gA ml h çdkj bl dh vkrfjd I æfr oSkrk Hkh Kkr

50 | I gk; d i k/; ki dka ds eW; ka -----

dh x; h bl dsfy; sbl ijh{k.k dks500 iq "k 0; fäxr çlkrkdka dks vvx&vyx eW; ka ds
 Fkk 300 efgyk Lukrdka, oaLukRdkskj Nk=ka i j fy; s i Fkd fd; k x; kA rRi 'pkr~I Hkh efgyk
 ç'kkkfl r fd; k x; kA , oal Hkh iq "k ç; kR; kadseW; kadk vKl r çlkr
ifj.Me ,oa 0; k[; k fd; k x; kA bl ds i'pkr vKl r eW; ka ds
 I oçFke ijh{k.k I s çlkr I Hkh ç; kR; ka ds ekud eW; Hkh Kkr fd; s x; A bl dk o.ku

I kj .kh&1
iq "k I gk; d i k/; i dka dh eW; ka dh 0; k[; k

Values	Mean score	Standard Score	Interpretation
Theoretical	45.50	+0.53	High Values
Economic	35.63	-0.49	Average Values
Aesthetic	29.63	-0.77	Poor Values
Social	44.60	+0.49	Average Values
Political	39.00	-0.47	Average Values
Religious	32.20	-0.66	Poor Values

I kj .kh&2
efgyk I gk; d çlè; ki dka ds eW; ka dh 0; k[; k

Values	Mean score	Standard Score	Interpretation
Theoretical	44.3	+0.51	High Values
Economic	36.95	0.43	Average Values
Aesthetic	29.69	-1.64	Very Poor Values
Social	42.34	+0.24	Average Value
Political	37.34	-0.27	Average Values
Religious	34.21	-0.88	Poor Values

I kj .kh&3

efgyk ,oa i q "k I gk; d çkè; ki dka ds eW; ka dh rgyuk

Values	Standard score		Diferenee
	(male)	(Female)	
Theoretical	+0.53	+0.51	0.02
Economic	-0.49	-0.43	0.06
Aesthetic	-0.77	-1.64	0.87
Social	+0.49	+0.24	0.25
Political	-0.47	-0.27	0.2
Religisious	-0.66	-0.88	0.22

I kj.kh Ø- 2 I sirk pyr k gS fd i q "k I gk; d çkè; ki dka us T; knkrj eW; ka ds fy; s vks r çn'kZu fd; k gA i q "kka ds I kØn; kRed rFkk ekkfeZd eW; ka ea deh fn [kkbZ nh tks fd vi f{kr Fkh D; ksd vkerkS ij ; g ekuk tkrk gS fd i q "kka dk : >ku I kØn; Z , oa èkez I s I Ecflèkr {ks-ka ea de gkrk gA ogha nh jh vks I S kFurd eW; ea i q "kka us vks r I s vfekd eW; vad çklr fd; s gA tksd I keku; ekkj .kk ds vupny gS i q "k çk; %fl) kUroknh gksr s gA vkfFkZd] I keftd rFkk jktuSrd eW; ka ds ekud vad crkr s gS fd bl ea i q "k I gk; d çkè; ki dka dh fLFkr vks r gA ; fn ge I kj .kh Ø-2 ij utj Mkyar k sirk pyr k gS fd efgyk I gk; d çkè; ki dka ea vkfFkZd] I keftd rFkk jktuSrd eW; I keku; Lrj dk gA I S kFurd eW; ka ea mlugkaus vks r I s vfekd Lrj dks çklr fd; ka ogha ekkfeZd eW; ka ds fy; s mlugkaus dk Qh

de : fp çnf'kZr dh gA mi jksä I kjf.k; ka I s Li "V gS fd efgyk rFkk i q "k nksuka us I S kFurd eW; ka Theoretical Values) ea vks r I s vfekd eW; dk çn'kZu fd; k gA bl ea bu nksuka oxka ds chp 0-02 ekud vadka dk vUrj çklr gya tks u ds cjkj gA bl dh otg ; g gks I drh gS fd I gk; d çkè; ki d I eng mPp f'kf{kr gksr s gS, oa vi us fl) kUrka ds çfr I tx gksr s gA vkfFkZd eW; ka (Economic Values) dsekud vadka ij utj Mkyar k sirk pyr k gS fd bl ea Hkh efgyk , oa i q "k I gk; d çkè; ki dka ea ek= 10-06½ ekud vadka dk vUrj çklr gya ftl ea i q "kka dh rgyuk ea efgyk, a vx s utj vk; hA vkfFkZr-vkfFkZd eW; ka ds çfr efgyk vadka dk : >ku i q "kka I s vfekd ns[kk x; kA ; fn 0; k[; k (Interpretartion) ds: i ea ns[kk tk; rks nksuka dks eks/s rks ij , d gh oxZ vks r eW; ea j [kk

x; k gA

l kOn; iRed eW; ka (Aesthetic Value) ds çfr efgyk , oa i q "k nksuka l gk; d çkè; ki dka dk è; ku de fn [kkbz fn; kA yfdu i q "kka dh rnyuk ea efgykvka us l kOn; iRed eW; ka ds çfr vfedk cs [kh çnf' k'r dh ¼vürj ¾0-87 ekud vädks dh ¼A oxÉdj .k 0; k [; k ds -f"Vdksk l s nçkk tk; rks i q "kka us t gka (Poor Value) dk çn' k'u fd; k rksefgykvka us (Very Poor Value) dk tks fd pkskus okys ifj .kke gA D; käd vkerkj ij efgykvka dk : >ku l kOn; iRed eW; ka ij vfedk gksuk ekuk tkrk gA , d s ifj .kke dh otg efgykvka ds dk; Z dh ç-fr gks l drh gSmudh dk; Z dh ç-fr ea i q "kka l s dkbz vürj ugha gA l kFk gh l S kAUrd fo" k; ka dk vè; ki u djr & djr s muds Hkh l kOn; iRed eW; detkj gks x; s gA

l kekftd eW; ka (Social Value) ds çfr nksuka gh rnyukRed l engka us vkS r eW; çnf' k'r fd; A ; fn ge budsekud vädka dh rnyuk dja rks i krs gSfd i q "kka usefgykvka dh rnyuk ea 0-25 ekud väd vfedk çktr fd; A bl dh otg i q "kka dk vius l kekftd l engka ea vfedk l fØ; gksuk gks l drk gA ; fn ge vius Hkkj rh; l l-fr dh thou 'kSyh ij utj Mkys rks i krs gSfd efgykvka dh rnyuk ea i q "kka dks gh ?kj ds çkj ds dk; kA ea vfedk tkuk vkuk i Mf k gA ft l l s mudk l kekftd l Ei dz efgykvka dh rnyuk ea vfedk gks tkrk gA

jktuÉrd eW; ka (Political Value) ea Hkh gea nksuka rnyukRed l engka ea dkbz fo' kSk vürj fn [kkbz ugha fn; kA 0; k [; kRed oxÉdj .k ds -f"Vdksk l s nçka rks nksuka gh l engka ea vkS r eW; dsekud väd çktr fd; A ; fn ge mud

ekud vädka dh rnyuk dja rks i krs gSfd efgyk oxZ us i q "k oxZ dh rnyuk ea 0-20 ekud väd vfedk çktr fd; s tks fd , d pkskus okyk ifj .kke gA D; käd vkerkj ij i q "k oxZ dks jktuÉrd fØ; kdyki ka ea vfedk l fØ; gks rsg gq s nçkk x; k gA orZeku vè; ; u ds ifj .kke çnf' k'r djrsgSfd efgykvka us Hkh bl ea i q "kka l s çkj çjh dj yh gA

tc ge eW; ka dh çkr djr s gS rks l cl s egROI w kZ eW; gks r k gS èkkfeZd eW; (Religious Value) D; käd bl ea uÉrd eW; ka dk l ekoşk vi usvki gks tkrk gA ; fn ge vè; ; u ea fy; s x; s nksuka l engka ds èkkfeZd eW; ka dh vkj utj nkMk, a rks i krs gSfd nksuka gh l engka us bl ea ½Poor Value½ i nf' k'r fd; k gA tksfd fpark dk fo" k; gA bl ds l kFk gh l kFk ; fn ge budsekud vädka dh rnyuk dja rks i krs gSfd efgykvka dh ekud väd i q "kka l s 0-22 väd de gA vFkkZ- efgykvka us i q "kka l s de èkkfeZd eW; çnf' k'r fd; s gA gekjh Hkkj rh; l l-fr ea , d k ekuk tkrk gS fd efgyk, a èkkfeZd ç-fr dh gkrh gA yfdu efgyk l gkd; çkè; ki dka us bl èkkj .kk dks rkm/ us- dk ç; kl fd; k gA bl dh otg ; g gks l drh gS fd mPp f' kçkk çktr efgyk l gk; d çkè; ki dka dk i j kus èkkfeZd vkMEcj kA deZ dk. Mka l s ekg Hkx gks x; k gA mudk -f"Vdksk vc 0; ki d , oa oSkfud gks jgk gA

bl ijh vè; ; u l s ge bl fu" d" kZ ij i gpr s gS fd efgyk , oa i q "kka ds eW; ka ea dkbz fo' kSk vürj ugha gA dN eW; ka ea ; fn vürj fn [kkbz Hkh fn; k gS rks og Hkh ugha ds çkj çj gA , d s ifj .kke bl çkr dk ?kkr-d gS fd mPp f' kçkk çktr fo) ku l gk; d çkè; ki d

oxZeaefgyk ; k i q "k gksus l smudseW; ka ea gks l drh gA gekjs ekkfeZl xFkka ea gh ufrd
dkbz [kkI QdZ ugha gkrk gA nW jh egRo i wkZ eW; fn; sgg sgs ; fn gekjs l gk; d cè; ki d
ckr ; g gSfd tc ge bu nksuka l eWka ds mu ufrd eW; ka ds çfr Hkh bl h çdkj ds
iFkd&iFkd l Hkh eW; çdkjka ds l mHkZ ea ekud vad çnf'kr djrs gS rks ; g fpar k dk
ryuk djrs gS rks i krs gSfd nksuka gh l eWka ea fo"k; gks l drk gA D; kfd vkt gekjs nsk dks
l kIn; fRed eW; ka rFkk ekkfeZl eW; ka ea deh gh ughal Ei wkZ fo'o dks ufrd eW; ka ea fodkl
nçkh x; hA tks dN gn rd fpar k dk fo"k; dh njdkj gA

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Hkj r ea efgyk I 'kDrdj.k vls I eko'sh fodkl

*MMW ch, y- I kusdj
MMW vp'uk I Bh*

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11 March 2015

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15 March 2015

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19 March

*tux.kuk 2011 dsvuq kj 121 djkm+vkcknh ea yxHkx vk/kh tul d; k 48.46 ifr'kr
efgykvla dh ga vkpMka I sinf'kr gkrk gS t gkll, d vls efgyk, a dh I kekftd] jktu'srd]
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dsukxfjd dk ntkzfn; k tkrk gStcfd bl dsckn Hkh efgyk, ; pks Nf'k {ks= gks; k vls} kfxd
{ks= I Hkh {ks=kaeaegRo iwkZ Hkfedk vnk dj jgsga vr% I jdkj dkefgykvla dsl ok'kh.k fodkl
dsfy, ; kstuk cukusdh vko'; drk gSrkd efgyk, ns'k dsfodkl ea vkk/kkj Lr'kh cu I dA
tc rd ns'k eamiyC/k efgyk Je dk iwkZ i I smi; kx ughafd; k tk; sk rc rd I eko'sh
fodkl dk y{; v/kj jgskA i Lr'q v/; ; u f}rh; d I eadka ij vk/kfjr ga ftl ea Hkj r ds
efgyk 'kDr ds var'x' dk; Z I ghkfxrk nj] I k{kjrk nj , oajktu'srd dk; Z ghkfxrk nj , oa
L=h iq 'k vuqkr dk v/; ; u dj efgykvla dh I kekftd vkfFkd fLFkr dk v/; ; u djus dk
iz kl fd; k x; k ga*

Alrkouk

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fpru vkj Hk gkrk gSfd D; k okLro eaefgyk; a
detkj ga ; k I 'kDr] tks muds I 'kDrdj.k
dh vko'; drk ga efgyk I 'kDrdj.k dk
rkr; ; Z gS I kekftd I qo/kvka dh miyC/krkj

jktu'srd vls vkfFkd ufr fu/kkj .k eaHkxhkhkj
I eku dk; Z ds fy, I eku oru vkfnA
I 'kDrdj.k dk vFk& fdl h dk; Z dks djus; k
jklusdh {kerk I gSrkd mudsfy, I kekftd
U; k; vls i'k efgyk I ekurk dk y{; gkl y
gsl dA I 'kDrdj.k dk vfhki k; Lkrk ifr" Bkuka

*I gk- ik/; ki d vFkZ kkl= ia jfo'kdj 'kpy fo'ofa|ky;] jk; ij 1/4N-x-1/2
I gk- ik/; ki d vFkZ kkl= ia jfo'kdj 'kpy fo'ofa|ky;] jk; ij 1/4N-x-1/2*

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 ekud gSA

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 dsfy, vupny okrkoj.k curk tk jgk gA
 bl h vk/kkj ij ykx 21oha I nh dksefgykvka
 dh I nh dh I Kk I sfoHkfr djus yxs gA
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 , gl kl djkus dk I Qy A; kl dj jgh gA
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 Afr'kr ds djhc gA 'ks{k d rFkk vkfFkd
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 dkQh vPNh gA ; gk 47 Afr'kr efgyk, ij
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ugha gð 730a vlsj 740a I ðo/kku I á kksku ds
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 vkj{k.k dh 0; oLFkk gks tkus I s yxHkx 14
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2 I 'kfDrdj.k ds vUrxrZnsk dsefgyk
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3 jktuðrd I 'kfDrdj.k dh n f V I s
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 mls; kadh i kfr gsq I k/kj.k ek/; , oai fr'kr
 I ká[; dh; fof/k; ks dk iz kx fd; k x; k gð

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 I svueksnr ; kstuk ds i Hkko dk fo'kySk.k rFkk
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 ea fd; k rFkk crk; k dh I kozt fud efgyk
 m | eh fuEu , oae/; e vk; oxZ dh , oaf'kf{kr
 gð fnYYkh ea efgyk m | fe; ka dks fofHkUu
 I qo/kk; ami yC/k djkus , oai f'k{k.k nsusdsfy,
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 dks bu I LFkkvka , oa I æBu ds I mHkZ ea dkbZ
 fo'kSk tkudkj ugha gsmUga fl QZ cð }kjk nh
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 ck/kk gð lkq; g (1989) us vi uk v/; ; u egkj k"V"
 dh 968 efgyk m | fe; ka dk Lo&I gk; rk I eng
 ds I mHkZ ea v/; ; u fd; k rFkk vi us v/; ; u ea
 crk; k fd I okz/kd efgyk, W?kj sym | e pykrh
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 vpkj] feBkbz'kkfey gsrFkk bu efgyk m | fe; ka
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 I qkj fd; k gð vlsj ækckn , oa i qks ea efgyk
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 us duk&d jkT; ds duokMk ftys dh 251
 efgyk m | fe; ka dk v/; ; u 1986 eafd; kA 50
 i fr'kr efgyk m | fe; ka dk m | e , dy Lokfero
 dk gS tskpoy] fdy] eNyh 0; ol k; vkfn dk
 I pkyu djrh gð 40 i fr'kr m | fe; ka dk
 m | ks I k>nkjh dk gS tsk j l k; fud] fi ðVx]

58 | *Hkkjr ea efgyk I 'kDr dj.k*-----

vkWks ekckby vkfn m|e dk I pkyu djrh gA mPp f'kf{kr oxZm|eh gk; j I dsMjh rd f'kf{kr gA tSu 1990½ us viuk v/; ; u e/ ; inSk ds e.Myk ftys ds I nHkZ es , dhdr xkeh.k fodkl ea fd; k rFkk ik; k fd ykHkFkZ vHkh Hkh okLrfod ykHk I s nij [kMs gA rFkk I pko fn; k fd ipk; r dks vf/kd vf/kdkj feyA df" k ckgY; ftyk gS vr% Hkrie I dkj dk; Dæ I efor fd; k tk; vkfnokl h U; k; f/kih dks if'k{k.k fn; k tk; , oa fuxjkuh I febr dk xBu fd; k tk, A

dkgyh (1994) us fnYyh dh 20 efgyk m|fe; ka dk v/; ; u fd; kA v/; ; u ea ik; k fd 90 ifr'kr m|eh vYi f'kf{kr gA 60 ifr'kr 31&45 vk; q oxZ dh gA 60 ifr'kr m|eh if'k{k.k ikr djus dsk'pkr m|fe; ka ea 4000 : lk; s I s vf/kd ekfl d vk; dek; k gA

55 ifr'kr us 1 yk[k : lk; s fuosk fd; k gA efgyk m|fe; ka us Lo; a dh vkRek , oa foHkUu I kFkvs I s lkkIr I g; kx ds dkj.k m|e ea I Qyrk ikr dh gA m"kk (1990) us entl ds egkuxjh; {ks= ea efgykvka dh vkS r vk; i Hkkoksdsl eku mRi kn drk gkus dh fLrfk ea Hkh mul s de gkrh gA I kFk gh I keku; rks ij efgykvka ea f'k{k , oa vk; ea of) ds dkj.k I a k/kuks dh deh gkrh gS bl izdkj efgyk, W nksjs 'kkSk.k dk f'kd kj gkrh gA T; kfr , oa i d kn (1943) us xh/j ftys dh 30 ifr'kr m|fe; ka dk v/; ; u ea ik; k fd I okZ/kd 80 ifr'kr efgyk m|eh fuEu vk; oxZ dh gS , oa 70 ifr'kr efgyk m|fe; ks dks m|e ds I cak eavge vutko FkA xkeh.k efgyk m|eh pkkby] fl ykb] jMheM xkjeb/ Qk/ks dkih vkfn 0; ol k; dk I pkyu djrh gA

v/; ; u dk fo'ySk.k

1/2 I kkrk vj I 'kDr dj.k

Rfydk Økad 1

tux.kuk o"Z	0; fDr	i q "k	Efgyk	vUrj 1/2 eZ
1951	18.33	27.16	8.86	18.30
1961	28.30	40.40	15.35	25.05
1971	34.45	45.96	21.97	23.98
1981	43.57	56.38	29.76	26.62
1991	52.21	64.13	39.29	24.84
2001	64.83	75.26	53.67	21.59
2011	74.04	82.14	65.45	16.68

L=kr% tux.kuk o"Z 19951&2011-

Rkfyd 1 I sLi"V gkrk gSfd efgykvka dh I k{kjrk nj ea of) gþA o"lz 1951 ea efgykvka dh I k{kjrk nj 8.86 Áfr'kr Fkk] og o"lz 2011 ea c<ej 65.46 Áfr'kr gks xbl fdlurq iq "k , oa efgykvka dh I k{kjrk nj ds vlurj ea t: j deh vkbz gð yfdu ; g ½ ykd I Hkk vlg jkT; I Hkk ea efgykvka dh fLFkr

Rkfyd Øek 2

o"lz	ykd I Hkk ½Áfr'kr e½	jkT; I Hkk ½Áfr'kr e½
1952	4.4	7.3
1957	5.4	7.5
1962	6.8	7.6
1971	4.2	7.0
1980	5.1	9.8
1991	7.18	15.5
1999	7.2	9.2
2014	11.43	12.2

I k% I þuk , oa i d kj.k ea ky; I Hkkjr Ijdkj 2013-

Rkfyd Øek 3

tux.kuk o"lz	iq "k	of) nj	L=h	of) nj
1981	5.87	-	19.08	-
1991	51.6	2.27	22.7	+3.62
2001	51.55	+0.49	22.25	+0.18
2011	53.3	+1.75	25.5	+3.25

I k% tux.kuk o"lz 1981&2011-

vlurj vf/kd gð o"lz 1951 ea iq "k , oa efgykvka dschp I k{kjrk nj ea vlurj 18.30 Áfr'kr Fkk] o"lz 2011 ea 16.68 Áfr'kr gð bl svlg de djusdh vko'; drk gð bl ds fy, Ijdkj dks efgykvka dh f'k{k ds ckjs ea vllh vlg dke djus dh vko'; drk gð rkydk 2 I sLi"V gkrk gSfd ykd I Hkk vlg jkT; I Hkk ea efgykvka dh fLFkr ea I qkkj gþk gð o"lz 1952 ea ykd I Hkk ea efgykvka dk Áfr'kr 4.4 Fkk og o"lz 2014 ea c<ej 11.43 Áfr'kr gks x; k vFkkz~7.3 Áfr'kr dh of) vk xbl gð tcf d jkT; I Hkk ea o"lz 1952 ea 7.3 Áfr'kr Fkk og 2014 ea c<ej 12.2 Áfr'kr gks x; k vFkkz~4.9 Áfr'kr dh of) gþA bl I s Li"V gkrk gð fd nksuka I Hkk ea efgykvka dh Áfr'kr ea of) gþZ gSfd l urq ykd I Hkk ea jkT; I Hkk dh rnyuk ea vf/kd of) gþZ gSft I dk Áedk dkj .k efgyk vkj {k.k ds I kFk&I kFk efgykvka dh f'k{k ea I qkkj , oajktulfr ds Áfr tkx: drk gksuk gð

I ½ Hkkjr ea dk; Z I gHfxrk nj

mi ; Dr I kj .kh ds I eadks dks n[kus I s Kkr gksrk gS fd 1981 ds tux.kuk ds I eadks I s 2011 dh tux.kuk ds I eadks dh rgyuk djus ij fL=; ka dh dk; ZI gHkkfXrk nj ea of) ij jyf{kr gksh gA tks iq "ka dh dk; ZI gHkkfXrk nj dh rgyuk ea vf/kd gS bl I s Kkr gksrk gS fL=; ka dh dk; ZI gHkkfXrk nj ea I qkkj gypk gS fTl dk Aeq[k dkj .k nsk ds vksj kschdj .k ds I kFk&I kFk efgykvka dh I k{kjrk nj ea of) gksuk gA fdUrq bl ea

vkj vf/kd I qkkj djus dh vko' ; rk gS

Hkkjr ea L=h iq 'k vuqkr

rkydk 04 Hkkjr ea L=h iq 'k vuqkr dks vfHkO; Dr djrk gA Hkkjr ea L=h iq 'k vuqkr 1901 ea 972 1911 ea 964] 1921 ea 955] 1931 ea 950] 1941 ea 945] 1951 ea 946] 1961 ea 941] 1971 ea 930] 1981 ea 934] 1991 ea 927] 2001 ea 933 , oa 2011 ea 940 gksx; ka fdl h Hkh tux.kuk ea Hkkjr ea L=h iq 'k vuqkr 1000 rd ugha i gypk gS tks fL=; ka dh fuEu n'kk dks n'kkz-k gA

rkydk 4

Hkkjr ea L=h iq 'k vuqkr

Ok'kz	Hkkjr
1901	972
1911	964
1921	955
1931	950
1941	945
1951	946
1961	941
1971	930
1981	934
1981	927
2001	933
2011	940

L=h iq 'k vuqkr vud rRoks dks i Hkkfor djrk gS , oa vud rRoks I s i Hkkfor gksrk gA L=h iq 'k vuqkr Kkr gksus ij ge fdl h nsk dh vkfFkd fodkl ds Lrj dks Kkr dj I drs gA vejd[k] fcLsu] tki ku vkfn fodfl r ns kka ea fyaxkuqkr 1000 I s vf/kd gS Hkkjr] phu] i kfdLrku] caxyknSk vkfn {ks=ka ea L=h iq 'k vuqkr 1000 I s de gA foFHku /kela ea L=h iq 'k vuqkr ml I ekt ea fL=; ka dh fLFkr dks vfHkO; Dr djrk gA

fu"d"l%

fu% ng Hkkjr I jdkj }kjk efgyvka ds I olzkh.k fodkl dsfy, vud ; kstuk, ; I pkfyr gS fTl ds dkj .k budh fLFkr ea I qkkj gypk gA bl ds cktm vkt Hkh efgykvka dh fLFkr fo"ke gA Anf'kr vkadMka I s mudh LokLF; ; f'k{kk] i kSk.k dk Lrj rFk I eLr tukaddh; rRo n'kkz-k gS fd efgykvka dh fLFkr gj {ks=ea f}rh; Jskh ds ukxfjd dh gA vufxur NR; ka dk I aknu fd; s tkus rFk mukjnkf; Ro ogu fd; s tkus ds cktm Hkh mu ij 0; ;

djuk rFkk fofu; lxx djuk I ekt dh n'f"V I s fØ; kflor djus dh vko'; drk gA cfYd vkt Hkh vko'; d ughaekuk tkrkA vr%I ekt mÜkjnkf; Ro Hkh r; fd; k tk,] rkd efgykkvka u doy viuk n'f"dkk cny] cfYd Hkkjr I jdkj dksfdI h Hkh Adkj dh I eL; kvka dk I keuk u }kjk efgyvka ds fodkl gsrqI pkfyr fd; s tk djuk i Ms- vks os i q "kka ds I kFk daks I s dakk jgsfofHkuu dk; Øeka dk ijh bækunkjh ds I kFk feykdj dke dj I dA

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Hkkjr I jdkj 2010&11½ v'f'f'k I o'f'k.k i-Ø-&4]7] 36-

xoky , vkj-, I - 1/4 1985½ bEi DV vkQ : jy Moylew i kske vkW : jy oes bu fhkckuh fMfLV DV vkQ gj; k.k bf.M;u tujy vkQ , xhdYpj bdkufedI] okY; w tykb&fl Necj i-da 115&120-

tü] eukst d'ekj 1/4 1990½ , dhd'r xteh.k fodkl dk; ße ds I mH'Z ea [Wnh xtem / lxx foySiky i'f'pe cEcb, fl RkEcj i-Ø- 498&502-



vud fpr tutkr ,oaekuo fodkl dh vo/kj.k

*MMW vpZik I Bh
MMW ch, y- I kwj*

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11 March 2015

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19 March 2015

Hkkjr dh vkfFkd vksj I kekfTkd ixfr ea tutkr; ka dks cjkch dk gd ugha fey I dkAbI dsfy, I jdkj dh ufr; ka dks gh nkskh ughaeku I drsbl dk , d eny dkj.k mudh vyx Fkyx jgus dh thou "ksyh jgh tks /khjs /khjs fodkl dk; Bdeka I s tM I dhA iLrq v/; ; u dk mnas; tutkr tul ; k ds fodkl I pd funBkkad dk v/; ; u , oaf'o'ysk.k djuk gSA ; g v/; ; u f}rh; d vkadMka ij vk/kfjr gA vkadMka ds l dyu grq tux.kuk 1951 I s tux.kuk 2011 dk mi; ks fd; k x; k gA I dyfyr vkadMka dk ifr'kr ekufp= , oa vkj;kka }kjk iLrqhdj.k fd; k x; k gAns'k dh dgy vkcknh ea tul ; k vk; ksx 2011 ds vud kj tutkr tul ; k dk ifr"kr 8. 2 gA Hkkjr dk fodkl rc rd ughagls drk tc rd mudsfi NMs oxka dk fodkl ugha gls drk gA I rV djus yk; d ckr ; g gSfd ; s vc oApr I eny ugha gS cYd vc iR; d {ks= eafdl h u fdl h #i ea budh Hkkedk gA

fo"o cbl ds vud kj cgrj LokLF; dgy chekjh , oadq ksk.k I seDr I sikr ugha gsk cYd "kkjhfd ekuf d , oal kefTd mluf I sikr gskAtutkr Iekt taxy eafuokl djrk gA tul ; k f"kk xjhch ds vkadMka I s ; g Li'V gSfd ekuo fodkl ea tutkr Iekt cgr fi NMk gprk gS tutkr tul ; k dh nf'V I s vQhdk ds ckn Hkkjr nll jk cMk ns'k gAns'k dh dgy vkcknh ea tul ; k vk; ksx 2011 ds vud kj tutkr tul ; k dk ifr"kr 8. 2 gA vdsysNRhl x< ea tutkr tul ; k

dk 32 ifr"kr fuokl djrh gA fdl h I ekt ds fodkl , oal kefTd I jpuok dk I cl scMk iBkuk L=h i#k vudkr gsk gAbI ekeys ea tutkr Iekt ixfr"khy gS tux.kuk 2011 ds vud kj ns'k ds L=h i#k vudkr 940 dh rgyuk ea tutkr; ka ea L=h i#k vudkr 990 gA Hkkjr ea 72. 8 ifr"kr I k{kjrk gSi #k ea 81 .1 , oa efgyk ea 64 ifr"kr I k{kjrk gStcfd vud fpr tutkr ea I k{kjrk 63 .1 ifr"kr gS tutkr i#kka ea 71. 7 , oa tutkr efgyk ea 54. 4 ifr"kr I k{kjrk gAns'k ea iztuu nj 2

*I gk- ik/; ki d vFkZ kkl= ia jfo'kadj 'kpy fo'ofok/ky;] jk; ij 1/4V-x-1/2
I gk- ik/; ki d vFkZ kkl= ia jfo'kadj 'kpy fo'ofok/ky;] jk; ij 1/4V-x-1/2*

.3 gSI jdkj bl s2 ij ykusdsfy, iz kl jr gS tutkfr; ka ea ; g vHkh Hkh 3 .12 gA l Ei wKz Hkkjr ea tgka f" k" kq eR; nj 48. 9cky eR; qnj 10. 8, oa 5l ky ds v'nj eR; nj 59. 2 gS tutkfr; ka ead e" k 62. 1 ,35. 8 , oa 95. 7 gA vud'pr tutkfr; ka ds fodkl dsfy, l jdkj vud' ; kstuk, apyk jgh gS yfdu bl ga vf" k fkk , oa Hkz V kpkj ds dkj .k i jk yk Hk ugha fey ik jgk gA bl dsfy, l jdkj dh ufr; ka dks gh nkskh ugha eku l drs bl dk , d eny dkj .k mudh vyx fkyx jgusdh thou "kSyh jgh tks /khjs/khjs fodkl dk; Bdeka l s tM+l dh vHkh Hkh ; g epnk fopkj djus; kx; gSfd D; k bl sbl h rjg l spyusfn; k tk; ; k fQj u; sfl js l s j. kulfr cuk; h tk, D; kad fodkl ea tks Qkl yk c<+jgk gS og fP'ark dk fo'k; gA ; gh Qkl yk vyxkooknh ifdz k dks tle nrk gS tks jk'V^a dh , drk o v [kM'rk dsfy, [krjk cu l drk gA l r'qV djusyk; d ckr ; g gSfd ; s vc o'pr l eng ugha gS cfYd vc iR; d {ks= ea fdl h u fdl h #i eabudh Hk'fiedk gA l ekt , oal jdkj dks; g l e>uk gksk fd tutkfr; ka ds fodkl dsfcuk jk'V^a dk fodkl vl Hko gA¹ v/; ; u dk mnas;

1- tutkfr tul e; k ea fofHkUu n'kd ea gq ifjorU dk v/; ; u , oafo'y sk.k djuk gA

2- tutkfr tul e; k ds fodkl l pd funz kkd dk v/; ; u , oafo'y sk.k djukA

'Wsk ifof/k , oa fof/k ra

ilr' "kksk f}rh; d vkadMka ij vk/kfjr gA vkadMka ds l dyu grq tux.kuk 1951 l s tux.kuk 2011] dk mi; kx fd; k x; k gA l afyr vkadMka dk ifr'kr ekufp= , oavkj [kka }kjk ilr'hdj .k fd; k x; k gA

tutkfr vkcknh dsekeyseav Qhdk dsckn Hkkjr nr jk l cl scMk ns'k gA tux.kuk 2011 ds vud' kj ns'k dh dy vkcknh ea tutkfr vkcknh dk fgLI k 8. 2 ifr'kr gA Hkkjr; l fo/kku ds vud'Nr 342 ds vud' kj ns'k 697 tutkfr l eng fuokl djrs gA ftl ea 75 tutkfr; ka dks vkfne tutkfr l eng ihfeVho Vt; cy xij ih th Vh dgk x; k gA vkfne l eng dk ntKz vcw>ekfM+ k ckM'ks ck'ns fcjgkj cSk dekj l gfj; k vSj vkak tutkfr; ka dks feyk gA Hkhy l f'ky vSj xkM+ tutkfr; ka dh l e; k vSj ka l s T; knk gA Hkhy l f'ky if"pe Hkkjr ea rFkk xkM' NRrhl x<+ea ik; s tkrS gA vdsys NRrhl x<+ea 32 ifr"kr tutkfr fuokl djrh gA tul e; k dsfygt l s vkcknh dk T; knk fgLI k i w k Rrj jkT; ka ea dsUnr gA vdsysfetkje ea 94 ifr"kr vud'pr tutkfr; ka dh vkcknh gS mRrj i w z dh tutkfr; ka ea [kkl rSj ij ehtka xk'kjs ukxk [kkl h pdek e; gA l cl s de tutkfr; k nf{k.k Hkkjr ea cl rh gA ftl ea p'p'wMcyk xM'kcl vkak V k M'k dksye e; gA vMeku fud'kckj dh 8 ifr"kr tul e; k tutkfr gA; gka vkak vSj tjok e; tutkfr gA (ekS kj 2014)

'Wsk l fgr; ka dk v/; ; u:

Baxla (2014) usvi usv/; ; u eacrk; k fd tutkfr l ekt vkt Hkh vk/k'ud mi yfC/k; ka l s vNrs gA ; s vi us l hfer l kku l s d'oy thfor jguk l h [ks gA vLoLFk 0; fDr u gh viuk ; k vi us ifjokj dk dY; k.k dj l drk gS u gh l ekt dh mlufR eal g; kx dj l drk gA fdl h Hkh l ekt dh mlufR dsfy, turk dk LoLFk jguk vko"; d gA Pawle & Prasad (2013) usvi usv/; ; u eacrk; k fd tutkfr

64 | *vuq'pr tutkr, oa ekuo fodkl -----*

I ekt vkt Hkh vf/kdkkr% xjhch js'kk I suhps
thou; ki u dj jgs gA I jdkj dks muds
fodkl ds fy, u, fl js l s uhfr; ka cukuh
pkfg, A

frokjh, 1/2009 1/2 us vi us v/; ; u ea crk; k
fd eujxk ea tutkr I ekt ds fy, vkj {k.k
gkus l smlga?kj ij gh jkstxkj mi yC/k gkrk
gS bl l s muds iyk; u ea deh vk; h gA
JhokLro, 1/2013 1/2 us vi us v/; ; u ea crk; k
fd fcjgkj tutkr taxy ea jgus okyh
tutkr gS vHkh Hkh 100 ifr'kr xjhch js'kk
dsuhps thou; ki u dj jgh gA ; g tutkr

I jdkj ökj k fo'kSk fi NMh tutkr ?kkf'kr
dh xbz gA c?ky , oa fo'odekZ 1/2012 1/2 us
vi us v/; ; u ea crk; k fd dksj; k ftys ea
tutkr tul a; k 44. 4 ifr'kr gS tks
I keftd vkfFkZ nf"V l s vR; r fi NMs gg
gA ; gka tutkr; ka ea tkr dk vkS r vkdkj
2 .07 gDV\$ j gA rks tutkr 1.1 gDV\$ j
, oavU; oxZ 1. 47 gDV\$ j l svf/kd gA xxZ
, oa l jdkj 1/2012 1/2 us vi us v/; ; u ea crk; k
fd tutkr efgyk I ekt f'k{kk ea vHkh Hkh
cgr fi NMk gS f'k{kk ds ökj k gh efgykvka
dks l 'kDr fd; k tk l drk gA

rkydk 1
Tkutkr tul a; k

Tkux.kuk o"Z	Tkutkr tul a; k	n'kdh; ofö	dy tul a; k dk ifr'kr
1941	2,54,41,489	12.5	2.26
1951	1,91,16,498	7.1	5.03
1961	29,87,89,249	56.29	6.87
1971	3,80,15,162	27.22	6.90
1981	5,16,28,638	35.81	7.85
1991	6,77,58,380	31.24	8.08
2001	8,45,41,316	24.77	8.02
2011			8.2

1941 ea tutkr tul a; k

1941 dh tux.kuk ds vuq'kj Hkkjr ea
tutkr; ka dh dy tul a; k 25441489 Fkh
rFk foHktu ds lk'pkr l u 1951 ea; g 19116498

jg xbz Fkh tksfd ml l e; dh dy tul a; k
dk 5. 36 ifr'kr Fkh 1961 ea; g 298789249 gks
xbz tksfd ml l e; dh dy tul a; k dk 6.

87ifr'kr FkhA1971 dh tux.kuk ds vuð kj Hkkjr ea tutkr; ka dh dgy tul ð; k 38015162 gksxbz tksfd ml l e; dh dgy tul ð; k dk 6. 9 ifr'kr FkhA 1981 dh tux.kuk ds vuð kj Hkkjr ea tutkr; ka dh dgy tul ð; k 51628638 gksxbz tksfd ml l e; dh dgy tul ð; k dk 7. 85 ifr'kr FkhA 1991 dh tux.kuk ds vuð kj Hkkjr ea tutkr; ka dh dgy tul ð; k 67758380 gksxbz tksfd ml l e; dh dgy tul ð; k dk 8. 08 ifr'kr FkhA 2001 dh tux.kuk ds vuð kj Hkkjr ea tutkr; ka dh dgy tul ð; k 84541316 gksxbz tksfd ml l e; dh dgy tul ð; k dk 8. 02 ifr'kr FkhA 2011 dh tux.kuk ds vuð kj Hkkjr ea tutkr; ka dh dgy tul ð; k 8.2 ifr'kr gksxbz

fodkl l þd funðkl

tutkr l ekt ea L=h i#k vuðkr fdl h l ekt ds fodkl ,oa l keftd l þpuk dk l cl s cMk iðkuk L=h i#k vuðkr gS bl fygkt l s tutkr l ekt ixfrihy gS A tux.kuk 2011 ds vuð kj Hkkjr ea L=h i#k vuðkr 940 gsvfkr 1000 "kj i k ea i#k ka ds i hNs efgykva dh l ð; k 940 gð tutkr; ka ea ; g 990 gð gkykfd vvx vvx l epk; ka ea ; g vvx vvx gSfl fdde ds; g 744 gSrksmMhl k ds [kfm; kl k ea ; g1098 gð rkfydk 2 l s ; g Li"V gSfd tutkr l ekt ea Hkh L=h i#k vuðkr ea fxjkoV dh i þr gSyfdu 2011 ea bl ea of) dh i þr gð=L=h i#k vuðkr jk'Vh; vð r l s tutkr l ekt ea l nð vf?kd gð

rkfydk 2
Hkkjr ea jk'Vh; ,oa tutkr l ekt ea
L=h i#k vuðkr

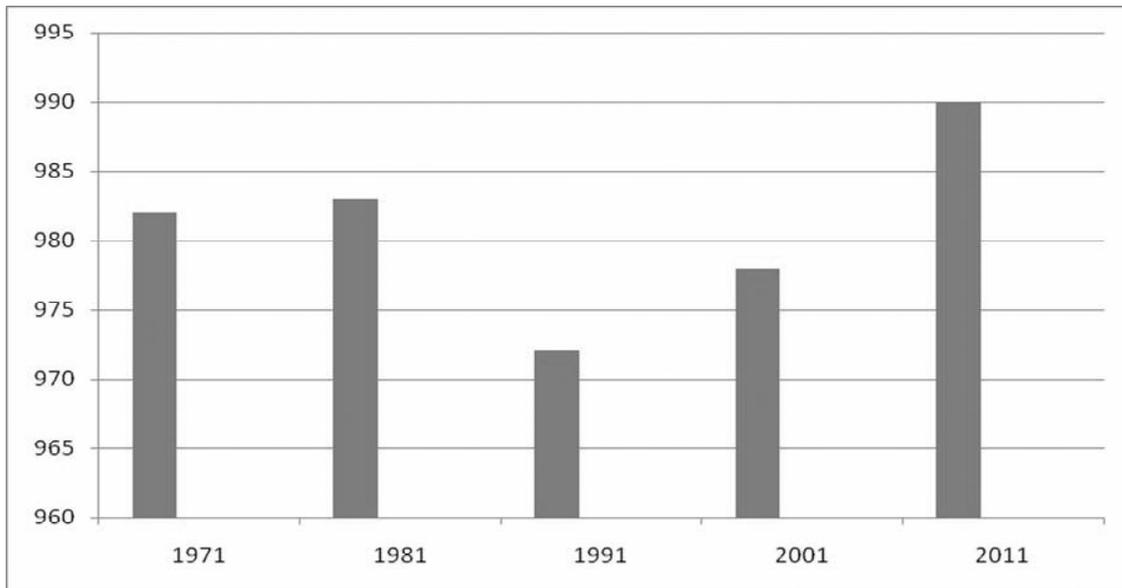
0k'z	jk'Vh;	tutkr l ekt
1971	930	982
1981	935	983
1991	927	972
2001	933	978
2011	940	990

Llkr- tux.kuk 2011

fdl h Hkh ns'k ds l keftd] vkfFkZd] l ka dfrd ixfri ds ekin.M dk vk/kkj ml {ks= dh tul ð; k dh l k{kjrk l s fu/kkZjr gkrk gS A iztkrkf=d "kkl u ea f"kf{kr ukxfjd gh erkf/kdkj dk mi; l s ,d fuf"pr fn"kk ea djrk gð l k{kjrk tlenj] er; qj] fookg ds l e; L=h vk; qvkn dks i Hkkfor djrk gð vr% fdl h {ks= ds l Ei wZ l keftd] vkfFkZd fØ; kdyki ka ds v/; ; u gsrq l k{kjrk dk Kku vko"; d gð n"kd ea jkT; ds l k{kjrk nj ea of) gðz gð fdl h ins'k ea tul ð; k dh l k{kjrk ea ifjorZ egRo iwZ LFku j [krk gð D; kfd bl ds }kjk gh ins'k ea fodkl ,oa vk; kst u gsrq #i j ðkk fu/kkZjr dh tkrh gð

Rkfydk 2 l s ; g Li"V gSfd tgkal k{kjrk dk jk'Vh; vð r 72. 8 ifr'kr gSogla tutkr; ka ea ; g 63.1 gð tgkal k{kjrk dk jk'Vh; vð r

tutkr lakt ea L=h i#k vujkr



**rkydk 3
tutkr lakt ea l{kjrk**

dy	jk"Vh;	tutkr lakt
	72. 8	63. 1
Ekgyk	64 .0	54. 4
lk#"k	81. 1	71 7

L=kr- , u , p , Q , l 2005- 06

i#"kaea 81.1 ifr"kr gSogka tutkr lakt ea ; g 71.7 ifr"kr gStutkr lakt eaefgykvka ea ; g 54. 4 ifr"kr , oa efgykvka jk"Vh; vls r 64 ifr"kr gS tutkr lakt ea l{kjrk ea vllk cgr fi NMs gS bl dk dkj .k xjhch gS

f"kkqer; qnj (vkb , e vkj) vFkkz , d gtkj tle yusokyka cPpkaea 1 o'kzeafdrus dh er; qgksh gS ; g f"kkqer; qnj vud fir tutkr ea 62. 1 , oa vud fir tkfr oxlea 66 .4 gS dkky er; qnj vFkkz 4 o'kzeaftrus cPpka dh er; qgksh gS rFkk 5 o'kzeaftrus cPpka dh er; qgksh gSog vud fir tutkr ea lakt/kd 35 .8 rFkk 95 .7 gS vud fir tkfr oxlea; g 23. 2 , oa 88. 1 gS vud fir tutkr lakt ea xjhch vls dkj ksk.k dk vl j ifjokj dsyMek rFkk yMeh ij l eku #i l s i Mk gS

Tutkfr I ekt ,oa LokLF; I æðkh I þdld
 rkfydk 4
 vuð fyrir tutkfr ea eR;q nj

	f' k' kqeR; q nj	Clky eR; q nj	5 o"kdsvøj eR; qnj
vuð fyrir tutkfr	62. 1	35. 8	95. 7
vuð fyrir tkfr	66. 4	23. 2	88. 1
vlU; fi NMk oXkz	56. 6	17 .3	72. 8
jk"Vh; vkS r	48. 9	10. 8	59 .2

L=ks-, u , p , Q , I 2005- 06

rkfydk 5
 iztuu nj

oxl	iztuu nj
jk"Vh; vkS r	2. 3
vuð fyrir tutkfr	3 .12

L=kr - tux.kuk 2011

iztuu nj vFkkfr ,d efgyk ökj i shk fd, x, cPpka dh I ð; k dk jk"Vh; vkS r 2 .3 gS ,oa vuð fyrir tutkfr ea 3 .12 gS I jdkj bls 2 ij ykus dks iz; kl jr gA vuð fyrir tutkfr ea vf/kd iztuu nj vHkh Hkh ppuks h gA tul ð; k dh vf/kdrk ds fy, vf/kd iztuu nj ,d egROIwKz dkjd gA

rkfydk 6
 ekrRo vk; q (15-19 o'ld)

oxl	%
vuð fyrir tutkfr	21
vuð fyrir tkfr	20
vlU; fi NMk oXk	16
jk"Vh; vkS r	12

L=kr: , u , p , Q , I 2005- 06

ekrRo vk; q (15- 19 o'ld) ea vuð fyrir tutkfr ea I okd/kd 21 ifr"kr efgyk, a gA de mez ea eka cuus I sil o ds I e; ekrRo eR; q vf/kd gkrh gA i d o ds I e; ekrRo eR; q vuð fyrir tutkfr ea vf/kd gA bl dk ,d vlU; dkj.k jDrkYirk gA

rkydk 7
vud fpr tutkfr ea jDrkYirk

vud fpr tutkfr l e p k ;	jDrkYirk (%)
i k&M h Hk p ; k	85
v c w e k f M ; k	40
f c j g k j	29
c S k k	42. 2

L=kr: , u , p , Q , I 2005- 06

, u , p , Q , I 2005- 06 ds vud kj vud fpr tutkfr l e p k ; ea (47.3%) ea jDrkYirk gS jDrkYirk l schekjh l syMusdh rkd r l ekr gk tkrh gS vlsj og l d e . k j k s k a d s p i / e a t Y n h v k t k r s g A

rkydk 8
vud fpr tutkfr l e p k ; ea fookg vk ; q

vud fpr tutkfr l e p k ;	fookg vk ; q
v k v k s u k x k	16 - 20
p p p q	14
[k k l h	13 - 18
D k s y h	12 - 16
C k k n	19
x k M	18
e p k	18
V k j k o	16

L=kr - , u , p , Q , I , 2005 06

rkydk 9
vud fpr tutkfr dk izkl fud l okvla ea ifrfuf/Ro 1996 -2000

	vkbZ , , I		vkbZ i h ,		vkb , Q , I	
	1996	2000	1996	2000	1996	2000
dy	5047	5519	2947	3301	2305	2537
vud fpr tutkfr	270	261	208	229	158	179
vud fpr tkfr of)	5. 3	5. 1	7. 1	6. 9	6. 9	7. 0

L=kr: fM i R V e M v k Q i l L y , M V s u x , H k k j r l j d k j

vud fpr tutkfr l e p k ; ea cky fookg dk ipyu ugha gS vud fpr tutkfr l e p k ; ea fookg fd " k j k o L F k k d s c k n g h d h t k r h g A vud fpr tutkfr l e p k ; ea fookg vk ; q d s

ckjs ea cgr de v / ; ; u gS fl l gk us 1986 , oa Hkl hu us 1990 1998 ea vud fpr tutkfr l e p k ; ea fookg dk v / ; ; u f d ; k F k k A

Hkkjr dh Lorærk dh yMkbZ ea vud fipr tutkfr; ka dh fu.kkZ d Hkkiedk jgh yfdu Hkkjr ds fodkl I smlganij j [kk x; kA bl dh , d >yd bfrgkl yfku ea gh ik I drs gS tgla yEcs I e; rd mlga LFkku gh ugha fn; k Xk; k tc bfrgkl yfku ea uhp ns[kus dk nf'Vdks k fodl hr gupk rc mudh Hkkiedk I keus vk I dhA mudh viuh fo'kV I adfr mRi knu dh fhkUu rjhds thou thus dh "kSyh vk/kfudhdj.k I snjh vkfFkd fodkl I snjh ds iedk dkj.k cuka ; |fi Hkkjrh; I ño/kku ea mlga lk; klr I j {k.k vkj i po'khz ; kst ukvka ds varxR Hkkjr dh fodkl dh j.kuhfr ea muds fodkl dks dkQh egRo fn; k x; k gSbl ds ckn Hkh oso fipr dh Js kh Lk T; knk vkxs ugha Ck<+i k, gA fl g 1/2014½

I gyh , oanij h i po'khz ; kst uk ea vud fipr tutkfr; ka ds fodkl ds fy, tutkfr {ks=ka ea I kekf t d vkfFkd I eL; kvka dscfu; knh fodkl dk; Zdeka dh ; kst uk cuk; h x; hA rhl jh ; kst uk ea oSj ; j , fyou I febr dh I arfir ij tutkrh; fodkl [kM C; oLFkk dks ykxw fd; k x; kA ; g C; oLFkk tutkfr; ka dks ipk; r I LFkkvka ds ek/; e I sfodl hr djus ds fy, viuk; k x; kA prfKZ ; kst uk ea tgla vud fipr tutkfr; ka dh I a; k vf/kd Fkh ogka 489 fodkl [kM cuk; k x; kA bl ; kst uk ij 75 dj kM+ [kpZ fd; k x; kA i lipoh ; kst uk ea l gk; d ; kst uk, a "kkfey dh xbZ bl ds fy, Vr; Qry I c lyku {ks=ka dks 178 tuTKfr ifj; kst uk ea l xFB r fd; k x; kA NBh ; kst uk ea 10000 tutkfr tul a; k ds i kdVl cukdj ekMhQk; M , fj; k MoyieV , i kp fl LVe fodl r fd; k x; kA I kroha ; kst uk

eafl fDde earhu u;s, dhdr tutkfr fodkl dk; Zde "kkfey fd; k x; kA ft I I s 1987&88 rd 184 , dhdr tutkfr fodkl dk; Zde fdz k"khyy gq ftuds varxR 313 21 yk [k tutkfr vkcknh vkrh gA vkt Hkh ; kst ukvka ea I jdkjh f"kk {k.k I LFkkvka , oa ukSdjh; ka ea muds fy, LFkku vkj f {kr gAX; kj goha , oa Ckj goha ; kst ukvka ea I ekos"kh fodkl dh j.kuhfr viukdj I ekt ds fuEu rcds ds ykxka ds fodkl dh fn"kk ea iz kl Tkkjh gA

fu'd"kk

vc rd dh ; kst ukvka ds dky ea Hkkjr dh tutkfr; ka ds fodkl ds fy, I jdkj us tks dñ fd; k ml eaog I Qy Hkh jgk D; kñd osu dñoy I keku; vkcknh dk fgl I k gScfyd vf [ky Hkkjrh; i'kkI fud I okvka I sydj fo/kk; u o dk; i kyu ds {ks= eacgrj ifrfuf/kRo dj jgh gA (rkfydk 7) yfdu Hkkjr dh vkfFkd vkj I kekfTk d i xfr ea tutkfr; ka dks cjkj dh gd ugha fey I dkAbI ds fy, I jdkj dh uhfr; ka dks gh nskh ugha eku I drs bl dk , d eny dkj.k mudh vyx Fkyx jgus dh thou "kSyh jgh tks/khjs/khjs fodkl dk; Zdeka I s tM I dh vkh Hkh ; g eqnk fopkj djus; kx; gSfd D; k bl sbl h rjg I spyusfn; k tk; ; k fQj u; sfl jsl sj.kuhfr cuk; h tk, D; kñd fodkl ea tks Qkl yk c< jgk gS og fPnrk dk fo'k; gA; gh Qkl yk vyxkooknh ifdz k dks tle nrk gS tks jk'Va dh , drk o v [kMrk ds fy, [krjk cu I drk gA I arqV djus yk; d ckr ; g gSfd ; svc ofipr I eny ugha gScfyd vc i R; d {ks= ea fdl h u fdl h #i ea budh Hkkiedk gA

70 | *vuq'pr tutkr , oa ekuo fodkl -----*

I mHk%

eks k'z uru (2014), ; **kstuk** , ; kstuk Hkou, tuojh , i"B 38- 41

Baxla C.,(2014) LokLF; I eL; kvkadh papkr; kaI sturk vlfne tutkrI ek' Souvenir" Golden jubilee National seminar on Health Psychology :Indian Perspectives,Pt. Ravishankar Shukla University Raipur, 1-3 Feb.2014 P.-33.

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frokjh, vry (2009) ujsk xteh.k Hkkjr eacnyko ykus dk egROI wk'z vflk; ku, ~~df/ls~~ , xteh.k fodkl e=ky; , o'k'56 ,vd 2 fnl ej , i"B-13

JhokLroj eg'sk,(2013) **NRrhl x< dsfcjg' tutkr dh I k'f'kd v'f'kd n'k** oBko izdk'ku, jk; i'jA

c?ksy] vuq'p; k] , oa fo'odek'z ifrek (2012)NRrhl x< ea v'k'f'no'k' h fodkl I eL; k, a, oa I Hkkouk, , jk'Vh; 'k'k'k I aksBh, 15 -16 Qojh, 2012 , 'k'k' dh; ts; kskune NRrhl x< egkfo /ky; , jk; i'j , i"B 2

xxZ eerK , oaI jdkj, f'k[k'k' 2012%21 ohal nh ea tutkrh; efgyk v'k' dk 'k'k'f.kd I 'k'f'drdj.k papkr; ka , oa vol j "**tutkrh; efgyk dk I 'k'f'drdj.k** vYQk ifcyd'sku i- 237&245

fl g, jghl 2014% ; **kstuk** , ; kstuk Hkou, tuojh, i"B 42 -44

, u , p , Q , I , 2005- 06

tux.kuk 2011ds vufire v'k'dMA



xjhch mlenyu ea yf{kr I kozt fud forj.k izkkyh dh HMedk

* *MMW 1/2herh2 vpuk 'kelz*
** */kjew iz kn dqlolgk*

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21 March 2015

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28 March 2015

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26 March 2015

xjhch js{kk I s uhp s thou&; ki u djus okys ifjokjka dks mfpr dher ij [kk | klu mi yC/k
djkus, oanw jh vko'; d oLrnpka dh vki firz dj xjhch nij djuso buds thou ea vkfFKZ fodkl
izkLR djus grq yf{kr I kozt fud forj.k izkkyh dh LFKki uk 1997 ea dh xbZ FkA iLr
v/; ; u eanb fun'ku fof/k nekjk e/; insk dsl ruk ftysdsmRrjnkvka dk p; u dj ikfKfed
I ead I dfyr dj bl ; kstuk ds fdz klu; u dk v/; ; u fd; k x; kj 'kksk mijkUr ; g rF;
vk; k fd bl ; kstuk ds ykHkKfFKZ ka dh vkfFKZ&I kelftd fLFkr n; uh; g\$ vr%bl ; kstuk I s
feyusokyk jk'ku buds fy, vfr egROI wkZ g\$ y\$du bl ; kstuk ds I Qy fdz klu; u g\$ t\$ s
de uki rky] [kk/klu dh xqkorrk dk vHko rFk i jk'ku ifrekg i ktr u gkuk g\$ vr%bl ds
I Qy fdz klu; u ds fy; s vko'; d g\$fd bl dk fdz klu; u i k jnf'kz ki wkZ fd; k tkuk pfg,
rHkh ; g ; kstuk okLrfod vFKka ea xjhch fuokj.k ea I Qy gks ik; schA

thou dh enyHkur vko'; drkvka ea [kk | klu
igyh ikfKfedrk g\$ D; kaid [kk | klu ds cx\$
vkfFKZ fodkl dh ifjdYiuk ugh dh tk
I drh g\$ ubz vkfFKZ uhfr ds ckn I Hkh
vFKZ kFL=; ka dk /; ku vkfFKZ fodkl dh v\$
jgk v\$ I jdkj us Hkh bl dk Hkj i j I g; kx
fd; k g\$ ckt in fodkl ds brus Åps Lrj dks

i ktr djus dscn jk\h t\$ h Nk\h I h vko'; drk
dks utj vnk t fd; k x; kj D; kaid , d k ekuk
x; k fd vkfFKZ fodkl dk ykHk I ekt ds
i R; d oxZ dks fey jgk g\$ y\$du ; g oge FkA
orZeku ea xjhch js{kk v\$ xjhch dk vkldyu
nsk dk I cl s T; knk pfpz v\$ fooknLin
ekeyk g\$ vktknh ds ckn I erknyd vkfFKZ

* i k/; ki d , oafolHkxki/; {k vFKZ kL= fohkx} egkj kuh y{ehckbz'kkI dh; LukrdkRrj dU; k egkfo | ky; } fdyk
Hkou] blnk\$ %e- i z\$ Hkjr
** i h, p-Mh- 'kkskFkz MMW cickl kgc vEcm dj jk"Vh; I kelftd foKku I kFku] %egik blnk\$ %e- i z\$

fodkl o xjhch fuokj.k grq dN dk; Bæ
 pyk; s x; s cktw xjhc ifjokjka dh
 l keftd&vkrFkd fLFkr ea dkbz fo'kSk l qkkj
 ugha gks ik; k gA [kk] vko'drkvka dh vki firZ
 rFkk xjhch fuokj.k grq l u~1964 es Hkkj rh;
 [kk] fuxe ds ek/; e l s l koZtfud forj.k
 izkkyh dh LFkkiuk dh xb] ftl dk mÍs;
 l ekt ds iR; d 0; fDr dh vkrFkd fLFkr dks
 /; ku ea j [krs gq [kk] klu miyC/k djuk FkA
 bl ds fdz klu; u grq ijs nSk ea vukt vsj
 vl; vko'; d l kefxz ka dk forj.k djus ds
 fy, ljdkjh mfpr eW; dh nqtkuka dk tky
 fcNk; k x; kA bl 0; oLFkk dk eryc yxka dh
 U; ware t: jrkadksmfpr dher ij ijk djuk
 Fkk ljdkj bl dsfy, cktkj l s vf/kd dher
 ij [kk] klu rFkk vl; l kefxz kw[kjhn dj de
 dher ij miyC/k djkrh gA l kFk gh nqtku
 pykus vukt o vl; l kefxz ka dk ifjogu
 djus vsj 0; oLFkk ds j[kj [kko dk 0; ; Hkh
 ljdkj gh ogu djrh gA ,d rjg l s yf{kr
 l koZtfud forj.k izkkyh dby , d ; kstuk gh
 ugha cfYd ; g ,d l dskkfud Áfrc}rk Hkh gA
 1964 l s 1997 rd bl izkkyh dk ykHk l Hkh
 oxka dks l eku : i l sfeyrk jgk] yfdu tu
 1997 ea Hkkj r ljdkj usfu.kz fd; k fd de
 dher ij jk'ku dby xjhch j[kk l s uhps
 thou& ki u djus okys 0; fDr; ka dks gh
 miyC/k dj; k tk; } D; kad vHkh rd bl dk
 l epr ykHk xjhchard ugha i gP ik jgk FkA
 bl izdkj xjhch j[kk l s uhps thou& ki u
 djus okys ifjokjka dks mfpr dher ¼uEu
 dher½ ij jk'ku miyC/k dj; k tkus yxk]

tcfd xjhch j[kk l s Åij okys ifjokjka dks bl
 dher l s vf/kd dher ij jk'ku miyC/k
 dj; k tkus dh 0; oLFkk l fuf' pr dh xbA

**[kk] klu ,oa nu jh vk'; d l kexh
 forj.k fd; s tkus dh ek=k ,oa dher**

xjhch j[kk l s uhps thou& ki u djus okys
 ifjokjka dks l u~1997 l s gh [kk] klu ,oa vlU
 vko'; d l kexh miyC/k dj; h tk jgh gA
 Hkkj r ea xjhch j[kk l s uhps thou& ki u djus
 okys ifjokjka dks tkjh fu/kZu l sfu/kZu rcdkads
 chip Hkq[kejh gvku\$ [kk] l j[kk inku djus ,oa
 yf{kr l koZtfud forj.k izkkyh ds mÍs; dks
 ijk djus dh fn'kk each- ih- ,y- ; kstuk ,d
 vfregroi wkZ dne gA

yf{kr l koZtfud forj.k izkkyh ea i kj Hkd
 l e; l s vi\$y 2000 rd 10 fdykske Áfr
 jk'ku dkmZ ifrekg [kk] klu inku fd; k tkrk
 FkA xjhch dh 0; ki drk dks n[krs gq vi\$y
 2000 ea 20 fdykske Áfr jk'kudkmZ ifrekg
 dj fn; k x; k] [kk] klu ek=k dks l n<+djus
 grqvi\$y 2002 l s 35 fdykske Áfr jk'kudkmZ
 ifrekg dj fn; k x; kA gkykfd e/; inSk ea
 t\$ k fd mDr rkfydk eafn [kk; k x; k g\$ inSk
 xjhch j[kk l s uhps ds jk'kudkmZ dh l \$; k
 vf/kd gksus ds dkj.k inSk ds mi HkkDrkvka dks
 ek= 20&25 fdyks [kk] klu gh ifrekg forfjr
 fd; k tkrk gA [kk] l j[kk vf/kfu; 2013] ykxw
 gksus ds ckn inSk ea tuojh 2014 l sykxwfd; k
 x; k] tuojh 2014 l s gh 05 fdykske [kk] klu
 Áfr 0; fDr ifrekg inku fd; k tkus yxkA¹

xjhch j[kk l s uhps thou ; ki u djus okys
 ifjokj dks d\$ks l u 04 yHvj ifr jk'kudkmZ

ifrekg] 01 fdykskte phuh ifr jk' kudkMZ ifrekg ,oaued 01 fdykskte ifr jk' kudkMZ ifrekg inku fd;k tkrk gA²

chi h, y ; kst uk vFkkz~xjhch j[kk l s uhps thou ; ki u djusokys ifjokj dks o"lz 2005 ea xgW05 #i , ifr fdykskte] pkoy 6-50 #i , ifr fdykskte] phuh 13-50 #i , ifr fdykskte ,oadsksl u 8-60 l s9-42 #i , ifr yhVj gS tks ftyk dyDVj }okjk fu/kkZjr fd;k tkrk gA djsksl u fMiks l sforj.k dlnzrd ds djsksl u ifjogu 0; ; dks bl dh forj.k dher ea tkM+fn; k tkrk gA o"lz 2008 ea xgW pkoy , oaphuh dh dherka ea dkbz ifjorZ ugh gqk tcf djsksl u 9-19 l s 11-17 #i , ifr yhVj gks x; kA o"lz 2011 ea xjhcks ij fx'kSk /; ku nrs gq l jdkj us [kk|klu dherade djrsgq xgW03 #i , ifr fdykskte] pkoy 4-50 #i , ifr fdykskte] phuh 13-50 #i , ifr fdykskte ,oadsksl u 12-17 l s 14-17 #i , ifr yhVj dj fn; k x; kA [kk| l j{kk vf/kfu; e 2013] ykxw gks ds dskn insk ea tuojuh 2014 l sykxw fd;k x; k] tuojuh 2014 l sgh xgW, oapko y 01 #i , ifr fdykskte dj fn; k x; k] tcf d phuh 13-50 #i , ifr fdykskte] djsksl u 15-37 l s 19-10 #i , ifr yhVj , oaxqkoRrki wkZ ued 01 #i , ifr fdykskte fu/kkZjr fd;k x; kA Kkr0; gS fd insk ds djsksl u fMiks l sftyka dh njih ds vuqkr ea iR; d ftys dh djsksl u ifjogu ykxra yxHkx vyx&vyx gks ds dkj.k ftyokj dher Hkh yxHkx vyx&vyx fu/kkZjr gks h gA³

xjhch j[kk l s uhps thou& ; ki u djusokys

ifjokj ka dks tkjh fu/kZ l sfu/kZ rcdka ds chp Hkq[kejh gVkus , oa yf{kr l koZt fud forj.k izkkyh ds mIs; ; dks ij k djus dh fn'kk ea vUR; kn; vlu ; kst uk , d vfreg Roi wkZ dne gA bl izdkj bl ; kst uk ea jkT; ds vlnj yf{kr l koZt fud forj.k izkkyh ds v/khu doj fd; s x; s xjhch j[kk l s uhps ds ifjokj ka ea l s , d djM+fu/kZre- ifjokj ka dks 2 : i ; s ifr fdykskte xgW, oa3 : i ; s ifr fdykskte pkoy ifrekg miyC/k djkus dh ifjdYi uk dy 25 fd-xk- ifrekg miyC/k djkus dh ifjdYi uk vkjEHk dh xbZ FkA yfdu 01 viSy 2002 l s [kk|klu ek=k c<kdj 35 fd-xk- ifrekg dj fn; k x; kA⁴

vUR; kn; vlu; ; kst uk ds ykHkFkZ ifjokj ka dks djsksl u 05 yhVj ifr jk' kudkMZ ifrekg] 01 fdykskte phuh ifr jk' kudkMZ ifrekg ,oa ued 01 fdykskte ifr jk' kudkMZ ifrekg inku fd;k tkrk gA⁵

vUR; kn; vlu; ; kst uk ds ykHkFkZ ifjokj ka dks o"lz 2005 ea xgW02 #i , ifr fdykskte] pkoy 03 #i , ifr fdykskte] phuh 13-50 #i , ifr fdykskte ,oadsksl u 8-60 l s9-42 #i , ifr yhVj gS tks ftyk dyDVj }okjk fu/kkZjr fd;k tkrk gA djsksl u fMiks l sforj.k dlnz rd ds djsksl u ifjogu 0; ; dks bl dh forj.k dher ea tkM+fn; k tkrk gA o"lz 2008 ea xgW pkoy , oaphuh dh dherka ea dkbz ifjorZ ugh gqk tcf djsksl u 9-19 l s 11-17 #i , ifr yhVj gks x; kA o"lz 2011 ea Hkh ea xgW pkoy , oaphuh dh dherka ea dkbz ifjorZ ugh gqk tcf djsksl u 12-17 l s 14-17 #i , ifr yhVj

74 | xjhch mleyu ea yf{kr-----

gksx; kA [kk | I j {kk vf/kfu; e 2013] ykxw gksus ds ckn insk ea tuojh 2014 I s ykxw fd; k x; k] tuojh 2014 I sgh xsgW, oapko y 01 #i , ifr fdykskte dj fn; k x; k] tcf d phuh 13-50 #i , ifr fdykskte] d s k s l u 15-37 I s 19-10 #i , ifr yhVj , oaxqkoRrki w k z ued 01 #i , ifr fdykskte fu/kkZjr fd; k x; kA Kkr0; gS fd insk ds d s k s l u f m i k s l s f t y k a d h n j h d s v u q k r e a i r d f t y s d h d s k s l u i f j o g u y k x r a y x H k x v y x & v y x g k s u s d s d k j . k f t y s k j d h e r H k h y x H k x v y x & v y x f u / k k Z j r g k s h g A 6

'kksk l eL; k dk p; u%

iLrqr 'kksk i= ea xjhch mleyu ea yf{kr I koZtfud forj.k izkkyh dh Hkfedk fo"K; dk p; u fd; k x; k gA [kk | k l u d h l e L ; k v k t k n H k k j r d h c m h l e L ; k g A y f { k r l k o Z t f u d f o r j . k i z k k y h b l f n ' k k e a e g R o i w k z d n e m B k ; k g A v r % ; g n s [k u k f d ; g ; k s t u k [k k | k l j { k k d h f n ' k k e a f d r u h l d k j k R e d d n e m B k ; k g S r F k k ; g d g k a r d l Q y g A D ; k o k L r o e a [k k | l j { k k d h f n ' k k e a b l ; k s t u k d h H k f e d k g s v F k o k u g h b R ; k f n d k s L i " V d j u s g r q ' k k s k l e L ; k d k p ; u f d ; k x ; k g A

v/; ; u ds mnas;

01- yf{kr I koZtfud forj.k izkkyh ds fgrxkfg; ka dh I kelftd&vkfFkd i' BHKfie dk v/; ; u djuka

02- fgrxkfg; ka dh vkthfodk ea yf{kr I koZtfud forj.k izkkyh ds [kk | k l u d h

i Hkko'khyrk dk v/; ; u djuka

v/; ; u dk {ks-%

iLrqr 'kksk&i= ea v/; ; u {ks= ds fy, mRrj&i w h z e - i z d s l r u k f t y s d k p ; u f d ; k x ; k g A H k s k s k y d n f " V d k s k l s l r u k f t y s d k f o L r k j 23 *] 58 I s 25 *] 12 m Y k j h v { k k a k r F k k 80 *] I s 81 *] 23 i w h z n s k k U r j e a f L F k r g A ; g f t y k i k d f r d l a k / k u k a l s i f j i w k z g A ; g k d k l h e a V m | k s i j s H k k j r e a i f l } g A p u k j l k s k c h u] x g W r F k k p k o y ; g k a d h i e d [k Q l y g A 2011 d h t u x . k u k v u d k j ; g k W d h t u l a [; k 22] 28] 619 g s t k s e / ; i n s k d h d y t u l a [; k d k 3 - 07 i f r ' k r g s f t l e a l k { k j r k d k L r j 73 - 8 i f r ' k r g A o " k z 2014 d s v u d k j f t y s e a x j h c h j s [k k l s u h p s t h o u & ; k i u d j u s o k y s i f j o k j k a d h l a [; k 1] 99] 081] v l r ; k n ; v l u ; k s t u k i f j o k j k a d h l a [; k 75] 237 g A u x j h ; { k s = d h v f / k d k a k d k ; Z k h y t u l a [; k m | k s k a e a d k ; j r g A t c f d x k e h . k t u l a [; k d s t h o u f u o k z d k l k / k u d f " k d k ; Z o d f " k e t n j h g A f t y s d h y x H k x 70 i f r ' k r t u l a [; k x k h e a f u o k l d j r h g A e / ; i n s k e a b l ; k s t u k d h ' k q v k r d s l k F k b l s l r u k f t y s e a H k h i k j E H k f d ; k x ; k A b l i z d k j ; g ; k s t u k ; g k W i j H k h l p k : i l s f d z k f l o r d h t k j g h g A

xjhch j s [k k l s u h p s t h o u & ; k i u d j u s o k y k i f j o k j v / ; ; u d h b d k b z g A i L r q r ' k k s k i = e a l e x t u l s p u k o d s f y , n d f u n ' k z u f o f / k d s v k / k j i j 100 m R r j n k r k v k a d k p ; u f d ; k x ; k g A

i kFked I eadka dk I kj.kh; u rFkk fo'yšk.k

I kj.kh Ø- 1

Ijdkjh mfr eW; dh nqlku Is ifrekg ikr I kexh Is I æð/kr I ead

Ø	forj.k	vlofRr	ifr'kr
01	dšksl u] phuh] xsgw]pkoy vls ued	20	20
02	ek= xsgw]vls pkoy	80	80
	dy	100	100

mijkDr I kj.kh Is Li"V gS fd dšksl u] phuh] xsgw]pkoy vls ued bR; kfn I Hkh I kexh ikr djusokys mRrjnkrk 20 ifr'kr gSrFkk ftlgaek= xsgw]vls pkoy 80 ifr'kr gA 20 ifr'kr ifjokj tkx: d gS rFkk os vius vf/kdkjka ds ifr I tx gš bl fy, os I kjk I keku ikr dj yrs gš ftlga dby xsgw]vls pkoy gh ikr gsrk gS buea tkx: drk dk vHkko rFkk ftl I e; I kexh fey jgh gsrh gš ml I e; iŠ ks dk Hkh vHkko ik; k tkrk gA

60 ifr'kr mRrjnkrkvka dk ekuuk gSfd mlga iR; sd ekg 20&25 fd-xk. [kk|klu feyrk gS rFkk ; s mRrjnkrk xjhch j[kk I s

I kj.kh Ø- 2

[kk|klu dh ek=k Is I EcfU/kr I ead ¼ ifrekg½

Ø	forj.k	vlofRr	ifr'kr
1	15&20 fd-xk	20	20
2	20&25 fd-xk	60	60
3	30&35 fd-xk	20	20
	dy	100	100

uhps thou& ki u djusokysgA tcfD 15&20 ifr'kr mRrjnkrkvka dk ekuuk gSfd mlgaek= 15&20 fd-xk gh feyrk gA 20 ifr'kr mRrjnkrkvka dks 35 fd-xk ifrekg ikr gsrk gS ; s ifjokj vfr&xjhc gA 15&20 fd-xk ftlga ikr gsrk gS os tkx: d ugh gš ftruk I ŸI eš nrk os mruk gh ikr dj yrs gA

80 ifr'kr mRrjnkrkvka dk ekuuk gš fd [kk|klu dh ek=k ?kfv; k gA D; kfd yky xsgw]vls k fdLe dk gš gA pkoy tksfn; k tkrk gš og cgr ijkuk gš tks [kus ea Lokn"V ugh gsrk gA I keld; crkus okys mRrjnkrkvka dk ifr'kr 12 gš ftlghaus vlo'; drk i Mæs ij geskk cktkj I sHkh fuEu dksV dk [kk|klu gh [kjhnrs gA

76 Ixjch mleyu ea yf{kr-----

I kj.kh Ø- 3

[kk|klu ½xgw vlg ploy½ dh xqloRrk
I s l æð/kr I eð

Ø	forj.k	vkofRr	ifr'kr
1	vPNk	04	04
2	cgr vPNk	04	04
3	I keld;	12	12
4	[kjk	80	80
	dy	100	100

mijkDr I kj.kh I sLi"V gSfd 80 ifr'kr
mRrjnkrkvka dk ekuuk gSfd mlga I e; ij
[kk|klu ugh fey ikrk gS vFKkz~ mlga 2 ekg
; k 3 ekg ckn rd fey ikrk gA 94 ifr'kr
mRrjnkrkvka dk ekuuk gSfd osmfpr eW; ds
[kk|klu dk Lo; a mi; lxx djrs gS pkgs og
fdruk gh ?kfV; k D; ka u gkA tcfD 60 ifr'kr
mRrjnkrkvka dk ekuuk gS fd bl I s muds
thou ea; g [kk|klu cgr mi; lxxh gA tcfD
40 ifr'kr mRrjnkrk ekursgS fd jk'ku nptku
I s mlga vki kuh I sfey tkrk gS vxj ogka I s
ugh feysrc oscktkj I syk; xA

I kj.kh Ø- 4
fofo/k I eð

Ø-	forj.k	gk		ugha		dy	
		vkofRr	ifr'kr	vkofRr	ifr'kr	vkofRr	ifr'kr
1	vki dks [kk klu ifrekg I e; kuð kj fey tkrk gA	20	20	80	80	100	100
2	[kk klu dk mi Hkx Lo; a djrs gS	94	94	06	06	100	100
3	[kk klu I svki ds thou ea I ðkj gprk gA	60	60	40	40	100	100

fu"d"lz %

1- >ki fM+ ka rFk dPps edkuka ea jgus okys
ifjokjka dh I æ; k vf/kd gS bl fy, I jdkj }kjk
fo'kkr; k budsfy, de I sde dher ; k eqir ea
Hh [kk|klu mi yC/k dj; k tk; } rkd buds thou
dk fodkl I ðuf'pr gks I dA

2- I jdkj }kjk [kk|klu I e; ij forfjr
djkus dh dks'k" k dh tkuh pkfg, A
3- dN ifjokj ,d s gS ftuds ikl geskk i s k
ugh gkrk gS vr% muds fy, ; g i ko/kku fd; k
tkuk pkfg, fd os ekg ea dHh Hh [kk|klu ikr
dj I dA

- 4- [kk | klu dh xqkoRrk ea l qkkj djuk vfr tkuk vR; ko' ; d gA
vko' ; d gA 6- [kk | klu forj .k ea i kjnf' kirk dk vHkko gS
5- jk'ku ds vUrxr ftruh l kefxz ka dk vr%, d svf/kdkjh ; k depkjh dsf[kykQ l Dr
forj.k fd; s tkus dk iko/kku gS os l eLr dkjokgh dh tkuh pkfg, tks HkzVpkj eafyLr
ifrekg ijh ikjnf'kirk ds l kfk forfjr fd; k ik; k tkrk gA

I anHk%

- 01- okf"kd fjiks/2012&13 [kk | vks l koztud forj .k foHkx] mi HkkDrk ekeyS [kk | vks l koztud forj.k ea=ky; Hkkjr i"B dkd 48
- 02- <http://www.food.mp.gov.in/17/02/2015>
- 03- foHkxh; izkkl dh; ifrosu [2004&05] 2007&08] 2010&11] 2013&14½ [kk | ukxfjd vki firZ, oa mi HkkDrk l j (k.k foHkx) e/; inSk 'kkl u Hkks ky
- 04- okf"kd fjiks/2009&10 [kk | vks l koztud forj .k foHkx] mi HkkDrk ekeyS [kk | vks l koztud forj.k ea=ky; Hkkjr i"B dkd 49&50
- 05- <http://www.food.mp.gov.in/17/02/2015>
- 06- foHkxh; izkkl dh; ifrosu [2004&05] 2007&08] 2010&11] 2013&14½ [kk | ukxfjd vki firZ, oa mi HkkDrk l j (k.k foHkx) e/; inSk 'kkl u Hkks ky



e/; inšk eaefgyk vij/k k o l j{k.k dkuw

*MW včuk tš

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24 Feb. 2015

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04 March 2015

Hkkjr v?kks"kr : i l siq "k izkku nšk ekuk tkrk gš vkfFkd l Rrk iq "k dsgkFk ea gksus l s efgyk ?kjsywfkd k dk f'kd kj gkrh gš efgyk fgd k dks jkdus dsfy, nšk o inšk ea dbz dkuw cuk; sx; sgš yfdu bu l c dsckotm efgyk fgd k dh f'kd kj gkrh gš iLr r v/; ; u ea; g tkuus dk iz kl fd; k x; k gSfd efgyk ?kjsywfkd k dk f'kd kj D; ka gkrh gš. D; k ifyl efgyk fgd k jkd ik jgh gš blghackrk dks tkuus dk iz kl bl "kksk v/; ; u eafd; k x; k gš vkadMka dsfo"yšk.k l s i rk pyr k gSfd vf/kdkak efgyk vij/k k ; k rks ifjokj dh efgyvkads l kFk ?kFVr gq ; k Lo; ads l kFk i Mka h o ifjpr efgyk, ancko] 'keZ; k vU; dkj.ka l svi jk/k dsckjseacrku ughapkrh gš l kFk gh l kFk efgyk vij/k k ea idj.k ntZ u djokus l s u; k; ugha feyk ftUgksus idj.k ntZ djok, muds ekeys Hkh yEcs l e; l s fopkj k/khu gš dñ efgyvkasus i kfjokj d ; k vU; ncko ea idj.k oki l ysfy; kA

efgyk, i l ekt dh vk/kh tul d; k gkrh gš fdlurqbl l shkh egROI wZrF; Bog ekuo l ekt dks tle nsosokyh vks ikyu i kSk.k djusokyh tuuh gkrh gšP iq "k dk vLrRo efgyk ds vLrRo dsfcuk l Etko ughagš ekrk dsollnuh; : i dsvfrfjDr Hkh og cgul i Ruhj i e h o vU; i kfjokj d l Ecu/kka l stMaj iq "k l epk; dks thounkf; uh Lusg o i e Hkkouk dk ifrd gkrh gš yfdu bl l s cMh foMEcuk vks D; k gks

l drh gSfd bl h vk/kh nfiu; k dks vR; kpkj ka dh Øj tat h j ka ea t d M us ea l ekt us dkbz dl j ugha NkMh gš

Hkkjr v?kks"kr : i l siq "k izkku nšk ekuk tkrk gš vkfFkd l Rrk iq "k dsgkFk ea gksus l s i Ruhj cgul cš/hj ek ds : i ea efgyk ?kjsywfkd k dk f'kd kj gkrh jgrh gš efgyk fgd k dks jkdus dsfy, nšk ea dbz dkuw cuk; sx; s gš 2005 eaefgyk fgd k l j{k.k dkuw cuusds

* i k/; ki d] 'kkl - egkjkuh y{ehckbz Lukr dks'kj dU; k egk-] blnkj

ckotm efgyk fgd k ds idj.k c<rs tk jgs gđ
vks ifyl idj.k ntZughadjrh vks djrh gS
rks vijkk/kh NW tkrs gđ iLnr v/; ; u ea; g
tkuusdk iz kl fd; k x; k gS gđ brus efgyk
I j {kk dkuu ds ckotm efgyk ?kjsy wfgd k dh
f'kdkj D; ka gkrh gđ D; k ifyl efgyk fgd k
jkd ik jgh gđ vkfn ckrka dks tkuusdk iz kl
fd; k x; k gđ

v/; ; u dk mls; %

1/4 1/2 el; insk ea efgyk vijkk/k dh fLFkr
dks tkuuka

1/2 1/2 efgyk vijkk/k l s l EcfU/kr dkj .kka dk
v/; ; u djuka

1/3 1/2 efgyk vijkk/k l s l EcfU/kr /kkjk o l tk
dk v/; ; u djuka

vldMla o rF; ka dk l dyu % iLnr 'kksk
i = ikFfed o f}rh; d rF; ka ij vk/kfjr gđ
f}rh; d vldMs' kksk i = if=dkvka ea izdf' kr
y{ k o l jdkjh foHkxka l s tkudkj , d= dh
xbZgđ i kFfed rF; o vldMs i R; {k l k{kkrdkj
l em ppkZ nij Hkk"kk ij ppkZdj , d= fd; sx; s
gđ bl grqdy 200 ifjokj ka dh efgykva tks
Lo; a; k muds ifjokj dh dkbZ l nL;] i Mld h
efgyk ; k tku igpku dh efgyk fdl h efgyk
vijkk/k dh f'kdkj gđZgSftl dh tkudkj mlgā
gđ mu l c l s tkudkj , d= dh xbZgđ

v/; ; u l s iR rF; ka dk fo'ySk.k % Lnr
v/; ; u ds ek/; e l s mls; ds vuđ kj
el; insk ea efgyk fgd k vijkk/k dh fLFkr]

efgyk fgd k l s l EcfU/kr /kkjk o l tk] efgyk
vijkk/k ?kVkj vijkk/k dh tkudkj h fdl s nh
vijkk/kh ds n.M dh fLFkr vkfn rkyd kvka
}kj fo'ySk.k fd; k x; ka

l EcfU/kr l kgr; dk v/; ; u % l fpo Hkkjr
l jdkj ds vuđ kj Hkkjr ea tks efgyk, a dV/c
ea jgrh gđ ftuds ifr ?kjsy wfgd k gkrh gđ
mudh I j {kk ds fy, ns k ea 14 fl rEj 2005
dks efgyk fgd k l j {k.k vf/kfu; e ykxw fd; k
x; ka 1/4 kjk; .kh 2005 1/2

yokfu; r 1/2 2006 1/2 ds vuđ kj l a ĩ j k"V"
l ak us bl s 1979 ea vUrjZVh; dkuu dk : i
fn; ka cksj k 1/2 2006 1/2 ds v/; ; u ds vuđ kj
vi'kCh] jkd vkd djuš ekj i hV djuds ?kjsy
fgd k ekuk x; k gS vks bl ea ekj HkkHkh] cgu
i Ruh] fd'kksj; ka ds idj.k dks 'kkfey fd; k
tkrk gđ fu'kkUr 1/2 2007 1/2 ds v/; ; u ds vuđ kj
efgyk fgd k l j {k.k vf/kfu; e ds vUrXr i r kFMF
efgyk fdl h Hkh 0; Ld iq "k dks vfhk; kstr
dj l drh gđ vFkr ml dsfo:) idj.k ntZ
djok l drh gđ ifjokj dk dkbZ Hkh iq "k efgyk
dks ekjr k] ml ds l kFk vHkn Hkk"kk eackr djrk
; k ml l s fdl h dk; Z dks djus ds fy, foo'k
djrk gS rksog ?kjsy wfgd k vf/kfu; e ds rgr
ekeyk ntZ djok l drh gđ 1/4 fu'kkUr 2006 1/2

v/; ; u ea 'kkfey 200 ifjokj dh efgyk, a
tks Lo; a muds ifjokj ; k i Mld h ; k tku
igpku okyh efgyk tks ?kjsy wfgd k dk f'kdkj
gđZ dk v/; ; u fd; k x; k gđ

80 le;/insk ea efgyk vijkk-----

rkfydk Øekd & 1
e-iz ea efgyk vijkk dh fLFkr %oflké o"kk ež

vijkk	1991	1996	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
gR; k	437	512	480	439	388	364	412	244
gR; k dk iz, kl	202	252	299	216	265	238	308	125
ekjihv	2491	2756	3619	3750	3030	3242	3168	2198
xgjh pkv	864	768	857	755	642	574	630	482
NMNM+	5875	6003	8019	7062	6138	5810	6274	3708
vigj.k	981	813	615	283	469	511	478	380
cyRdkj	1949	2336	2676	2651	2396	1947	2215	1500
vRregR; k	430	627	625	546	537	560	624	356
ngst gR; k	176	432	543	610	610	584	657	340
irkvk	1334	1882	2430	2735	3052	2760	2482	1517
/kedh nsuk	1722	2091	4113	6467	5810	6222	6603	3234
efgykvkdh [kjnh o fcØh	0	10	3	6	6	8	17	14
ngst idj.k	67	69	35	30	69	57	63	24
vkxtuh	67	38	53	61	49	37	68	43
	16595	18589	24367	25611	23461	22914	23999	14165

- L=kr %1- e-iz efgyk , oacky fodkl foHkkxA
 2- e-iz ifj; kstuk vf/kdkjh dk; k;k; A
 3- e-iz l k[; fddh i qLrdkA

efgyk fga k l s l ecf/kr /kkj o l tk

Øekal	fga k	/kkj k	l tk
01	ngst gr; k	304	vkthou dkjkokl
02	efgyk dh 'kkfyurk Hkæ djusdh eá kk l sfga kj tcjnLrh djukA	54	2 o"lz
03	vi gj .kj Hkxkukj 'kknh dsfy , foo'k djuk	366	10 o"lz
04	ukckfyx yMæh dksdCtseaj [kuk	366	10 o"lz
05	cykRdkj	376	02 l s10 o"lz
06	, d i Ruh dstlfor gkrsgq nw jh 'kknh djuk	494	07 o"lz
07	0; fhkpkj	497	05 o"lz
08	efgyk dh 'kkfyurk Hkæ djusdh eá kk l svi 'kCnka; k v'yhy gjdr djuk	509	01 o"lz
09	>þk vkjki yxkuk	499	02 o"lz
10	pkVk ekjukj /kDdk eðdh nsukj fNuk >i Vh djuk	319	03 ekg
11	yDMh l sekjukj i hVuk ykr ?kq k l § ekfpl ; k fl xjv l stykuk	306	03 o"lz
12	vR; Ur xFEHkj fga k gi h VWukj xFEHkj : i l stykukj ykgsdh NM+l si hVukj /kkjnkj oLrql sokj djuk	232	07 o"lz
	dy	200	100

L=kr %efgyk , oacky fodkl foHkkxA

rkfydk Øekd & 2
 efgyk vijkk ?Wk ½o; a ds l kfk
 ifjokj ds l nL; ds l kfk ;k vU; ½

vijkk ?Wk	mùkjnrk	ifr'kr
Lo; ads l kfk	71	35-50
ifjokj dh l nL; k ds l kfk	86	43-00
i Mh@tku igpku okyh ds l kfk	37	18-50
vU; ds l kfk	06	03-00
dy	200	100

L=kr %l oðk.k ij vk/kkfjr 2014A

rkfydk Øekd & 3
 vijkk ?WVr gks is ij tkudkj nh

Øekd	tkudkjnh	mùkjnrk	ifr'kr
01	ifr@irk@ek; k ifjdj ds vU; l nL;	182	91-00
02	l gyh ds	08	400
03	i Mh ds	02	1-00
04	ifyl ds	08	400
	dy	200	100

L=kr %l oðk.k ij vk/kkfjr 2014

rkfydk Øekd & 4
 vijkkh ds n.M dh flfkfr

U; k; dh flfkfr	mùkjnrk	ifr'kr
U; k; feyk	02	0-52
U; k; ughafeyk	188	48-45
i dj .k fopkj k/ku	04	1-03
i dj .k n tZughafd; k	192	49-48
i dj .k oki l fy; k	02	0-52
dy	200	100

L=kr %l oðk.k ij vk/kkfjr 2014

rF; ka dk fo"ySk.k%

rkfydk Øekd & 1 dsfo'ySk.k l sLi"V gs
 fd] gR; kj pfj=] l Ung] ngst ekx] i kfjokfd
 dyg] nh jh vkr] tehu tk; nkn dsfy, 15
 l s 40 o"lz dh mez dh efgyk fga k dk vkfkd
 f'kdj kuh ekj i hV] ifr dh 'kjc dh yr ds
 dkj .k 20 l s 45 o"lz dh fuEu o e/; oxl dh
 efgyk fga k dh f'kdj kuhA NMANM+ ds
 vijkk] Ldy o dky st dh yMfd; ka ds l kfk
 14 l s 24 o"lz dh mez okyh ds l kfk vf/kd gq
 vi gj .k ds vijkk] ukckfyx yMfd; ka ds l kfk
 rFk cMh mez dh efgyk dks cgyk Qd ykdj
 fd; sx; s tks 12 l s 38 o"lz dh mez ds l kfk gq
 cykRdkj ds vijkk] fj'rnkj h] i Mh l ; ka l sc<+
 tks 16 l s 30 l ky dh efgyvk ds l kfk vf/kd
 gq A 16 l s 30 o"lz dh efgyk, avkRegR; kj Qkd h
 yxkdj ejuk] ifr }kjk 'kjc i rkmuk] vkoj xh
 efgyvk dh fcØh 14 l s 30 o"lz dh mez dh
 efgyvk dh xBA

rkfydk Ø&2 dsfo'ySk.k l sLi"V gsk gs

fd & vf/kdkák efgyk vijkk ; k rks ifjokj
dh efgykvka ds l kFk ?kfVr gq ; k Lo; a ds
l kFk i Mkd h o ifjopr efgyk, ancko] 'kež ; k
vl; dkj .ka l s vijkk ds ckjs ea crkuk ugha
pkgrh gA

rkfydk Ø-3 dsfo'yšk.k l sLi"V gkrk gS
fd vf/kdkák vijkk/ka dh tkudkjh efgyk, a
vius ekrk&firk ; k ifr] Hkkbz dks nrh gA
ifyl dks 'kež Mj] ; k l keftd dkj .kka l s
idj.k ntZ djokuk ugha pkgrhA

rkfydk Ø-4 dsfo'yšk.k l sLi"V gkrk gS
fd & vf/kdkák efgyk vijkk/ka eaidj.k ntZu
djokus l sU; k; ugha feyk ftUgkus idj.k ntZ
djok, muds ekeys Hkh yEcs l e; l s
fopjk/khu gA dN efgykvka us ikfjokfjd ; k
vl; ncko eaidj.k oki l ys

fu"d"ž %

nš k ea efgykvka dh l g{kk ds fy, dbZ
dkuu gS vř dbZ cu jgs gA ij dkuu d
l kFk&l kFk vko'; drk gSek; ds l cy gkus dh
vkrE cfy"B o vkrE fuHkž o f'kf{kr gkus dhA
l ekt ds Mj l ž ifjokj ds Mj l sml sefir
gkus gkskA ifyl eaefgyk l onuk tkxir dj]
HkzVkpj o jktuřrd ncko l sml sefir djuk
gkskA doy dkuu cukus l sefgyk vijkk/ka ugha
: dA Lo; a efgyk dks cnyuk gksk l ekt
dks l djkuk gkskA vijkk/k; ka eaHk; i šk djuk
gkskA dkuu dh ypjrk dks de dj dBkřrk
l s ykxw djuk gkskA dkuu ds < j yxkus l s
ughavijkk/k; ka ds gkš ys iLr djus ij gh
efgyk vijkk/ka dsfo:) U; k; dh mEehn tx
l drh gA

l UnHž %

ukjk; .kh izdk'k ukjk; .k ½2005¼ **du; k Huk gr; k vř efgykvka ds i fr ?kjsywfgd k & cpl , uDyol**
t; i g] i- 184 l s 198A

yokfu; r , e, e-½2006¼ **Hkřrh; efgykvka dk l ekt 'Hk=] fjl pz i fcyds ku] t; i g] i- l a 105 A**

okajk vkl kjkuh ½2006¼ **Hkřrh; uljh vř lerk vř vf/kdkj] uškuy i fcyf'kx gkA l] nfj; kxat] ubZ**
fnYyh] i- l a 87A

fu'kkar fl g ehuk{th ½2007¼ **vř kvadrk vř efgyk mRiHMe] vkexk i fcyds ku] nfj; kxat] ubZ**
fnYyh] i- 32] 49A

fu'kkar fl g ehuk{th ½2006¼ **vř kvadrk vř efgyk mRiHMe] vkexk i fcyds ku] nfj; kxat] ubZ**
fnYyh] i- 68] 140 A



fo | ky ; hu] f'k{k&l exz nf"Vdksk dh vko' ; drk

1/4MkNyksfg ; k ds fopkj ka ek

*MNUherh iæyrk feJk

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23 March 2015

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25 March 2015

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26 March 2015

f'k{k dk egRo l oofnr gß fo'k{k dj i kFked f'k{k dk uo Loræ ns'k dsfy; si kFked f'k{k 0; oLFk vR; r egRo i wkZ pqls'h gks'h gß Hkjr ea Lorærk ds i 'pkr-rRdkyhu f'k{k 0; oLFk ea vkeny piy ifjorü u dj vki'kd ifjorü gh fd; sx; si fj. kker% orëku f'k{k 0; oLFk vi us mİs; ka dks i ktr djusea vl Qy gh fl) gks jgh gß ifl) l ektoknh fopkj d , oa Lorærk l æte l sukuh MkNy ke eukj yksg; k us i kFked f'k{k ds l a wkZ i gyv/ka i j fopkj fd; k FkA f'k{k 0; oLFk dh i e[k dfe; kllmuds vuq kj] vaxst h Hk'kk dk ek/; e] vehjk o xjhcka dh f'k{k ea varj , oa thouki ; kxh i kB; de dk 'kkfey u gksuk fo'k{k dj gß mlgkæabu dfe; ka dks niy djus dsfy; s l jdkj }kj k f'k{k dh 0; oLFk , d Tk h 0; oLFk ekr Hk'kk ea f'k{k rFk jkst xkj enyd f'k{k 0; oLFk vi ukus i j cy fn; k FkA mudk fopkj Fk l oE Eke i kFked f'k{k dks l 0; ofLFkr djuk gkskj ek/; fed , oamPPk f'k{k 0; oLFk Loew 0; ofLFkr gks tk; æhA MkNyksfg; k dk i kFked f'k{k ds l mHk ea l exz nf"Vdksk orëku l e; ea vR; f/kd i kl fxd gß

f'k{k dk egRo l oofnr gß dks ZHk l ekt vls jkT; f'k{k dh vogsyuk dj Lo; adks xrZ ea /kdsyus dk nq l kgl ugha djskA f'k{k dk mİs; døy jkst xkj i ktr grq l {ke gksuk gh ugha gß cfYd ekuo xqkka dk fodkl rFk l ekt , oajkT; ka ds l kFk l dkj kRed rkjRE; LFkfir djuk Hk gß Lo; a rFk vius {ks= l ekt o jkT; dk fodkl gh f'k{k dk eny mİs; gksuk pkfg; A f'k{k dk egRo bl h rF; l s irk pyr k gS fd i R; sd l ekt l qkkj dk jktuhfrd]vkfFkd]l kelftd fprdk

us f'k{k dks vi us vkansyuka , oa fopkj ka dk eny vk/kj cuk; kA Lo; ads fopkj ka ds vuqpiy 0; oLFk LFkfir djus grq ns'k ea l cl s i gyk i gkj 1/4 ifjorü 1/2 f'k{k 0; oLFk ea gh fd; k tkrk jgk gß pkgs os l kE; oknh gkvf/kuk; doknh gks ; k i xfr'khy ykdrk=d 'kkl d gkA

Hkjr ea Lorærk ds i 'pkr-rRdkyhu f'k{k 0; oLFk ea vkeny piy ifjorü rks ugha fd; k x; kj i jarq l e; & l e; ij vki'kd ifjorü vo' ; fd; sx; s Abu ifjorü ka es Hk dhk , d dkjd dks vf/kd egRo fn; k x; k rks nvl j s dkj dka dh

*l gk-ik/; ki d 1/4ktuhfr foKku 1/2 'kkl -dsvkj-Mh-egkfo-uokx-<} ftyk&cærjk 1/4N-x-1/2

mi{k{k dh xbA Qyr% vi{k{kr ifj.kke ugha fey ik; sftrusvf/kd iz ksc f'k{k 0; oLFkk ea fd; s x; s l Hkh% mrus vU; fdl h Hkh {ks= ea ugha fd; s x; A fQj Hkh orZku f'k{k vius l nL; ka dks ikr djusea vl Qy jgh gA

ifl) , MokdV foey ok/koku dk dFku l R; gSfd & ^ orZku Hkkjrh; f'k{k 0; oLFkk bl y{; ij dkbZ Hkh iz kl djusea fo Qy jgh gSfd jpkRed l kp ds vk/kkj Hkr eW; dks u l s gSftlga , d ns k ds ukxfj dka dks vius pfj= dh rjg /kkj .k djuk pkfg, A^m

dkbZ Hkh 0; oLFkk l i w k z : i l s u r k s n k s k ; D r g k r h g S v k s u i j h r j g l s n k s k e D r] D ; k a d v a r r % 0 ; o L F k k e u t ; d s } k j k c u k b z o l p k f y r d h t k r h g A i j a r q v i u s m l s ; k a d h i f r z g r q v f / k d r e { k e r k l s d k ; z d j u s d h i d f r r r k s g k u h g h p k f g ; A ; g H k h l R ; g S f d f d l h H k h 0 ; o L F k k d k s l Q y c u k u s g r q d k b z , d d k j d i H k k o h u g h a g k r k , d k H k h u g h a f d f ' k { k k l a d k h i j h u h f r ; k a , o a 0 ; o L F k k f u j F k z d g S ; k d k b z H k h i f j o r z u f c u k l k p s l e > s f d ; k x ; k g A i z u ; g g S f d u b z u h f r ; k a , o a d k ; z l e k a d k f d z k l o ; u f d l r j g l s f d ; k x ; k A t e h u h L r j i j f d z k l o ; u l c l s c M h l e L ; k g A t g k W i j H k h l g h f d z k l o ; u g r k i f j . k k e H k h v P N s j g s v f / k d k a k y k s k s d h ; g i d f r r j g r h g S f d t c m u i j u t j j [k h t k r h g S r c v P N k d k e d j r s g S v l l ; F k k y k i j o k g g k s t k r s g A ; g c g r v f / k d ? k r d f l) g k s j g k g A f u j h (k . k v k s f u ; a . k d h v R ; f / k d v k o ' ; d r k m i j k D r i d f r r d s d k j . k H k h c < h g A b u n t i d f r r ; k a d k f o i j h r i H k k o x j h c o x z , o a x k e h . k { k s = k a e a v f / k d g r k g A l H k k r o x z u s r k s v i u s f y ; s i j h l f i o / k k ; a t b / k y h A v i u s c P P k a d s f y ; s e g a s l s e g a s

'k{kf.kd l l.Fkk; a Hkh pu yh vr% l jdkjh fo | ky; mi{k{k ds f'kd kj jg; bl fy; s f'k{k dk ey m l s ; i j k d j u s e a v l e F z j g A **orZku f'k{k 0; oLFkk dh rhu i e q k d f e ; k %**

1/1 1/2 ekuoh; xqkka dk i ; k r f o d k l u d j i k u k A

1/2 1/2 thou ; ki u g r q v f / k d r e y k s k a d k s l { k e u c u k i k u k A

1/3 1/2 g j o x z d s y k s k s d s c h p l e k u r k u y k i k u k c f Y d v l e k u r k c < k u s o k y k A

m i j k D r d f e ; k a d k e q ; d k j . k g S f ' k { k k 0 ; o L F k k e a , d : i r k d k u g k u k A y k M Z e S k y s d h f ' k { k k 0 ; o L F k k d h l H k h v k t r d v k y k p u k d j r s g S v l s v k t r d n k s k h B g j k r s g A i j ; g d V q l R ; g S f d v k t d h f ' k { k k 0 ; o L F k k H k h y x H k x o S h g h g A t c ; g k W d h r d u h d h f ' k { k k 0 ; k o g k f j d / k j k r y i j v f / k d m i ; k s c h f l) u g h a g k s j g k g S r k s v l l ; i k B ; d e k a d h f l F k r l s r k s l H k h v o x r g A i j h f ' k { k k 0 ; o L F k k d k v R ; r e g R o i w k z H k k x i k F k f e d , o a e l / ; f e d f ' k { k k d k g A d { k k 1 0 o h a r d d h f ' k { k k ; f n v i u s e q ; m l s ; k a d k s i j k d j u s e a l Q y u g h a g S r k s m P p f ' k { k k d h x q k o r r k d k L r j L o e s l q k j t k ; s k A f ' k { k k d s { k s = e a H k h u h d h l m ^ < F k v f u o k ; z g A

f'k{k ds {ks= ea 'kkl dh; ds l kFk&l kFk v'kkl dh; 1/4 u t h / 2 l l . F k k ; a H k h l p k f y r g A d Q f u t h l l . F k k v k a d k s l j d k j l s v u p k u H k h i k r g k r s g A ' k k l u d s } k j k H k h v u d i d k j d h ; k s t u k v k a d s r g r - f o | k y ; l p k f y r g A t o k j u o k n ; f o | k y ;] d b r h ; f o | k y ;] j y o s d s f o | k y ;] l s u d f o | k y ;] v k o k l h ; f o | k y ; v k f n j k T ; l j d k j a H k h d b z r j g d s f o | k y ;

I pkyr djrh gA buea ikB; deka, oaew; kacu
i) fr dh Hkh fHKUrk gkrh gA vFKkz~i kFkfed, oa
ek/; fed Lrj ij i jnsk ea, d: irk dk vHko
gA ns k dh f'k{k 0; oLFkk ij ppkz, oaew; kacu
dh vko'; drk gSfd bu vYk&vyx rjg dh
0; oLFkkvka ea [kpz vks] ml l s m's; ; ikfr dh
fLFkfr D; k gA

orZku f'k{k 0; oLFkk dk v/; ; u, oaew; kacu
dj ml ea l qkij o ifjorZu ykus grq MKWj ke
eukgj ykfg; k ds fopkj vR; r mi; ksh fl)
gkxka ; |fi ; g nok ughafd; k tk l drk fd
MKW ykfg; k ds fopkj ij rjg i kl fxd gS fQj
Hkh f'k{k ds l aak ea mudk n'Vdksk vR; r
0; ki d, oat u mi; ksh gA l qkij o ifjorZu dks
l gh fn'kk nsus ea l ek Hkh gA MKWj ke eukgj
ykfg; k ifl) Hkjr; l ektoknh fprd l ekt
l qkjd] jktufRk o i z kj l l kan FkA dkyZkDI Z
vks] egRk xh/kh ds fopkjka l s i Hkfor gkus ds
ckn Hkh muds fpru eaeksydrk rFkk Hkjr; rk
dsLoj fo |eku FkA mudk tle 23 ekpz1910 dks
mRrj i ns k eagrk FkA osLora=rk l ake l sukuh
FkA 1967 ea vYi chekj h eangkol ku gks x; ka MKW
ykfg; k dh fo'kkrk Fkh fd osfd l h Hkh l eL; k ds
ifr l exz n'Vdksk j [krs FkS] vr% l ek/kku Hkh
ml h n'Vdksk l s pkgrs FkA l eL; k ds l Hkh
i gypka dks /; ku ea j [kus l s gh mudk l ek/kku
0; kogkj d gks l drk gA MKW ykfg; k dk l r
dkar dk fopkj Hkh bl h n'Vdksk dk ifjpkj d
gA

MKW ykfg; k ds f'k{k l aak fopkj %

f'k{k dk m's; ; & MKW ykfg; k ds vuq kj
^ f'k{k dk igyk vks] cfu; knh m's; ; gS &
; k; rk vks] deZdksy gfl y dj viuh vkfZd
fLFkfr ea l qkij ykuk] nu jk m's; ; g& nfu; k ds

ckjs ea l e> vks] l gkufkr gfl y djuka
fnekx [kyk vks] Nkrh pkB/l f'k{k dsmPpre
m's; ; gA^2 Li"V gSfd MKW ykfg; k f'k{k dk
m's; ;] Lokyau] l an; rk, oa LokfHkeku ds
fodkl dks ekurs gA

f'k{k dh i) fr & f'k{k ds m's; ; dh
i wkrk f'k{k i) fr ij fuHkj djrh gA MKW
ykfg; k us f'k{k ds nks vkn'kz dk mYyS k
djrs gq dgk & ^vejhdh ykxka ds l keus
f'k{k ds nks vkn'kz Fk&, d teZu vks] nu jk
vaxtka dka vaxt h f'k{k vktMh] l puvkva
rFkk tkudkj h ij fuHkj jgrh gS vks] l puvkva
ij /; ku d fUnr djrs gA teZu v/; ki d
f'k{k FkhZ ds rdZ vks] [kst djus dh vknr dks
tkxr djus dk iz Ru djrs gA teZu f'k{k
l LFkkvka ea dkbz Hkh fo | kFkhZ fd l h Hkh
v/; ki d l s f'k{k xg.k dj l drk gS ; gkw
rd fd ml sviuk ij h {kd ppus dh Hkh NW
jgrh gA^3

MKW ykfg; k ds vuq kj % ^ v/; ; u dh
i) fr ; k rjhd fo | kFkhZ ds fu.kz ij vf/kd
fuHkj djrk gS D; kd tkudkj vks] n'V
l oFkk vyx ughaj [kh tk l drh gA i <kus ds
rjhd ea Lora=rk jguk vko'; d gS rHkh
v/; ; u ds l kFk&l kFk, d n'V] nfu; k dks
tkuus dk, d <ak curk tkrk gA f'k{k ds
l kFk rdZ vks] , d izdkj dh n'V dk Hkh
fueZk Hkh t: jh gS vU; Fk f'k{k ftaxh ea
fd l h Hkh izdkj dh pruk ughayk l drhA
rdZ tkudkj h vks] n'V earkjre; LFkfr
djuk gA^4

Hkjr ea f'k{k dh oLrfodr k %

MKW ykfg; k us Hkjr ea f'k{k dh fLFkfr ij
fy [kk gS % ^Hkjr ea f'k{k ea dkar d kj h

ifjorū dh ckrphr cMstkj & 'kij l sdh tkrh
gSfdarqgj f'k{kk ; kstuk dk mīs ; ; gh gkrk gS
fd fdl Dykl dh i <kbZ druso"kkā dh gks ; k
nh jk mīs ; ; g gkrk gSfd ; g fo"k; ds l kFk
i <k; k tk; A⁵

orēku f'k{kk pykus okys f'k{kk dk mīs ;
l ok crykrs gS fdUrq os Lo; a Åbħ f'k{kk; a
ydyj cM&cMsvkgnka ij ekst m gS vksj vkjke
rFkk 'kku dk thou 0; rhr djrsgÅ vr% muds
l ok okyh f'k{kk dh vihy dks dkbZ vl j ugha
i Mfka f'k{kk ds ; sekfyd thou ea l Qyrk
iklr ykx gÅ , d vksj ris 16 l s 18 o"kdzsf' k{kk
ds; ødkadks jktulfr l svyx jgusdk mi nsk
fn; k tkrk gÅ nh jh vksj 7&8 l ky ds cPpka
dks dok; n dh Vkuax nh tkrh gS ft l l s os
fonsh jkt iq "kka dks vkxeu ; k Lorark
l ekjkg ds vol j ij vFkok tle fnol ij
pkpk&ftankcn ds l kFk l ykeh nÅ bl izdkj
dk ik{k. M ijsnšk ij cjh rjg te x; k gÅ⁶

Mknykfg; k us dgk & ^ f'k{kk cMh egaxh
gkrh tk jgh gS mudh rjQ , d fcYdy l kQ
bPNk vksj "kM+ a= ekyme gkrk gS fd T; knk
rknkn ea ykxka dh i <us er Hkstka : dkoVa
Mkyka nh js ntā ea vksj rhl js ntā ea ikl
yMds Åbħ f'k{kk u ik; Å f'k{kk Bhd Hkh ugha
nh tkrh] fo"k; Kku ml ea ugha vk ikrka⁷

f'k{kk ij , dkf/kdkj ds l æzk ea Mknykfg; k
us dgk & ^Hkjr ea nq"kr cuusdk gh urhtk
gSfd 7 dj kM+ f}t ea l s 5 yk[k f}t vksj 17
dj kM+ 'kanka ea l s 1 yk[k 'kanz f'k{kk xg. k dj
ikrs gÅ 'ksk dh ifrHkk rFkk l ok dk mi ; lxx
ugha gks l drk gÅ⁸

Mknykfg; k us vaxstħ dks iztkra=]x. kra= vksj
l ektokn dsfy; s ?kkrd crk; k D; kād bl l s

dñ ykxka ds gkFka ea gh l Rrk jgaxhA muds
vuq kj ^ fglndrku dsxjhc cPpkadsfy; s rks
, d s Ldny [kkst j [ks gS ftuea NB] l krojvkBoa
rd vaxstħ nh xbZgsvksj cMsvkxkadsfy; s, d s
Ldny j [ks x; sgS ftuea; s vi uscPpka dks 'kq
l s gh vaxstħ l h[kk ik; a ; k vaxstħ ek/; e l s
fl [kk; Å 'kk; n Hkk"kk ds dkj . k f'k{kk dh i jā jk
VW xbZgsvksj f'k{kk dk i kkk nšk dh feVVh l s
viuk vkgkj ugha ik jgk gÅ 90% turk dk
vkt f'k{kk l scgq de l æzk gÅ⁹ Xkjhc vksj
e/; e oxZ vksj fdl ku Hkh vi uscPpka dks Åbħ
i <kbZ dsfy; s i v dkV dj : i ; k [kpZ djrk
gÅ ml l s u rks mlga Qk; nk gks jgk gS u nšk
dka ekstmk f'k{kk ea [kkst vksj gqj ds vHkko
dk l cl scMk dkj . k gSfonsh Hkk"kk dk i pyu
vi us nšk dks udyphi u nsfn; k gÅ¹⁰

Mknykfg; k ds vuq kj ^fd l h Hkh izdkj ds
oSkkfud fodkl ds fy; s i kFkfedrk dk dæ
gksuk pkfg; & ; kx; 0; fDr] l kt&l eku] bækjra
fn [kkos dh bPNk ds dkj . k ; kx; 0; fDr; ka ds
ctk; bækjra ij tkj fn; k x; k gÅ gekjs; gkV
oSkkfud vksj rdudh 0; fDr; ka dh deh ugha
gS tS k fd dñ ykx l kprs gS fdarq , d s
l æBu dk vHkko gStksmudk mi ; lxx djabl h
dkj . k fc [kjsgq gÅ¹¹ Mknykfg; k us ckj & ckj
i kB; dæka dks cnyus o mudh fo"k; oLrq dh
Hkh vkykpuk dh] mlgkaus dgk & ^Ldny f'k{kk
dk , d ?kf. kr igyq gScPpka ds i kB; dæka dks
cnyuk] ftuea i kvhZ ds uskvk] l 0; okn rFkk
ifrook i Ruh tS h vekuoh; i Fkkvka dk
efgekeMu gkrk gÅ¹²

os f'k{kk 0; oLFkk ea HknHkko [kRe djus ds
i {k/kj Fka mlgkaus dgk & ^ngjknw okyh f'k{kk
l smudh tkudkj h rksfNNyh jgrh gS rFkk , d

vtic izdkj dsf'k"Vkpj dh Vfuak feyrh gS tks l ekt ea ikjHk l sgh vl ekurk vks 'kksk.k dh cfu; kn Mkyrh gA^ ge ik; % tle vks /ku dh vl ekurkval solfdQ gdfdarqgeamu vl ekurkval ds ifr Hkh l ko/kku jguk pkfg; tks Hk"kk vks ifrHk l s i'nk gsrh gA^13 MKW ykfg; k nks izdkj dh f'k{k l l.Fk dsfojkskh Fks , d ifr fo |kFkZ [kpZ vkB vkus vks] n' j snks l kS : -ekfl dA^14

MKW ykfg; k ds mi jkDr fopkjka ds o.ku l s Li "V gSfd osHkjr dh rRdkyhu f'k{k 0; oLFk dks cPpka ds fodkl ds vuqny ugha ekurs Fks rFk bl f'k{k 0; oLFk dks gj rjg dh vl ekurk c<kusdk , d iedk dkjd ekursFkA Li "Vr% nks izdkj ds fo|ky;] tks vkfFkd vk/kkj ij py jgs Fks vks py jgs gA l ekftd lej l rk LFkfr djusea ij rjg vl efkz gA Hkjr ea Lorark ds i'pkr-ykdrki=d l ektokn dk y{; j [kk Fk vks vkt l ekftd {ks= ea l ektokn dk y{; gS Hkys gh vkfFkd {ks= ea i'chokn dks vi uk fy; k x; k gA bu ifjLFkr; ka f'k{k 0; oLFk fo'kksdj fo|ky; hu f'k{k ds 0; ki d i'kus ea ifjorZ dh vko'; drk gA

01 vi s 2010 l sf'k{k dk vf/kdkj ykxwgS fQj Hkh yxHkx 01 dj kM+cPps vHkh Hkh f'k{k l s nj gS futh fo|ky; ka ea 25% fu/kZ cPpka dks i'ok nsk gS ijarqosbl l sfdl h u fdl h rjg cpus dk iz kl djrs gA MKW ykfg; k us vi us l e; ea tks l el; k; a bl {ks= ea crkbZ Fkh] deok vkt Hkh ifjLFkr ml h rjg dh gA mlgkus bl l el; kvla l ek/kku nrs gq f'k{k 0; oLFk ea l qkj , oa ifjorZ gsrqvud l q-ko fn; s FkA

MKW ykfg; k ds f'k{k 0; oLFk ea l qkj gsrq l q-ko %

MKW ykfg; k tkudkj h gfl y djus ds l kFk&l kFk n'V ea l qkj dh vko'; drk ekurs FkA muds vuq kj& ^f'k{k ds Lo: i ml ds m's; dsekeysea dkbZ cfu; knh n'V dks k Hkyk dS scu; tc l ekt ds ckj sea gh fdl h izdkj dh n'V ugha cu i kbZ gA bl n'V fuelZ k gsrq mlgkus dgk&^ 6 l s 12 o"lZ rd ds cPpka ds fy; s Ldny , d dj fn; s tk; A de l s de i kHkd f'k{k l ekurk ds Lrj ij vk tk; A bl dsfy; s 6 l s 12 o"lZ rd ds cPpkadh i < kbZ ds fy; s E; fuLi y vks fMFLDV ckMZ dks Ldny [kksyus ds fl ok; vks fdl h dks Ldny [kksyus dk vf/kdkj gh u fn; k tk; A bl dk Qy ; g gksk fd Hkax; ka vks VvV&fcm-yk ds yMed&yMfd; ka ml h Ldny ea i < xA bl dk vo'; Hkko i Hkko 'kkl d oxZ ij Hkh i Msk] D; k d tc muds cPpkadh f'k{k bl izdkj ds Ldny/ka eafcxMysyxsh rks LokFkZ 'k l gh ij os dN l qkj ykus dh dks'k'k djaxA bl l sfuf'pr : i l ekt vks thou ds ifr mudh , d n'V cuscha^15

MKW ykfg; k us i kFked f'k{k ea l qkj ij vR; f/kd cy fn; k Fk mudk fopkj Fk fd ^l ektokn i kvhZ dk fl) kar gS fd i kFked Ldny [kkyh , d fdLe ds gA ekLVjka dh , d rjg dh ru[okg gks vks cPpka dks i < kus dh , d rjg dh fdrkA dN dgaxs fd i kFked Ldny ds vykok tks n' j s Ldny gA muds ckj sea D; ka ugha ; g fl) kar cukrA vHkh ml dks NkM+ nks D; k d dkbZ Hkh dke gsrk gsrks , d e'ity yds gsrk gA^16

MKW ykfg; k ds vuq kj& i kFked f'k{kky; ka

ea vlfFkd oSKE; nj dja oKkfud rdudh
vls vks| kfxd Ldny cM& i&kus ij [kksys tk; j
ftl dk y{; fo"K; dk Kku gks [kksst gksu fd
l rgh vls 0; FkzHk"kk dh 'ksy/hj tS k fd vkt dy
gksrk gA xkka ea gh D; kfd l eps nsk ea f'k{k
dk vk/kj cnyuk iM&ka u bl ea [kksst gS u
guyA fdl h Hkh nsk ea vls fdl h Hkh l e;
[kksst vls ubz tkudkj h l s gh nsk dh f'k{k
l th kuh jgrh gA gekjs nsk ea [kksst dk L=kr
can gks x; k gA ml h ds l kFk&l kFk fHku&fHku
fo"K; ka dk guy HkA teuh vls LohMu vkfn
nsk dks ij cus gA fdl kuka vls etnyka ds
cM& oxl ij tks fo' ofo | ky; ka es bat hf u; fjak
vFok A bh f'k{k ugha i krk ySdu dHk ukSj h
dHk dkj hxjh ds Ldnyka ea f'k{k i Mfk gvk
fujarj viuk guy c<krk gA¹⁷

^i kFkfed f'k{k dk cMk fgLI k df"K , oa
m | kx l a dh xrfok/k; kadsbn&fxnzcpk tk; A
Mknyksg; k ds mi jkDr fopkjka l sLi "V gSfd os
jst xkj enyd f'k{k ds i {k/kj FkA Mknyksg; k
ekrHk"kk eaf'k{k nSs ij cy nrs FksrFk vaxth
dks Hkn mri uu djus dk ek/; e ekurs FkA os
vuokn dsdke earst h ykus dsfgek; rh Fksfd
fo'o ds fofHku Hk"kkvka ds Kku Hk/kj dk
l niq; kx fd; k tk l dA mlugks l qko fn; k
fd & l k{kjrk l uk cukbz tk; j rkd fuj {kjrk
dks 10 l kyka ea [kre fd; k tk l dA¹⁸

Mknyksg; k v/; ; u dh i) fr pous dh
Loraerk fo | kFkz/ka dks nsuk vko' ; d ekurs Fks
rkfd v/; ; u ds l kFk&l kFk , d n^fV nfu; k
dks tkuus dk , d < x cu l dA os teuh ds
f'k{k ds rjhd ds l eFkd FkS D; kfd ogkw
v/; ki d f'k{kFkz ds rdz vls [kksst djus dh
vknr dks txr djus dk iz Ru djrs gA

^f'k{k ds l kFk rdz vls , d idkj dh n^fV dk
Hkh fuekz k t: jh gS vU; Fk f'k{k ftanxh ea
fdl h Hkh idkj dh pruk ugha yk l drhA¹⁹

Mknyksg; k i k B; de dks 0; kogkfjd , oathou
mi ; kxh cukusgrqdf"K , oam | kx dh tkudkj h
dks i kFkfedrk nsuk pkgrs FkA osckj & ckj i k B; de
ds cnyko l s 0; fFkr FkA muds vuq kj &
^cPka dh i qrdampPlrjh; rFk tkudkj h dk
L=kr gksuk pkfg; A mlga ckj & ckj cnyus dh
vko' ; drk ugha gksuh pkfg; svls ySkd idk' kd
ds jSdV [kre gksus pkfg; A²⁰

rRdkyhu f'k{k 0; oLFk l s vl arqV gkdj
yKsg; k us dgk Fk & ^dHk&dHk rks , d k
yxrk gSfd fokku vls bat hf u; fjak dks NkMaj
fo' ofo | ky; dsckdh fohkx 5 o"lz dsfy; scan
dj fn; s tk; s rks cgr vPNKA rc 'kk; n , d
ubz i j j k cuA'kk; n Hk"kk ds dks . k f'k{k dh
i j j k Vw xbz gS vls f'k{k dk i kSk nsk dh
feVv h l s viuk vkgkj ugha i k jgk gA²¹

fu"d"z %

fo | ky; hu f'k{k l a dh Mknyksg; k ds mi jkDr
fopkjka ds o. ku l s fuEu fu"d"z i ktr gks g&

1/4 1/2 Mknyksg; k i kFkfed f'k{k dks vR; f/kd
egroi wZ ekurs FkS D; kfd ; gh Hkko h i h<h ds
fuekz k ea vR; r egroi wZ pj . k gA ; gh f'k{k
dh uhd i Mfh gA

1/2 1/2 f'k{k dk mS ; vPNs 0; fDrRo dk fuekz k
djuk gS tks l ekt ds i fr l dkj kRed n^fVdks k
viukus ds fy; s cPka dks RkS kj djrk gA
jst xkj i ktr bl dk ni jk mS ; gA

1/3 1/2 f'k{k fo | kFkz dks tkudkj h , oa l puk
nsl kFk gh l kFk rdz , oa [kksst djus dh i dfr
dk fodkl dja

1/4 1/2 f'k{k l ekt eal ekurk LFkfi r djus ds

90 | fo/ky; hu/ f'k{k&l exz n'Vdlsk-----

fy; s gksuk pfg; s u fd vl keurk c<kus ds
fy; A l ekurk c<kus dsfy; s vko'; d gS, d
tS sfo | ky; , oa i kB; dæA

½ i kFkfed fo | ky; døy l jdkj }kjk
l pkyr gks bl l s l Hkh oxL ds cPps , d gh
Ldwy ea i <kbZ djæA ifj.kke Lo: i
vehj|xjhc]Å&uhp dk Hkn l ekir gkskA

i kB; dæ ckj&ckj ifjofRkz u fd; s tk; s
, oaos l kFkd gkS df'k m | ks , oadkky fodkl
dks vf/kd egRo fn; k tk; A f'k{k ekRk'kk ea
nh tk; A

f'k{k dh l eL; kvka , oa l ek/kku grq l exz
n'Vdlsk vi ukus dh vko'; drk gS rHkh Bkd
ifj.kke i kR gks l drs gA Li "Vr% vkt Hkh
i kFkfed f'k{k dh l eL; k; a dekos'k oghagS tks

MkNykfg; k usvi us l e; ea n[kk Fkk]vr% muds
crk; sl ek/kku vkt Hkh mrusgh i kl fxd ftrus
ml l e; FkA oS srksdlnz , oajkT; dh l jdkja
fujarj iz Ru'khy gSfd i kFkfed f'k{k ea xqoRrk
of) gks l dA cukbZ ; kst uk, WdN HkzVkpj dh
HkA/ p<+ tkrh gS vkSj dN dk fdz kko; u
bækunkjh l s ugha gk'k] vr% vi f{kr ifj.kke
i kR ugha gk'k A MkNykfg; k }kjk fn; sx; sl p-ko
ea vR; r egRo i wkZ gS & ^l Hkh cPpk ds fy; s
, d gh rjg dh f'k{k 0; oLFk ¼ d gh rjg dk
fo | ky; , oa i kB; dæ½ft l l sl ekt ea l ekurk
LFkfir djus ea cgr enn feysxh vkSj f'k{k
dk e[; m]s; i kR djuk l Hko gkskA bu
l Hkh dsfy; s ^f' k{k ds l nHkZ ea l exz n'Vdlsk
vi ukus dh vko'; drk gA

l mKZ %

1 nskcdkq/nbud]jk; ij l h dj .k½ fnukad 22-03-2014

2 di]j] eLrjke ½2008½ u; k l ekt] u; keu] jke eukgj ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkx 4 vukfedk
i fcy'kl] & i "B 46

3 ogh] i "B 46

4 ogh] i "B 46

5 ogh] i "B 46

6 ogh] i "B 46&47

7 ogh] i "B 46&47

8 ogh] i "B 46

9 di]j] eLrjke ½2008½ Hkjr dk fdl ku^] jke eukgj ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkx 3 vukfedk
i fcy'kl] ubzfnYyh] i "B 93

10 ogh] i "B 93

11 di]j] eLrjke ½2008½ ^, d u; k l ekdyu^] jke eukgj ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkx 1 vukfedk
i fcy'kl] ubzfnYyh] & i "B 467

12 ogh] i "B 466

13 di]j] eLrjke ½2008½ ^l ekurk dk vFlz^] jke eukgj ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkx 1 vukfedk
i fcy'kl] ubzfnYyh] i "B 336

14 di]j] eLrjke ½2008½ u; k l ekt] u; keu] jke eukgj ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkx 4 vukfedk
i fcy'kl] & i "B 47

15 ogh] i"B 47

16 diij] eLrjke ½2008½ l ektoknh vknksyu dk bfrgkl]jke eukg] ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkkx 1 vukfedk
ifcy'kl] ubZfnYyh] i"B 540

17 diij] eLrjke ½2008½ u; k l ekt] u; keu]jke eukg] ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkkx 4 vukfedk
ifcy'kl] & i"B 48

18 diij] eLrjke ½2008½ {ks ?kks'k.kk i = ^ jke eukg] ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkkx 1 vukfedk
ifcy'kl] 2008 & i"B 578

19 diij] eLrjke ½2008½ u; k l ekt] u; keu]jke eukg] ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkkx 4 vukfedk
ifcy'kl] & i"B 48

20 ogh] i"B 466

21 diij] eLrjke ½2008½ Hkkjr dk fdI ku^] jke eukg] ykfg; k jpukoyh Hkkx 3 vukfedk
ifcy'kl] ubZfnYyh] i"B 94



dkdj ftys 1/4mRrj cLrj 1/2 dh tutkrh; ykd l ekt ,oa l kldfrd n'kk

*Mwpru jle iVy
*gkyky l kw

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26 March 2015

NRrhl x<+ds dkadj ftys ; k mRrj cLrj fj ; kl rh {ks= eafuokl djus okys xkE; dLks dh vkfne ykdtkrh; ; k tutkfr l kelftd & l kldfrd ijEi jkvs eavk/kqudrk , oajk"Vh; l kelftd vkfEld 0; ol k; ks dk ipyu fodfl r gqk gS A iLrj v/; ; u dk mnas; tutkfr; ks dh l kldfrd fLFfr; ks dk v/; ; u dj l kldfr dsfofo/k i {kks dk Kku iklr dj vrhr , oarEku dsfofo/k i {kks eavk; si fjorEks dk rnyukRed v/; ; u iLrj djuk gSft l l s vkus okyh i h-k dks uohu ij .kk fey l drh gSA 'kksk i fof/k ds vxr f}rh; d L=ksrks dk v/; ; u dj 'kh'kd l s l fcf/kr rF; ks dk fo'ySk.k fd; k x; k gA vkt Hkh tutkrh; l ekt viuh ykd ijEi jkvs ,oa l kldfr dks l atks gq gA

l H; rk ; fn ekuo dk ckjgh vkpj.k gS rks l kldfr fy, gq thou ; ki u djrs gA l kldfrd ml dh vkfjd xgurk gA NYkhl x< i kxfrgkfl d dky l sydj vk/kqud dky rd l kelftd&l kldfrd] jhfr&fjoktka, oai jEi jkvs ekuo us'kkjhfd] l kelftd] l kldfrd {ks= ea l sifjiwkz ekuk tkrk gA ,d vkj Hks&ksfyd tksvnhkr ixfr dh gS bl ij v/; ki udYkzka usekua l epk; dsfodkl de dks nks oxka ea foHkfr fd; k g& ,d oxl tks l kelftd] rVh; ,oa eskuh {ks=ka ea foHkfr gA ogha 'kSf.k.kd] vkfEld rFkk gj n"V l s mlur gS nll jh vkj bu {ks=ka eafuokl jr foHklu l epk; blgs fodfl r l epk; dh Jskh ea j [kk gA ds ykka dh vyx&vyx ckyh&Hkk"kk] vkokl] nll jk oxl tksfodkl de ds i k j Hkd nks ea gS jgu&l gu] jhfr&fjokt gA ; g viuh ,d

*i kpk; j 'kkl-egkfo/ky; pljkek ftyk&mRrj cLrj]dkadj
**'kkskkfkhz bfrgkl v/; ; u'kkyk i ajfo'kadj 'kpy fofo-jk; ij 1/4N-x-1/2

rFkk nqzē {ks=kaefuokl djrs gSftlgsouokl h} vkfnokl h} tutkfr ; k vl; tkfr vkfn uke l s tkurs gA

; s tutkfr; ka l kekf td] vkfFkd : i l s vR; Ur fi NMh gplz gS vls ; s ylx vf/kdrj mi f{kr {ks=ka ea fuokl djra gA ; s ylx l H; l ekt l s i Fkd jg dj Hkh vius vflrRo dks cuk; s j [kuk pkgrs gA Hkjr h; l ekt dk thou i kphu dky l s /keZr mRd "Vk l svuq kf. kr jgk gA ftl l s ufrd eW; ka vkpkj xr vl; 0; fDr; ka dsifr l eizk dh Hkkouk dk l fluosk FkA /keZ ekuo dks vyksdd 'kfDr l s l ezk tkMf k gA bl ea ifo=rk] Hk;] HkfDr] J) k vkfn rRo ik; s tkrs gA /keZ ekuo ds vkrfjd thou ds l kfk&l kfk ml ds l kekf td] vkfFkd vls l kdfrd thou dks Hkh i Hkfor djrs gA

dkadg ftyk NYkh x<+ ds nf{k.k Hkx ea rFkk clrj ftyk ds mUkj ea fLFkr gA dkadg vrhr ea l H; rk vls l dfr dk i qhr dbnz jgk gA ikxfrgfl d dky l sydj vc rd bl dsuke vls Lo: i ea ifjorZ gkrs jgs gA , frgfl d ifjorZka us dkadg dh Hkkskfyd l hekvka ea LoHkkr% ifjorZ fd; k gA¹

1 uoaj 2000 dks xBr NUkh x<- jkT; ds varxZ dkadg fj; kl r , d ftyk gA bl ds varxZ 5 rgl hy vls 7 fodkl [k.M gA 1947 bZ ea Hkjr dks vktknh feyhA bl l s i wZ Hkjr ea fcfV" k jkT FkA bl fcfV" k jkT; ea yxHkx 565 ns kh fj; kl ra FkA l a/k o bdjkj ukek dh 'krka ds }kj k dkadg fj; kl r vassth Hkjr l s tMh gplz FkA l h-i-h , .M cjkj dsuke l s tks , d jkT; fcfV" k Hkjr ea Fk ml ds varxZ 15 fj; kl rka ea NUkh x< ds vlrxZ 14 fj; kl ra vkrh Fkh ftl ea, d dkadg Hkh FkA jkT k ¶; M/s/jh

phQ dgykrk FkA 1 tuojh 1948 dks dkadg dk Hkjr h; l ak ea foy; gA dkadg vls clrj fj; kl r dks feyk dj clrj ftyk dk fuekz.k fd; k x; ka orZeku dkadg ftyk 25 ebZ 1998 dks vflrRo ea vk; k A

dkadg uxj n.Mdkj.; i Bkj ds mUkj i wZ Hkx ij fLFkr gA clrj l Hkx eabl uxj dh fLFkr egRo i wZ gA ; gka 0; ki kj m?kks&/kks vkfn fodfl r gks ds dkj.k clrj l Hkx dk nll jk i e[k uxj ekuk tkr jgkA rhoxfr l s fodkl dh vls vxZ j dkadg , d 0; ol kf; d] 0; ki kfjd] 'k{kf.kd] vls ksd , oa iz kkl fud dbnz gA jk"Vh; jktekZ dekad 30 ij fLFkr gks l srFk pkjks vls l sfoiy i kdfrd l a nkvka l sifji wZ gks ds QyLo: i rhoxfr l sfodfl r gA gA i kdfrd l kbn; Zdh n"V l sigMh ds uhrs cl k uxj ftl ds chpka chp cgrh gplz nll unh dk i kdfrd eukje n"; vkd" kZ k dk i e[k dbnz fclnq gA²

Hkkskfyd l hek dh n"V l s ; g {ks= pkjka vls ioZka l s f?kj gA bl dk e/; Hkx eñkuh gA bl ds dkj.k tgka bl {ks= dks i kdfrd l j {kk feyrh gS ogha bl ds i kx.k ea vls.; d rFkk v) Zkxfjd l H; rk, a , d l kfk i kbZ tkrh gA vls.; d l H; rk ds : i ea gea vkfnokl ; ka dh vuks kh jhfr&ufr fn [kkbZ i Mfh gS rksv) &uxjh; l H; rk ds n' kZ mu ykcka ea gkrs gS tks ; gka eñkuh {ks=ka ea vl; i ns kka l s vkdj jgus yxs gA i fj .kker% ; gka dh l H; rk dks feyh tyh l H; rk dgk tk l drk gA³

n.Mdkj.k dk Hk&Hkx dkadg fHkU&fHkU tkr; ka dk l ae gA bl eaf l akh] i atkch] xqt jkrh] ekjokMh] tS] rsyxw] ejk Bh] eq yeku vkfn tkr; ka fuokl djrs gA ; gka cgr l s ylx

ckgj l s vldj cl s gA⁴

dkdj eavkus dskj.k tkfr i Fkk muea Hkh cu x; hA eq; : i l s xkMf- gYck] ekfM+ k] efj; k] Hkrjk] ij tk] xMek] xkMf] egj k] p. Mky] /kq ok] Mke] yksgj] ea-h xkMf- jkt xkMf- nkj yk] ukgj] dfgk] dksV] pekj] dV /kkdMf- vkfn iæ[k FkA dy feykdj 62 tkfr; kabl fj; kl r ea jgrh FkA⁵

dkdj dh i j j k, a xgjs ekuoh; eW; ka l s tMh gA ; gka dh l dfr l fg". kq k] ij Lij vknj&Hko] fofHku tkfr; k] /kel] Hk"kkvka vkfn l s tMh yskka ds l ns thou dh l nj fel ky iLr djrk gA l dMka o"ka rd vius' kkl dka }kjk mi fkr jgus ds dkj.k dkdj vk/kqud mi yfC/k; ka l si hNs jgkA fcfV' k dky ea; gkadh l dfr ea fo' ksk ifjorU gq A⁶ tutkrh; l ekt ds iæ[k l k dfrd l Fkfr bl izkj g&

?kk/y %

xkM+efj; k iztkfr dk , d cgppfr l k dfrd l l Fkku gS ?kk/yA ?kk/y d ykj&d ykj; ka dk feyu dlnz vj jf= 'k; ukxkj gA ?kk/y ds iR; d l nL; dks pfyd vj l nL; k dks ekSV; kjh dgk tkrk gA ?kk/y xg dk fuekzk Je nku l sgkrk gA i k j k ea ?kk/y nks izkj ds gkrs FkA , d ea ; pk l æzk fpj l Fk; h gkrs Fk n j s ea tkfM+ ka cnyrh jgrh FkA ?kk/y ea jgus okys pfydks ds usk dks fl jnkj vj ekSV; kfjuh dh us-h dks cyk k dgrsgA ?kk/y ds nork dk uke fyaks gA fookfgr thou vi ukrs gh ?kk/y dh l nL; rk l ekr dj nh tkrh gA⁷

Xknuk %

NÜkhl x<+dh fL=; ka ea *xknuk* xpkus dh

vke i Fkk ipfyr gA fookfgr vj vfookfgr fL=; ka , oa yMfd; ka ds fy, *xknuk* dh vyx&vyx fMtkbu gkrh gA , d k dgk tkrk gS fd ; g i Fkk xknuk xpkus dh epyka ds 'kkl udky l s' kq g pA vyx fMtkbuka dh gh rjg 'kjh ds vyx&vyx vak Hkh fookfgrk vj vfookfgrk yMfd; ka ds fy, fu; r FkA vfookfgr yMfd; k gkka ds uhs ; k ukd ds Åij , d fclnqds: i eaxknuk xpk l drh gA fookfgrk dks ij] ckajka ij] i] dh fi Mfy; ks ij] xknuk xpkokr h gA⁸

eknjh uR; %

eknjh uR; ?kk/y dk uR; gA bl ea eknjh djrky dk uR; fd; k tkrk gS rFk xhr ugha xk; k tkrkA bl ea iq "k urd fg l k yrs gA n j s rjg ds eknjh uR; ea fpVdy ds l kFk ; pfr; ka Hkh fg l k yrh gA bl ea dkbz , d 0; fDr i j s uR; dk usRo djrk gS tks uR; ea 'kkfey gkrk gA ; g 0; fDr eknjh dh Fki ka dk l ek; kstu iLr djrk gS ftl ij ijk l eg uR; djrk gA⁹

ddl kj uR; %

ddl kj mRrj&cLrj dh efj; k tutkr dk , d fo' ksk uR; gA ddl kj uR; ¼ k=k uR; ½ mRrj&cLrj dh ?kk/y efj; k rFk vca>ekfM+ k tutkr; ka ds chp fo' ksk : i l s ipfyr gA oS s n. Mkeh ekfM+ k rFk nkj yk tutkr; ka ds ykx Hkh ddl kj ea: fp yrs gh gA ; g , d xks= ioZgA ddl kj ioZds vaxr xks= norkvka dh intk dh tkrh gA¹⁰

ioZ , oa R; kjk %

vkfnokf l ; ka }kjk euk; k tkus okyk , d iæ[k ioZ*txkj* gA bl ioZ dks l kefgd : i l s , df=r gkdj xte eacus noxMh ea l Eilu

djrsgA txkj ea jkr] jkr&Hkj txdj xhrka
dsek/; e l svknokl h viusnoh&norkvka dks
txkdj vius fgrka dh j{kk djus dks dgrs
gA¹¹ mMHl k l svk cl sckā.k ifjokjkausvk"kk<+
ekg ea jFk&; k=k dk fo/kku cuk; k gA¹² ouokl h
tutkfr; ka fofHkuu rht&R; kSjkjka dks eukrh
gA ekVh&frgkj] xkcj ckgjkuj] jke uoehj
vkek uokjokuj] xktipk] veih fcgkj] dnEcekj]
vkfn tutkfr; ka ds rht&R; kSjkj gA xkA/ka ds
ioZgj i jv i kA/ve] dkjki k. Mep] __r/ka ds vuq kj
euk; s tkrsgA tuojh ekg ea dkdj] dglu
vksj pkjek esrFk Qjoj h ekg ea vrx<} vksj
Hkuu i rki i j ea eMbZ yxrh gA esys eMbZ ka ea
noh&norkvka ds i fr J) k&Hk fDr] vksj eukSr; ka
vfi r gsrh gA¹³

fu"d"l&

NÝkhl x<+ ds nf{k.k ea fLFkr dkdj dk
vkfnokl h cgy vksj.; d vpy vius l?ku
' ; key ouka Ávoh io r J[kykvka rFk fof'k'V
vkfne l dfr dsfy, l nð vkd"lk dk dlnz

jgk gA bl vpy dh thounkf; uh unh egkunh
ftl sri yk] uhykRi yk vFkok dnd unh dsuke
l s tkuk tkrk gA ftl ds nkska fdujka ij
nfoM+ vksj vk; l l H; rk dk fodkl gA
vk; &vuk; l l dfr; ka dk l æe LFky gks ds
dkj.k dkdj dh , frgkl d xfjek ea vf/kd
of) gA

l keftd&l k dfrd ifjn' ; ka ea [kku&i ku]
os kHkkk] ykd dyk] ykdur;] ijEijk, h mRl o]
eys vkfn ioFÝk; ka dks tu&tu rd igpokus
grql keftd pruk txr djuk] 'kkl u Lrj
ij fofHkuu dk; ðe pykuk] ftl l s NÝkhl x<+
l dfr dks , d ubZ fn'kk , oa vk/kkj ikr gks
l dA 'kkl u }kjk inÝk l fo/kkvka l s tutkrh;
l ekt ykHkkfUor gks jga gA l keftd&
l k dfrd uojpuk dsfn'kk /kjk usl kEinkf; d
l kSkn] l kepkf; d l elo;] mlur l ekt dh
os kHkkk] [kku&i ku , oa vk/kfud ioFÝk; ka ds
mled[krk ds i'pkr Hkh Hkksrdokn l s nj
l keftd&l k dfrd l ejl rk dk i k/kku;
n"Vxkpj gsrk gA

l mRZ %

- 1 okY; kLuh] ts vkj] bfrgkl dsniZk ea dkdj fj; kl rj] i "B 01] 2002A
- 2 ckgj] MKW kedekj] @ jkBlj] fnuš k dekj] dkdj dk bfrgkl]2004 i "B 5A
- 3 oekj Hlxokuf l g & **NRrhx<+dk bfrgkl ** e/; insk fgluh xfk vdkneh Hkks ky]2001] i "B 67A
- 4 Bkdj] dnkjukFk& **cLrj Hkk.k**]Qyokjh i kj] f}rh; l d j.k 1982] i "B 11 A
- 5 frokj h jf' kodpekj & **e/; insk ds vkfnokl h**] 1984] i "B 79 A
- 6 oekj Hlxoku fl g& **NRrh l x<+dk jktulfrd , oa l k dfrd bfrgkl **]2001 i "B74 A
- 7 ckgj] MKW kedekj] jkBlj] jMKW fnuš k dekj] ogh] i "B 23 A
- 8 'kdpkj] MKW 'kkrk& **NRrhx<+dk l keftd vkfkd bfrgkl ** fnYyh]1988] i "B164A
- 9 dtkokgj l at; fl g& **NRrh l x<+foLr v/; ; u**]2004 i "B134 A
- 10 txnyijh]kyk& **cLrj bfrgkl , oa l dfr**] 1994 i "B 230A
- 11 JhokLroj ueh i l n@**kytk dk 'kdk vkyf k&txkj ioZ] uoHkjr]l ekpj i= 16 fl ræj 1985 A
- 12 voLFkh]cd r& **cLrj dk xkpk ijc]y[k**] bnorth]1986 i "B 110 A
- 13 okY; kLuh] ts vkj-@l kgl hj Ogh- Mh& **cLrj dk jktulfrd , oa l k dfrd
bfrgkl **] i "B 180A

efgyk I 'kfädj.k ds ek; us Hkj rh; I UHkZ ea vrhr I sorëku rd

*væt w f}onh

**çksvHk : iæ icy

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orëku eaefgykvks dh fcflHku I eL; kvks ij pplz djuk , d Qs ku I k cu x; k gS |; fn /; ku I snçks rks ukjh dh vi uh dkbZ I eL; k ugha gS]L=h dh gj I eL; k vr ea I ekt dh I eL; k gS | obkfgd I eL; k 'nka R; thou eavI arks'k 'i kfjokfjd I eL; k]vkfFKd I eL; k]fo/ kok thou]os; kofr]ckyfookg]ngst]I k{kjrk dh I eL; k]efgykvks ds I kFk vHkæ 0; ogkj dh I eL; k]I ekt ea nq js ntë dk ekus tkus dh I eL; k]I EclU/k fopNn 'rykd' dkedkth efgykvks dh I eL; k vkfn fcflHku I eL; kvks vks dçFk kvks us ukjh tkfr dks cMh ghukoLFk ea i gpk fn; k gS; sHk dg I drs gSefgykvks ds I kFk I eL; k tMk jguk ml dh fu; fr cu x; h gS tc og ?kj eadn Fkh rc Hkh ml dh <jka I eL; k; aFkh vkt tc og ckj dh nfu; k ea i wkZ vkRefuHk rk ds jLrs ryk'k jgh gS rc Hkh ml dh I eL; kvks dh Hk; kogrk dk vr ugha gS cl I eL; kvks ds : i vks uke cnys gS
mlyçkuh; 'kç %FkjhxkFk] 'kL=kFkZ cE°okfnuh] I iko/kq oDpkrq r'k]ek; Pokb]] fyo Vçsnj

I ekt eavfr çkphu dky I sFL=; ka ds çfr I Eeku 0; ä djus dh Hkkouk jgh gS 'kri Fk çkEg.k I s; g fofnr gkrk gSfd ukjh I oz 'kfä I EiUu ekuh tkrh jgh gS rFk fo | kj çq] ; 'k]I ä fUk dh çrhd ekuh tkrh gSA gekjs n'sk ea ukjh dh fLFkr ; ç ds vuq kj i fjo fr r' gkrh x; hA ml dh voLFk ea oñnd ; ç I s orëku rd vuq mrkj & p<ko vkrs x, A fL=; ka ds I EclU/k ea tks oñnd ekU; rk; s Fkh oks egkdK0; dky ds vkrs rd I ekfir dh dxkj isvk x; h bl dh tkudkj geajkek; .k vks egkHkjr I s feyrh gA egkdK0; dkyhu Hkkj rh; I ekt ea

fL=; ka dh n'kk vf/kd mlur ugha Fkh] os Hkx&foykl dh I kexh I e>h tkusyxA cgq fookg dh çFk]L=h gj .k]fu; kx]I rhçFk dk Hkh çpyu çkjHk gks x; k FkA i jUrq i q=; ka ds vi us ekrk& fir k ds ?kj ea ukuk çdkj dh f'k{kk nh tkrh FkA vk/kfud dky ds I keku gh egkHkjr dky ea Hkh I k/oh L=h dh ; gh dkeuk jgrh Fkh fd og ifr vks i ç ds jgrs eR; qdks çktr gkA vr, o egkHkjr dky ea ukjh dh fLFkr I Eekutud xgy{eh , oa dY; k.kh ds : i ea Fkh A¹

*'kksk Nk=k bfrgkl v/; ; u 'kkyk i ñMr jfo'kaej 'kçy fo'ofu | ky; jk; ij
**foHkxkl/; {k]bfrgkl v/; ; u 'kkyk i ñMr jfo'kaej 'kçy fo'ofu | ky; jk; ij

cl) I kfgR; vusclal i' kf{kr , oa; kx; fL=; ka
dk o.kü djr k gA Fkj h x k Fkk ckSk fHk{kqkh }kjk
j fpr xHfK gSA I Hkæk dk mYys[k I a ä fudk;
ea rFkk vej k , oa mnñcj k dk tkr dks ea gS A
tS /keZ ea Hkh dbZ fontkH ukfj; ks dk fp=.k gS
t; rh ½tks dks kEch uj'sk dh i qh Fkh ½ dk
'kkL=kFkZ Lo; a Hkxoku egkohj ds I kFk gpyk FkA
Hkxoku-egkohj I sokn&fookn ds ckn gh ml us
tS /keZ Lohdkj dj fHk{kqkh dk thou
viuk; kA½½

500 bā iā dsyxHkx Hkjr rh; efgyk I ekt
ea nks I epk; Fks çFke oxZ cEgokfnuh rFkk
f}rh; oxZ dks I ík/kw oxZ ds uke I s tkuk
tkrk FkA osfL=; k; tksfookg dks]xgLFk thou
dksR; kx dj fujarj riL; k rFkk vuqkk'ku dk
thou viukrh Fkh cEgokfnuh dgykrh Fkh rFkk
tks fL=; k; fookg ds i wZ rd cEgp; Z or dk
i ky u djr rh Fkh rFkk fo | k; u djr rh Fkh vkj
ckn ea xgLFk thou viukrh Fkh I ík/kw oxZ ea
vkrh FkA ckn ea de vk; q dh dU; kvks ds
fookg ds çpyu ea vkus ds dkj .k bl oxZ dh
f'k{kk dk okf/kr gA ½½ ekS Z 'kæ dky ea
fL=; ka dks cl/kuka ea çk k fn; k x; k]de vk; qea
fookg gks ds dkj .k f'k{kk I soäpr gksuk i Mk-
vr, o fL=; ka dk I ka—frd fodkl Hkh ugha gks
i krk FkA exLFkuht ds vuq kj bl dky ea
fL=; k; cpha tkrh Fkh I rhçFkk] cgfookg] ngst
çFkk] i pfobkg dk çpyu Hkh Fkk fL=; ka dh
'kkjhjd ifo=rk dh vkj /; ku T; knk fn; k
tkusy xk rFkk vU; xqkæ dh mi çkk gksus yxhA½½
'kd&dtkk.k dky ds/kkfeZd I kfgR; ka I s; g
irk pyr k gS dh bl dky ea fL=; ka dh
I kekftd fLFkr fnuksnu fxjr h x; h , oa Nks/h
I h mez I sydj o) koLFkk rd mudksfdl h uk

fdl h : i ea i q'k ds vk/khu jguk i M-rk FkA
½½j ktoá kks ea i nkZ dk çpyu gksus ds dkj .k
jktefg"kh ijns ds i hNs cBrh Fkh i jUr q jkt
dk; Z ea i wZ gLr{ki FkA yfyrfolrkj i qrd
I s; g Kkr gkrk gS dh ufookfgr o/kw vi us
cMks ds I Ee[k i nð ea vkrh FkA ½½x qrdkyhu
I ekt ea fL=; k; çfrf"Br gks jgh FkA L=h i q'k
dh v/kæxuh ekuh tkrh Fkh rFkk /kkfeZd —R; ka
ea ifr ds I kFk vfuok; Z : i I smi fLFkr jgrh
FkA bl ; q; dh ukfj; ka fontkH] ys[kdk rFkk
dfo; =h gA gSA vkn'kz i Ruh dk Hkh fooj .k Hkh
bl dky ds xHkks ea feyrk gA ½½o/kü dky ea
mPp dgy dh fL=; k; f'k{kr gpyk djr rh FkA
ckyfookg] i pfobkg , oacgfookg dh çFkk fo | eku
Fkh | fo/kokvks dksfookg dj us dh Lorærk ugha
Fkh Ag"kz ds njckj ds fp=.k I s; g Li"V gS dh
fL=; k; Hkks& foykl dh oLrq Fkh Al ekt ea
I rhçFkk fo | eku FkA i nkZ; Fkk ugha Fkh , oa
fL=; ka dk dU; k]L=h rFkk ekrk ds : i ea
I Eeku fd; k tkrk Fk mUga /kkfeZd , oa v/
; kRed fodkl dh Lorærk jkt dh; vkn'sk
}kjk nh tkrh FkA½½

Hkjr ea fons kh vkØe. kdkfj; ka }kjk Hkjr rh;
I ekt ea vU; k;]vR; kpkj] 'kksk.k dk nkj
çkjHk gpykA ; wkuh]'kd]gwk], oa epkyka us
gekjh çkphu I kekftd 0; oLFkk vkj dks u"V
dj fn; kA ml h I e; I snonkl h]nkl h]epky
gje]ehuk çktkj tS h dçFkkvks dk tle gpyk
vke efgyk Loræ çæ o puko dk viuk
vf/kdkj [kkdj xykeh vkj 'kksk.k dh f'kdkj
gks x; hA ½½

cgrj ftinxh , oa JSB I ekt I onuk ; ä
gksus ij gh I Hko gSA D; k Hkjr rh; I ekt }kjk
vkj r ds fodkl ds fy, f'k{kk]LokLF;]jkst xkj

Jvkfn cMs el ys NkMëj mUeä I ækks dh vktknh dh ekæ djuk mfpr gA ¼10½ Loxh; egknsh oekz th us dgk Fkk dh bep-s cMk nqk gksrk gS tc es vktknh feyus ds rhu n'kd ¼1980½ fcrk; s l ekt dks n[krh gwAvkt dh ukjh dks dñ ughafeyk gS tks feyk Fkk og Hkh fNau x; k gSA gekjs tekuseaL=h i Ruh]csh]ek; ds: i ea l jf{kr Fkh i nkz Fkk i <us dh vktknh ugha Fkh ij l ekt ea L=h dk LFkku egROI wZ FkA vkt ukjh 0; fä ughaokLr qekuh tkusy xh gA l c ml dk mi Hkksæ djuk pkgrs gS Ai # "k , d L=h dks tykdj nñ jh L=h vkftr djrk gA ¼1½ eny k fl Ugk Hkh bl rF; dks Lohdkj djrh gS dh L=h dks ; fn eu cñ) vkRek dk l a ksæ ekuk tk; rks L=h l Ecd/kr l Hkh l eL; k; j Lor% l ekr gks tk; xhA ¼2½

vkt dy QSku if=dk 'oksæ* }kjk cuk; k x; k nks feuV dk , d ohfM; ks ^ek; Pokbl * ft l es vfHkus=h nhfi dk i knpksus ds vkykok vksj 98 efgyk oxZ }kjk vfHkuhr fd; k x; k gS ft l es ; g trkus dh dks' k'k dh x; h gS dh ge efgyk; sdgh Hkh tkus vkus ds fy,]dS s Hkh di Ms i guus ds fy, , oa' kknh l sigys; k ' kknh ds ckn fdl h ds Hkh l kFk l Ecu/k cukus ds fy, Lora= gS vksj ; sek; Pokbl gS; kfu ejh ethA rRi ' pkr , d i # "k ohfM; ksvk; k ft l dk l Uns k ; g Fkk fd geaL=h , oa i # "k nksuka dh ethz dk l Eeku djuk pkfg, A ¼13½ ; g l gh gS dh L=h ds l fn; ka l sfl QZ drD; jgs gS vf/kdkj ugha ifjokj eaenz , oa vksj r , d l kFk jgrsgq Hkh HknHkko i wZ okroj.k l s ; ä gS ; g l p gS dh fl=; k ft l l Eeku dh ft l l keftd l onuk dh gdnkj gS og bDdhl oha l nh ds, d n'kd chr tkus ij Hkh ughafeyk gS vksj ; g Hkh l gh

gS dh mudh jkg ds jkMk muds vi us gh ykx gS dHkh [kkunku dh [kfrj dHkh Lo LokFkZ dh i whz grqefgykvka dks cfycnh ij p<kuk vkt Hkh tkjh gA ¼14½ i jUrqbl dk ; g vFkZ dnf i ; g ugha yxk; k tkuk pkfg, dh efgyk; ka ds fy, ifjokj uked l æFkk l s tMæuk gh mudh çxfr dk ck/kd gSA fons kka ea ukjh mPp f' k{kk çktr dj eä ftUnxh thrh gS fj' rscuk uke ds gksrs gS l ækks dh dFM; ka bruh detkj dh rfud Hkh cnkz r dh {kerk ugh vksj i fr i Ruh dk rykd dc gks tk; s dgk ugha tk l drkA i jUrq l p rks ; g gS dh ge Hkkrh; Hkh bl çdkj ds thou; ki u dks efgyk l 'kädj.k eku yrs gS vksj i k' pkr; ns kka ds infpUgka ij pyusyxrsgS ij ; g Hkoy tkrs gS dh gekjs ns k ea efgykvka dk bruk xks'o' kkyh bfrgkl jgk gA Hkkrh; ukjh dh l gu' khyrk dh fel ky l hrk , oa l kfo=h gS 'kä dh fel ky nqkz rks oDpkrq r k , oa í <rk ea æks nh dh fel ky i js fo'o ea vl; = ugha gA ¼15½

ukjh dks pkjnhokjh ea fl fer djus ds fy; } L=h vksj i # "k ds dk; Z foHktuks dks vkUrfd vksj okä LFkyka ds: i ea foHkä fd; k x; k ft l ds vxzr ?kj ds l Hkh dk; Zo cPpksdk ykyu&i kyu dk nkf; Ro ukjh ds l kFk tkM+fn; k x; kA bl foHkädj.k ds nks Li "V çHko mHkj dj vk; s çFke & l Ükk o 'kä çkflr l sukjh oäpr jgh D; kfd l Ükkj i n]vol j vksj 'kä ?kj ds ckgj fo | eku gA nñ jh vksj & i kfjokfd i f jf/k us ukjh ds l 'tukRed i {k dks Hkh detkj fd; k D; kfd l 'tukRedrk ds fy; s l kozt fud o [kys LFkkuka dk vutko o vUr%Ø; k vko'; d gA

oLr% ukjh l 'kädj.k dk ç'u]gekjh -f"V ea]ewy : i l s efgykvks ds ykd r k fl = d

vf/kdkjka , oa muds ekuokf/kdkjka dk ç' u gS]vrjk"Vh; Lrj ij 1945 I sçkj Hk ekuokf/kdkj , oaefgyk vknksyuka usfyax HkriHkko , oa vl ekurk ds ç' uka dks vlrjk"Vh; , oa jk"Vh; epks ij LFkfr r fd; ka bl çfØ; k ea l a çä jk"V^a pkV] ds vfrfjä]1946 eaefgyk çfLFkfr ds v/; ; u ds fy; s xBr I febr]1966 ea l keku oru çfronu]1975 ea vlrjk"Vh; efgyk o"kz , oa efgykvks ds l keku vf/kdkj]fodkl , oa 'kkär dsmís; ka dk l dYi]1979 ea yfxd fgä k dks efgyk xfjek dk guu]1975 ea efgyk fodkl ds fy; s Hkfo"; e[kh uhfr; ka ij fopkj]1995 ea efgyk vf/kdkjka dks ekuokf/kdkjka ds : i ea Lohdkj fd; s tkus dk vkokgu , oa rRi 'pkr efgyk vf/kdkjka , oaml ds guu dh vud Lrjka ij l eh{kk ds fujarj ç; kl ½ dN l rgh dN xHkhj ½ fd; s x, A/16½

Hkkr ljdkj }kjk l u 2001 dks efgyk I 'kfädj.k o"kz ds : i ea ekukus dk fu.kz fd; k x; k FkA bl l sbl fo'kSk o"kz ea nsk ea efgykvka dks l keftd] vkfFkd] jktufrd : i l s vf/kd l 'kä cukus muds fy; s pykbz tk jgh dY; k. kdkjh ; kst ukvka vksj dk; Zlekz dks ubZxfr çnku djuš muds çfr c<+jgsnpz ogkj vksj fgä k dh ?kVukvka ea deh ykus efgyk vf/kdkjka vksj ukjh 'kfä ds l Ecl/k ea mues tkx: drk vksj pruk fodfl r djus t\$ s egroi wkz vud mís; ka dh i rihz grq l kFkd ç; kl fd; s tkus dh ?kSk.kk; s dh x; h| efgyk I 'kfädj.k o"kz ea clæ ljdkj }kjk nsk ea igyh çj , d befyk mRFkku uhfr pviukbz x; hA 2001 ea gh fookg l äkksku vf/kfu; e 2001]vij/k nM çfØ; k l fgrk l äkksku vf/kfu; e]2001 Hkkrh; mükj kf/kdkj l äkksku

vf/kfu; e]2002 ?kjsyq fgä k l s efgykvks dk l j {k.k vf/kfu; e]2005 fglnw mükj kf/kdkj l äkksku vf/kfu; e vkfn Hkh i kl fd; s x, Hkwr gr; k jkdus grq bçl o i wz i fj {k.k rdudh vf/kfu; e 1984B l s Qojh 2003 ea l äkks/kr dj ds bl ds çHkko h fØ; kUo; u grqfo'kSk ç; kl Hkh fd; s x, gA/17½

orëku ea'kk l u }kjk çR; d oxZ ds dY; k. k ds fy; s vud ; kst uk; s l pkyr dh tk jgh gA efgykvks dks l 'kä cukus ds fy; s müga fodkl dh e[; /kkjk l s tkM/uk vko'; d gA ; | fi ljdkj usefgykvks dh n'kk l çkkj us grq foHkku i po"khz ; kst ukvks ea vud ç; kl fd; s rFk vud dk; Zlekä dk fØ; kUo; u Hkh fd; k] i jUrqfQj Hkh efgykvka dh n'kk eafo'kSk l çkkj ugha vk; k gS A l jdkjh ç; kl rFk ; kst uk; a mfpr fØ; kUo; ulf'k{kk , oa tkx: drk ds vHkko ds dkj.k vi us mís; çklr djus ea vl Qy jgh gS | orëku nkš efgyk I 'kfädj.k dk nkš gS ljdkj efgyk I 'kfädj.k ds fy; s vud ç; kl dj jgh gA pl 'kfädj.kB 'kCn Hkkrh; vFk; oLFk ea ukö; ; kst uk ds nkš ku vk; kA 1/18½

efgyk I 'kfädj.k dk vFkz gS efgykvka dks 'kfä l ä lu cukus vFkz fdl h dk; Z dks djus dk ; k jkdus dh {kerk dks fodfl r djukA efgykvka dh l ekt ea fLFkfr D; k gS mudh f'k{kk dk Lrj D; k gS jktufrd dk; ka ea fu.kz yas ea mudh gS l ; r D; k gS D; k efgyk; s Hk; epä gS \ vkfn ç' u ds mükj dks utjant dj ge ; jk h; nsk ds uD'ks dne ij py dj tkus vutkus muds gh t\$ sefgyk I 'kfädj.k dh ekax dj jgs gA vkt rd ; g ekuk tkrk jgk gS dh i ç" k vktkn jgs gS, oa ukjh ds pkjks

100 lefgyk I 'kfädj.k ds ek; us-----

vlj vkfKZd I kekftd I kl—frd rkuk cuk
I fn; ka l s, I k cak x; k ft I esukjhdk Lo; adk
vflRro ux.; fn [kkbz nrk gA¼19½

efgykvka ea {kerk vlj mtiz dh deh ugha
gš cl vko'; drk gS I gh vol j dhA çkRl kgu
, oaelxh' kü dh vko'; drk gS I kfk gh vko'; drk
gS efgykvka dks f'kf{kr djus dh tš & tš s
efgyk, af'kf{kr gkxh] osviusvf/kdkjka ds çfr
tkx: d gkxhA f'kfk muds vkRefo'okl o
dk; Zdqyrk dks c<k, xh LFkkuh; fudk; ka ea
efgykvka dh Hkkxhnhkj fuf'pr gh muds Hkkoh
jktušrd thou dk çkjHkd pj.k fl) gkxh]
bl vuHko ds vk/kkj ij os Hkfo"; ea nš k ds
uhfrxr Qš yka ea viuh Hkkxhnhkj I fuf'pr
dj I dsxhA ½20½

vkt dy if'pe I s vk; kfr vlj Hkh dñ
u; h vo/kkj .kk; a vk; h gS tš s pfyo VqñjB
½21½ , oa vLkfbz fookgA bl çdkj dh
ifjflfkr; ka ea L=h I ekt ea viuh dš s , oa

D; k igpku cuk; s; g , d pufšh gSAvLkfbz
fookg vfkRr tš sukjh dksçtkj I s [kjh dj
fookg dj fy; k x; k gks A rri'pkr fookg
I Qy uk gks ij R; kxh x; h ukjh dk thou
fdruk d"Vnk; d gksx bl dh I gt dYiuk
dh tk I drh gSA if'pe I s vk; h vPnh ckrka
dks gea t: j xg.k djuk pkfg, ijUrqefgyk
I 'kfädj.k ds uke ij ogka dh vnk udy
djuk vlj dms-dksrkt I e> dj I tk ysuk
; g Hkkjrh; ifjok , oa Hkkjrh; efgykvka dh
vktkh dk xyr vkt dy gksx Avkšrka dh
vkt i#kka dh fujçdkrk ds f[kykQ gksuk
pkfg, ; g ugha fd efgyk; s Hkh fujçdk gkxh
rHkh ckr cuxh A; fn i#k ya Vrk djrk gšrks
ml dh I jsvke fi Vkbz dh ckr ; fn ge vlj rs
djrs gšrc ml h yEi Vrk dksefgykvka ds fy,
I gh D; ka eku ysuk pkfg, A Hkkjrh; I kl—fr
dksekr'kfä ds: i ea i nts tkus dh tks i j ä j k
jgh gšml dk fuožu rHkh I Hko gštc L=h , oa
i#k , d nd js ds I kfk e; kZnr vkpj.k djA

I Unkz %

- 1 fl g] oh , u]tlest; fl g] jBdchl oha I nh ea ukjh ; FkfkZ o~Lolu Jukjhokn 2012 i "B 228
- 2 ogh] i "B 397
- 3 ogh] i "B 149]
- 4 ogh] i "B 144]
- 5 xMojJM, jkt dçkj] ukjh fpru u; h pufšr; kj 2010 dku i g] i "B 41
- 6 i rny] fuežkj] tuer]fl rEçj 2003] i Vuk]i "B55
- 7 di j] i q] k] Hkkjrh; I kl—fr ea ukjh 'kfä vlj vk/kfud ifj—';]2012 jhok] i "B 434
- 8 ekgs oj h] j yk] ukjh ç'u]jk/kk—".k 2011] ubz fnYyh] i "B 68
- 9 dkjkr] onk]Hkkjrh; ukjh I žk"iz vlj e]ä]2005] i "B 50
- 10 fl g] oh , u]tlest; fl g] vk/kfudrk , oa ukjh I 'kfädj.k] 2012] i "B 6
- 11 fl g] oh , u]tlest; fl g] ukjhokn]t; i g]2012] i "B 144
- 12 fl lqk] eny] k] ek= ng ugha gš vlj r]ubz fnYyh 2009] i "B 6
- 13 'kek] {kek]ejh etiz dk vfrokn] nšud tkxj.k 4 vçšy 2015

- 14 fl @j] i qhrk]gekjh ef' dya]: ik; u]vej mtkyk]ekpZ2011
- 15 vk;] vydk] I ks I ky dh vk/kh v/kjh rLohj]jk"Vh; I gkj 8 ekpZ2011
- 16 fl @j] oh , u]tlest; fl @j] ukjhokn]t; i]j]2012] i "B 397
- 17 'kek] M, jesk plæ]efgyk I 'kfädj.k I øskkfud rFkk dkumh vf/kdlj] 2010] i "B 155
- 18 fl lqk] ulfyek] vkt dy] Qjoj 2001] i "B 7
- 19 jktfd'kk]L=h & i jã jk vk] vk/kkfudrk] i Vuk 2010] i "B151
- 20 plq]ku]vt; fl @j]L=h vfLerk dsç'u vrhr I sorëku rd] 2010] jhok] i "B
- 21 fl @j] oh , u]tlest; fl @j] ukjhokn]t; i]j] 2012] i "B 227



1920&30 ds n'kd ea xkalkoknh vkansyu Loraerk I æte , oa I rukeh I eqk;

*MKW fnušk dękj ik.Mş

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*bl 'kksk i = ea o. kksed 'ksyh vks foLrkj dh txg vfojy Hkkjrh; Lrj ij vuđ tpr tkr; ka dh Hkkxhnhkj] ek=k vks idfr ryk'kus dh dks'k'k dh xbz gA "kkskkFhz dk iz kl I rukeh vkansyu dh Hkkxhnhkj ds dkj. ka dks ryk'kuk jgk gA mu dkj. ka dks Hkh ryk'kus dh dks'k'k dh x; h gSfd ns'k ds vll; fgLI ka dh rjg ; gka Hkh I dh. k-k vks vyxkooknh iDr rFkk xkalkoknh dk /kj fojksk D; ka ugha i uik *

fcykl ij ftysdseqsyh rgl hy eajk"Vh; vkansyu vks txj.k dk Js iMr jkexki ky frokj] nonRr HkVV] dlgs k yky Lo.kk] dkyhpj.k 'kpyk] xuir yky os; vks xtk/kj I ko dks gA¹

Jh xtk/kj I ko] fir k Jh jkepln] tle 1869 us vius æte nojh ea pj [kk I æk dh LFkki uk 1924 eadh FkA 1930 rd bl pj [kk I æk dk foLrkj rgl hy ds vll; fgLI ka ea gks pdk FkA² bl rgl hy ea ued vkansyu dk i kjEHk djusdsfy, nonRr HkVV dk euks; u Lo; a egkRek xkalkh us fd; k FkA³

vkansyu ds fnuka ea /kj uk ds fy; s fon's kh 'kjc dh nptku ds I keus >ki Mh Mky yh xbz FkA ; gka I s vkansyu dk I pkyu fd; k tkrk FkA dk; De dk i æ [k fgLI k /kj uk nsuk vks ukjk yxkuk FkA bl vkansyu ds vxzr 32

I rukeh; ka dks dkj kokl dk n.M fn; k x; kA⁴ eqsyh rgl hy] dka d dk vfr I fØ; {ks-A bl vkansyu ds nks ku 1930 I s 1933 ds chp fcykl ij ftysea 78 0; fDr fxj rkj fd; sx; s FkA⁵ 78 Loraerk I sudkaeal s32 I sud I rukeh oxz I s Fks vks og Hkh fl Qz eqsyh ds vHkh rks ; g I Hkkouk 'kksk gS fd eqsyh ds ckgy Hkh I rukeh oxz I s yks vkansyu ea 'kfe y gq gka bl rjg Li"V gks I drk gSfd fcykl ij ftyseanfyr vks vkfnokl h oxz ij gh Loraerk I æte rFkk xkalkh ds gfjtu vkansyu dk nkf; Ro FkA fcykl ij ftysdsvuđ tpr tkr; ka ds chp I dh. k-koknh Lo: lk ds vkansyu tM+ ugha tek I ds FkA

enkl ea xj ckge.k vkansyu dh , d okgd tflVI i kVh [kys vke I kekT; okn ds i {k ea Fkh rFkk bl us 1920 ds n'kd ea ml i ka ea

* I gk-ik; ki d bfrgkl ½ 'kkI - ' ; kek id kn eqkthz egko I hrki j ftyk & I jxqtk NOx0

f}&'kkl u ; k Mkbz/kdHz dls I Qy cuk; k FkA⁶
 egkj k"V^a ea HkLdj jko tk/ko dh xj cge.k
 i kVhZ dkacl dh dVVj 'k=q Fkh vlsj bl dk
 vkjki Fk fd ^dkacil cge.kka dh egRokdkkva
 dks <adusdk eq kks/k gs⁷ ; g vkjki , d k Fk
 ftl si tV djuseafrydoknh fopkj/kkj ds dN
 , d i {k rFk dk; ZrkZ l gk; d fl) gg gkaA
 ; | fi fryd Lo; a l adh. kZ ugha FkA

egkj k"V^a ds l R; 'kkskd l ekt ds ipkj ea os
 xhr Hkh xkrs FkZ tksjke }kj k vNq ckyd 'kacil
 dh gR; k ij 'kksd i zV djrs FkA T; ksrck Qny s
 us 1869 eaf'kokth dks ""knpz jktk"" ds : lk ea
 fpf=r djrs gq , d xkFk dkO; fy [kk Fk] vlsj
 ml ds ckn l s xj cge.kka us f'kokth dh , d
 vyx Nfo cuk yh tks fryd ; k jkukMs }kj k
 i LrR Nfo l s , dne vyx FkA⁸

l R; 'kkskd l ekt ea , d i dRr rks ^tflVI
 i kVhZ okyh Fkh fd vi usoxkavlsj ykxkadsfy,
 jktusrd vuqg i ltr fd; k tk,] i jUrq xsy
 vknsRr ds vuq kj , d vU; vf/kd tukleq [k
 rFk t-pk: i dRr Hkh Fkh] tkscgqtu l ekt dh
 vlsj l s ^kV th & HkV th' %cge.k & i j k s r k a f d U r q
 l k F k g h l k e l u ; O; k i k f j ; k a , o a / k u h y k s k k z d s
 fo:) i p k j d j r h F k h A e p l q j k o i k V h y d s
 usRo eabl l ekt us fonHk & ukxi j ds {ks= ea
 egRoi wiz vkansyu cuk fy; k Fk rFk bl Lrj
 ij bl dk i e q k Lrj r k R d k y h u l e k t e a
 t k f r x r n e u v l s j ' k k s k . k d s f o j k s k d k F k j m l h
 O; o L F k e a A p h g s l ; r i k u s d s f y , l a d f r d j . k
 dk ugha FkA⁹ egkj k"V^a ea egkj k s d k v k n s y u
 mudh fcjknjh ds igys Lukrd MKW Hkhejko
 vEcMdj dsurRo ea i joku p<kA mudh ekacka
 ea vyx i frfuf/rRo] rkykcka dk mi ; kx , oa
 eanjk ea i osk dk vf/kdkj rFk ^egkj oru*

vegjkja }kj k xkoka ds eq [k; ka ds ?kj fd; s tkus
 okyk l ok dk; Z¹⁰ dh l ekflr l fefyr FkA
 1927 ea i Fke egkj l Eesy gkusrd vEcMdj
 ds dN vuq k; h ^eu & Lefr* dks tykdj
 ifrd : i ea vi uk l ?k'kz n'k k z s y x s FkA

enkl ea i sj; j bz oh jkekLokh uk; dj] us
 tks vl g; kx vkansyu ea l fO; jg os dkacl
 l svyx gksx, vlsj ^tflVI i kVhZ ds vflktuokn
 dk ykdfiz vlsj t-pk: fodYi fodfl r fd; kA
 ml gkaus 1925 ea ^vkr l Eeku vkansyu** i kj k
 fd; k tks cge.k i j k s r k a d s f c u k f o o k g d j o k u s
 l s v k j k d j r s g q e a n j k a e a c y k r i o s k v l s j
 ^eu & Lefr* dks tyusrd vlsj dHkh dHkh Li"V
 ukflrd r d Hkh i g p k A¹¹

vl g; kx vkansyu dh oki l h ds mijUr
 Nq/kNir dk fojksk djus ds fy, dkfdukMk
 l Eesy ds mijkar djy i osk dkacl des/h us
 cM& i okus ij ipkj dk; Z i kj k fd; k rFk
 =koudkj ds, d xk ok; dke l sbl vkansyu
 dh 'kq vkr g p A 30 ekpZ 1924 dks l R; kxfg; ka
 dk , d t y l ok; dke dseanj ea i osk djus
 ds fy, i g p x; kA eanj ds i q k f j ; k a r F k k
 =koudkj ds j k t k u s t y l d k s j k l u s d k i q r k
 bartke fd; k g p k FkA l k s l R; kxgh fxj q r k j
 dj t y Hkst fn; s x; A n s k d s v f / k d k a k f g l l k a
 l s l R; kxfg; ka ds tRFk i g p u s y x A i a t k c l s
 Hkh vdkyh tRFk vk; k FkA i sj; kj usenjs l s
 , d tRFk dk usRo fd; k vlsj ; s Hkh t y Hkst s
 x, A vxLr 1924 ea =koudkj ds egkj k t k dh
 ekf ds ckn egkj kuh us xnah l Hkkyh vlsj l k s
 l R; kxgh f j g k f d ; s x ; s i j U r q e a n j i o s k d k
 gd ugha fn; k x; kA

ekpZ 1925 ds djy ds njs ea xkdkh th
 fd l h Hkh eanj ea ugha x; ; D; kad vuq fir

tkfr ds ykska dk iðsk oftr FkA¹² djy ea gh xq ok; ij ds efinj ea vud fipr tkfr ds ykska ds iðsk ds fy, , d uoEcj 1931 l s vkansyu ikjtk fd; k x; kA¹³ bl vkansyu dks l Qyrk ugha feyh ijUrq rRdkfyd rkj ij =koudkj ds jtkk us 1936 ea vkn'sk dj fn; k fd l jdkj fu; a=r l Hkh efinj l Hkh fgluq/ka ds fy, [kksy fn; s tk; a bl h rjg dk vkn'sk dkaad ea=he. Myka us 1938 ea fn; A

xkalkh th NaykNur ds eqnaka dks vlur tkzh; fookg vlsj vl; , d sepnaka ds l kfk tkM/ks ds i {k ea ugha FkA D; kaid mudser l s; sphtariks [kq l o.kz fgluq l ekt vlsj vud fipr tkfr; ka ea Hkh gA xkalkh th ds vkansyu ea vud fipr tkfr; ka ds }kjk muds l ekt ea l qkkj ykxw djus dh ckr 'kkfey FkA bl ea f'k{k i l kj] l Qkb] l wj vlsj ejs gq <kj dk eka u [kkus rFk vi us gh l ekt ds Hkrj l s NaykNur dks l ekr djus dh ckr Hkh 'kkfey FkA¹⁴

l k; ka }kjk [kkfjt dh l Hkko; rk U; w gks ds d kj .k l s; g ifjdYiuk ysk cgr tkf [ke Hkj ugha gsd xkalkhoknh vkansyu dh vluroLrq vlsj ; q iorðl xq ?kkl hnl ds vkansyu dh vluroLrq dh idfr l eku FkA cfYd dñ vFkA ea fopkj vf/kd 'kq rkoknh FkA ftl l ekt ea fcgkj dh &

^vkb mpð gka h Hkj] nx Hkku dh pky Ekseu dgk u ih fy; k; fi; r rakdwykyA** ¼fcgkj l rl b½

jfl ; k uk; d rakdw i hrk gks¹⁵ ml l ekt ds chp rakdw ds l kfk gh el ij] HkVkj rjkbz¹⁶ tS h olruka dks oftr djuk mxz gh ekuk tk l drk gA xkalkhoknh vkansyu dh idfr xq ds mins kka l s esy [kkrh gA bl ds vfrfj Dr

l n jyk 'kelz }kjk pyk; sx, ; Kks ohr vkansyu , oa vl; dk; Øeka us vud fipr tkfr¹⁷ vlsj l rukeh l ekt ds ykska dk xkalkhoknh vkansyu l sl h/ks rkj ij tkM/ksj [kk rFk muds l adh. k'koknh i Fkku qeu l s jkds j [kka

l rukeh l ekt }kjk xkalkhoknh jk"Vh; vkansyu ea fuHkbbz xbz tcjnLr Hkiedk dks rHkh i w k' % l e>k tk l drk gS tc l rukeh /kel vlsj l ekt ds mnHko ds nkj ku 0; Dr gq idfr r xr y {k. kka dks Hkh ifjn'; ea j [kk tk, A {ks= dh l eku; tkfr; ka dh l idfr l s buds l eak rukoi w k' Fks vlsj nksukagh , d nñ js dks Hkku l Red >Vds ns jgs FkA l rukfe; ka us tle k"Veh ds vol j ij eVds l sfxjusokysng h dks i l kn ds : lk ea xg.k djus dh txg i s ka l s jkhu k 'kq fd; k rks fontsg Qw i Mka¹⁸ i Fk ds fu; eka ds vud kj mlga fgluq/ks dh fd l h Hkh tkfr vlsj eq yekuka ds }kjk idk; k Hkktu vlsj i kuh xg.k ugha djuk FkA¹⁹ Åph tkfr ds 0; fDr l s Hkh fcuk i frjksk 0; Dr fd; s"fi Vkbz" [kkusokyk l rukeh tkfr l s cfgLdr dj fn; k tkrk FkA²⁰ efinj ka dks l rukfe; ka }kjk dyf"kr fd; k x; k rFk fgluq/ka }kjk fxjks vlsj HkVkj ij h ij vkØe.k fd; sx; A²¹ xyfr; kankuka rjQ l sgks jgha Fkh] xq ?kkl hnl ds i e vlsj mRrjkf/kdkjh ckydnkl dh gr; k dj nh xbz FkA bl h fnu l s fgluq/ka rFk l rukfe; ka ds chp xgjh 'k= r k gks xba²² l rukfe; ka dks yMkd vlsj >xMkyw ekuk tkus yxka²³

NRrhl x<+ ea vl; tkfr; ka Hkh cge.k fojkskh idfr r okyh FkA fcUnuokx<+ {ks= ea ucyh ds fy, cge. kks adk iz kx fd; k tkrk FkA²⁴ dñ tkxh njk ijokj vius dy nork dh intk ea ij ksg rka ds : lk ea cge. kka dks

Lohdkj ugha djrs FkA /keZ iorZd l s o p k f j d l kE; mUga [khp ik; k]
 mijkdR l Hkh Hkfeifkdrkoknh vksj rak ; k nksuka ghA urhtsfu'p; kRed : lk l s vPNs
 utfj; sokys vkanksyu dsfy, vf/kd mi; Dr jgA tgkavkanksyu dks t p k: l eFkZd feysogha
 Fkh ijUrq xq ?kkl hnkI ds vuq kf; ; ka us l rukeh l ekt vkanksyu ds vk/kqfudrkvka dks
 xkdkhoknh vkanksyu ea f'kjdr dh] 'kk; n vRrel kr dj l dk vksj e/; dkyhu djghfr; ka
 xkdkhoknh fopkj/kkj dh l jyrk mUgaHkk xb] ; k dsfo:) pruk fodfl r dj l dka

I mHkZ

- 1- MKW v'kkcd 'kqy & NRrhl x<+dk jktufrd bfrgkl] ; qcksk izdk'kuA
- 2- fcykl ij ftysdsLorark l sud 1997A
- 3- MKW v'kkcd 'kqy] NRrhl x<+dk jktufrd bfrgkl] ; qcksk izdk'ku&i"B 64A
- 4- ogh i"B 64
- 5- fcykl ij ftysdsLorark l sud 1997A
- 6- l fer l jdkj & vk/kqfud Hkkjr] jktdey 1933] i"B 280
- 7- ogh i"B 280
- 8- ogh & i"B1 93&94
- 9- ogh & i"B 192
- 10- ogh & i"B 281
- 11- ogh & i"B 281
- 12- foiu pnz & Hkkjr dk Lorark l ak"q fnYyh] 1993] i"B 202
- 13- ogh & i"B 203
- 14- ogh & i"B 237
- 15- gfj'plnz oekZ & e/; dkyhu Hkkjr] fnYyh] 1993] i"B 572
- 16- j l y , .M ghjkyky ds VrbCl -----* dk vutpr vak ghjkyky 'kqy
 jfpr "xq ?kkl hnkI ** Hkks ky] 1995 i"B 201
- 17- irki Bkdj & NRrhl x<+ds xkdkh l qnjyky 'kelq gki M 1994
- 18- MKW ghjkyky 'kqy] xq ?kkl hnkI & l ak"q l ello; vksj fl) kr] e/; i nsk
 fglnh xnk vdkneh] Hkks ky 1995 i"B 90
- 19- ogh & i"B 114
- 20- ogh & i"B 114
- 21- ogh & i"B 133
- 22- ogh & i"B 117
- 23- ogh & i"B 133
- 24- n fud Hkkl dj] jk; ij 24 viy 1995 i"B 05



eLrjke diij ds miU; kl foiFlxkeh ea l keftd pruk

*Mkw f{kr tk , l - "kwvh

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Hkkjrh; l ekt ea vudkuud dlijfr; ka: <+ijEi jk, a; qk& ; qka l s?kj djr h vk jgh g& l rh
i Fkk] cky&fookg] t kfr Hkn] Nqk Nnr] L=h f"kk fu'kd vkfn cjkz, kaHkkjr ea tkj ka ij FkhA bu
dijft; ka dks ni djus dk iz, kl vudkuud l hFlkvka, oa l ekt l qkkj dka usfd; kA Lorark ds
i "pkr fofHku l eL; kvka vkfn dks dkuu }kjk ni djus dk iz, kl fd; kA Lorark Hkkjr ea; g
vk"kk dh xbZfd iR; d oxZdk 0; fDr l q'kh vj l i lu gskka yskd eLrjke diij ds miU; kl
eavkt ds 0; fDr vj l ekt dk l ak'iz l Qyrk l svfHk; Dr gqk g& budsmiU; kl ka ea; FkkFz
cksk , oa l keftd ni"Vdks dh izkkurk g& os "kks.k] vr; kpkj] vukpkj dsfo:) FkA iLr
"kksk i= ds ek; e l s eLrjke diij ds miU; kl foiFlxkeh es fufgr l ekt d pruk dk
fo"ysk.k fd; k x; k g& miU; kl foiFlxkeh ea l ekt ds fofHku l eL; kvka t s tkfrokn]
: f<ekn] valfo"okl] ngst i Fkk] ukjh "kks.k] os; kofRr HkzVkpj] cjkst: xkj] uxjhdj.k dh
l eL; k xnh cLrh] en; m|ks rLdjh vkfn l eL; kvka ij viusmiU; kl ds ik=ka }kjk idk"k
Mkyk g& fu"d"z; g dgk tk l drk gsf d miU; kl dkj eLrjke diij th l keftd l eL; kvka
dh tks >yd l keus ykuk pkgrs Fks ml ea os l {ke jg&

ftl dk ; Fk Lokko] og dHh u gsk ni]
l kq l s D; k dks yk] gsk dHh diijAA 1
**l kfgR; l ekt dk ifrcEc g& euq; }kjk
l ekt dk fuekz k gsk g& euq; , d l keftd
i.k.kh g& l ekt ds fcuk euq;] o euq; ds
fcuk l ekt dk dksZ egro ugha g s bl fy,
euq; dks l ekt dh vkRek dgk tkrk g s A²
vjLrquscgq igysgh dgk Fk fd **euq; , d
l ekt d i.k.kh g& l ekt ds ckj og thfor

ugha jg l drkA^{**3} l qfBr euq; l eug dks
ekuo l ekt dgk tk l drk g& iR; d eku
l ekt viuh , drk vj 0; oLFk dks cuk; s
j [kus ds fy, dfri; fu; eka , oa jhfr; ka dh
l fV djrk g& l e; ds vuq kj bu fu; eka
vj jhfr; ka ea ifjorZu vko"; d gsk tkrk g&
; gh dkj.k gsf d miU; kl ea l ekt dk , d
vnHkq : i ikr gsk g& thou dsfofo/k igyy
/ke] vFk] dke vj eksk miU; kl ekuo vj

*i n& i dDrk fglh fohkx½ egkfo /ky; Vhp l Zvdkneh gluj ½&ky½

I ekt thou dsbu igy⁴ka dk fp=.k I ⁴er
vls fo'kn o.ku ds I kfk djrk g⁴

Hkkjrh; I ekt ea vudkud dijfr; ka : <+
ijEijk, a ; ⁴ka; ⁴ka l s ?kj djrh vk jgh g⁴
l rh i Fkk] cky&fookg] tfr Hkn] Nqk Nw] L=h
f"kk fu'ksk vkfn cjkz; kaHkkjr ea tkj ka ij FkA
bu dijfr; ka dksnj djusdk iz; kl vudkud
l Fkkvka , oa I ekt I dkkj dka us fd; ka buea
ie[k cEg I ekt] vk; ZI ekt o fFk; kl kQdy
I kl k; Vh vkfn dsvknsyu rFk Lokeh jked".k
ijega] Lokeh foodkuan vls Jh vjfon dk
onkar n"ku rFk xalkh th dk vukl Dr deZ
; kx dk fl) karA

vaxst h f"kk ds ipkj id kj I sn'sk dsegku
fopkj dka us igkus I dkkj vdkfo"okl ka dk
fojksk fd; k ftl I s I eLr ns'k ea I keftd
I ka dfrd pruk dh ygj nkm+xbA Hkkjrh; ka
dh fopkj /kkj ea uohurk vk; hA Lora-rk ds
i"pkr fofHku I eL; kvka vkfn dks dkuw }kjk
djus dk iz; kl fd; ka Lora- Hkkjr ea ; g
vk"kk dh xbZ fd iR; d oxZ dk 0; fDr I dkh
vls I a lu gkska

y[kd elrjke dij ds mil; kl ea vkt ds
0; fDr vls I ekt dk I ak'kz I Qyrk I svfHk; Dr
g⁴ka budh jpukvka ea "kgjh thou dh
fol xfr; ka ds I kfk] dgh&dgha xkE; thou dh
vl xfr; ka vls muds varfoj kskh dh , d I kfk
vfHk; fDr feyrh g⁴ mlghaus "kks'kr] i hM-
xkeh.k dh varonuk] Hk[k vHko] rakh] vf"kk
vkfn dks feVkdj mlga thou fodkl ds exZ
dks fn[kkus dk I cy iz; kl fd; k g⁴ buds
mil; kl ka ea ; FkkFkz csk , oa I keftd nfV

dksk dk i zkkurk g⁴ os "kksk.k] vR; kpkj] vukpkj
ds fo:) FkA mi U; kl dkj us vi us mi U; kl ka
dk fo'k; I ekt dse⁴fkcd papk gSvls mlghaus
ml I e; I ekt ea pyus okys : f<+ ka rFk
vud i Fkkvka dk fp=.k cMh iekf.kdrk I s
n"kkus dh dks"kk dh g⁴

y[kd ifjp; % y[kd elrjke dij th dk
tle fgekpy ins'k ds dkaMk ftysds I kaMk
xka ea 1926 dks g⁴ka vi us , e-, - dh f"kk
i uk fo"ofok|ky; I s rFk I jnkj i vsy
fo"ofok|ky; xqjkr I s cky&l kfgR; es a h-
, p-Mh- dhA 1951 I s vki us y[ku dk dk; Z
i kjkk fd; ka fglnh I kfgR; dh I Hkh fo/kk ea
vki us vi uh y[kuh pykba dij th th us dy
feykdj I k I s Hkh vf/kd i qrd a fy[kh g⁴
buds I kfgR; ea ekDI Z okn dk i Hko fn[kkbz
nrk g⁴ dij th ds mil; kl ka us I ekt dh
Toyar I eL; kvka , oa euq; dh fodr
ekufI drkva I s I ekt dks voxr dj; k g⁴
I u-2013 dks budk ngkol ku gks x; ka

dFkkud% elrjke dij th dk mil; kl
foi Fkxkeh , d i <+fy[ks , e-, - ikl ; pd dh
g⁴ bl ea ijk dFkkud eq; ik= ds bn&fxnz
fy[kk x; k g⁴ tks I ekt ea 0; klr HkzVkpj dh
=kl nh dks Hksrk gSvls ekuork dk ifjp;
nrsqg vutku ckscki o csh dks ckEcs tS s
"kgj ea "kj .k nrk g⁴ ml cks+0; fDr ds vka[kka
ds vki s'ku ds fy; s tc og : i ; s ugha tkM+
i krk rc og I Ppkbz dk jklrk Nkmelj vij/k
txr es a d'sk djrk g⁴ var ea ifyl dks
I Ppkbz crkdj og vij/k dh jkg I sckgj vk
tkrk g⁴

fglunh l kfgR; ea dbz ub&ubz fo/kl, avk jgh
 g& l Hkh dk viuk egRo g& yfdu l kfgR; dkj
 dk nkf; Ro gS fd og l ekt ds ifr l tx
 jgdj l R; ds i {k dks mtlxj dj& vi pkj u
 dja vls u gh xyr ckrka dk [kydj in"ku
 dj& l kfgR; rks l R; af"koel nje gksuk pfg, A
 fglunh mil; kl dkjka ea elrjke dij dk LFku
 egRo i wkz g& y[kd vi us; q dh fofo/k l eL; kvka
 ds ifr Hkh i wkz% tkr F& y[kd vi us mi U; kl
 foi Fkxkeh ea l ekt ds fofo Hku l el L; kvka ts s
 tkfrok] : f<okn] valfo"okl] ngst i Fkk] ukjh
 "kksk. k] os"; koFRr] HkzVkpj] cjkst xkj] uxjhdj .k
 dh l eL; k xnh clrh] en; m|kx rLdjh
 vkfn l eL; kvka ij vi us mi U; kl ds ik=ka }kjk
 i dkk" k Mkyk g&
tkfrok% Hkkjrh; l ekt dh vucl l eL; kvka
 ea l okz/kd tVvy l eL; k tkfr vls o.kz0; oLFk
 g& mil; kl ds ik= dks tc ifyl idM+ysh
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 og dgrk g& **e&tkurk g&fd vki ejs vij/
 k dks ejs tle l } ekrk fir k l st kM&ej l M&
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txr eadne j [krk gA tgg og u"ksdk vknh
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vkfFkd etc f j; kacM&cMka dks rkaM+nrh gA¹⁰

HkzVkp kj & ; g , d , d h l eL; k gA ftl dk
i Hkko vkt l ekt fd i R; d oxZ vls i R; d
0; fDr }kjk vutko fd; k tk jgk gA Hkjr ea
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dks n[k dke /ky/ k gh ekurs gA¹¹

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ugh a cYd ml l ekt dh Nfo dks ml dh
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vka [ks emdj ugha cB l drs Fk§ ml gk[us Hkjr h;
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fd; k gS vls ml ea l {ke Hkh jgA
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miU; kl dkj eLrjke dij th l keftd
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l okyka, oa l eL; kvka dk ftdz i R; {k ; k vi R; {k
: i l s y[kd usfd; k g§ ml ij xgu fpru
, oa vko"; drkuq kj ifjorZ dh vko"; drk
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l Qy 0; k[; k buds }kjk fd; k x; k gA

*n<+l dYi ugha gks tc rd rc rd ckr u cu ik; s[h]
fdrus gh Hk'k. k] l Eesyu dj yk§ l eL; k, a ogha ds ogha jg tk; s[hA*

I mH2 %

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- 9- ogh] i'B 15A
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- 11-ogh] i'B 37A

